

MRS. BENTLEY
43 PAGES

COPY OF THE ENGEL LANGUAGE
IN THE FOREIGN AID BILL

1 SEC. 868 SITUATION IN THE KOSOVO PROVINCE OF YUGOSLAVIA.

2 It is the sense of Congress that---

3 (1) ethnic Albanians living in the Republic of Serbia
4 and in other parts of Yugoslavia should not be discriminated
5 against because of their ethnicity;

6 (2) the people of the Kosovo Province including ethnic
7 Albanians, should retain their autonomous status in Yugoslavia,
8 respecting the rights of all peoples and treating them equally
9 under the law,

10 (3) the people of the Kosovo Province should be allowed to
11 hold free and fair elections for the assembly of the Kosovo
12 Province, which should be allowed to function as a
13 representative institution reflecting the will of the
14 people; and

15 (4) Albanian leaders in the Kosovo Province and other Yugoslav
16 and Serbian leaders should resolve their differences through
17 negotiations and should not, under any circumstance, resort
18 to violence or repression.

#

COPY OF FAXED LANGUAGE

Last offer to Engel

[SHE--April 22, 1991]

Province

1 SEC. 868. SITUATION IN THE KOSOVO ~~REGION~~ ^{Province} OF YUGOSLAVIA.

2 It is the sense of the Congress that--

3 (1) ethnic Albanians living in ~~the~~ ^{Province} ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~Republic~~ ~~of~~ ~~Serbia~~ ~~and~~ ~~in~~ ~~other~~ ~~parts~~ ~~of~~ ~~Yugoslavia~~ ~~should~~ ~~not~~ ~~be~~ ~~discriminated~~ ~~against~~ ~~because~~ ~~of~~ ~~their~~ ~~ethnicity~~;

Out

In

4
5
6
7 (2) the people of the Kosovo ~~region~~ ^{Province} including ethnic
8 Albanians, should retain their autonomous status in
9 Yugoslavia, respecting the rights of all peoples and
10 treating them equally under the law;

11 (3) the people of the Kosovo ~~region~~ ^{Province} should be allowed
12 to hold free and fair elections for the Assembly of the
13 Kosovo ~~region~~ ^{Province}, which should be allowed to function as a
14 representative institution reflecting the will of the
15 people; and

16 (4) Albanian leaders in the Kosovo ~~region~~ ^{Province} and other
17 Yugoslav and Serbian leaders should resolve their
18 differences through negotiations and should not, under
19 any circumstances, resort to violence or repression.

NCM015

1-5513

[EME--April 22, 1991]

1 SEC. 868. SITUATION IN THE KOSOVO REGION OF YUGOSLAVIA.

2 It is the sense of the Congress that--

3 (1) ethnic Albanians living in the Kosovo region of
4 the Republic of Serbia and in other parts of Yugoslavia
5 should not be discriminated against because of their
6 ethnicity;

7 (2) the people of the Kosovo region, including ethnic
8 Albanians, should retain their autonomous status in
9 Yugoslavia, respecting the rights of all peoples and
10 treating them equally under the law;

11 (3) the people of the Kosovo region should be allowed
12 to hold free and fair elections for the Assembly of the
13 Kosovo region, which should be allowed to function as a
14 representative institution reflecting the will of the
15 people; and

16 (4) Albanian leaders in the Kosovo region and other
17 Yugoslav and Serbian leaders should resolve their
18 differences through negotiations and should not, under
19 any circumstances, resort to violence or repression.

SUBSTITUTE FOR THE AMENDMENT OF MR. ENGEL
OFFERED BY OR HIS DESIGNEE

1 Sec. 868

2 It is the sense of Congress that---

3 (1) that the Federal Government of Yugoslavia should include all
4 ethnic groups, all republics, and all opposition parties in
5 discussions and decisions regarding the future composition of
6 Yugoslavia;

7 (2) that the Federal Government and the governments of all
republics should tolerate the rights of its people to engage
9 in open dialogue about the future composition of Yugoslavia

10 (3) that the Federal government of Yugoslavia should progress
11 in the transition from communism to the adoption of democratic
12 principles and free market economy;

13 (4) that the Federal Government should support the adoption of
14 democratic principles and a free-market economy in Yugoslavia;

15 (5) that the governments in Yugoslavia should refrain from the
16 use of force in resolving interethnic disputes; and

17 (7) that the President of the United States should announce that
18 the United States will oppose any unjustified use of force and any
19 abuse of human rights in Yugoslavia.

#

AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. ENGEL

OFFERED BY

OR HIS DESIGNEE

At line 2, strike all after "Congress", and insert the following

1 that---

2 (1) ethnic Serbians in the Republic of Croatia should not be
3 discriminated against because of their ethnicity;

4 (2) the Republic of Croatia, should provide equal protection
5 of the laws for all of its citizens, notwithstanding their
6 ethnicity;

7 (3) the Republic of Croatia should not make nor enforce any law
8 which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of its citizens,
9 nor should the Republic deprive any citizen of life, liberty,
10 or property without due process of law;

11 (4) Croatian leaders in the Republic, in concert with Yugoslav
12 and Serbian leaders, should resolve their differences through
13 negotiations and should not, under any circumstances, resort
14 to violence or repression.

#

HE ANNOUNCED LAST WEEK
THAT HE WAS GOING TO INTRODUCE
FOREIGN AID BILL
RESOLUTION



KARL RHOADS
Legislative Assistant

Congressman Elliot L. Engel
19th District
New York

(1407 Longworth HOB
Washington, DC 20515
(202) 225-2464)

SUB. COMM. ON EUROPE + MIDDLE EAST
SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING YUGOSLAVIA

(UNDER EAST EUROPEAN FOREIGN AID BILL)

NOT IN CONJUNCTION W/ DOLE / Language up in the air /
PRZO Albanian

AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. ENGEL

OFFERED BY

OR HIS DESIGNEE

At line 2, strike all after "Congress", and insert the following

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3 discriminated against because of their ethnicity;

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6 ethnicity;

7 (3) the Republic of Croatia should not make nor enforce any law
8 which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of its citizens,
9 nor should the Republic deprive any citizen of life, liberty,
10 or property without due process of law;

11 (4) Croatian leaders in the Republic, in concert with Yugoslav
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WCM015

5513

Sub. Comm ON EUROPE + MIDDLE EAST

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8 Albanians, should retain their autonomous status in
9 Yugoslavia, respecting the rights of all peoples and
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12 to hold free and fair elections for the Assembly of the
13 Kosovo region, which should be allowed to function as a
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16 (4) Albanian leaders in the Kosovo region and other
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18 differences through negotiations and should not, under
19 any circumstances, resort to violence or repression.

THIS IS ONLY A DRAFT FROM KARL RHOADS
W/ REP. ENKLE

X 52464

SCHEDULE: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1991

Driver: Blaine, 337-8608

You told me that Bobby Pomerlane's birthday is today. Where is party?

9:30 a.m. WATER RESOURCES Subcommittee
2167 RHOB

10:00 a.m. Human Rights Caucus Briefing on Syria
2247 RHOB

11:00 a.m. Muriel Dobbin, (202) 662-8803

12:00 p.m. GOP Task Force on Competitiveness "Great
1:00 p.m. American Trade Debate"
Guests: Bernard Aronson & Clyde Prestowitz
Capitol Hill Club, 484-4590

12:30 p.m. Staff meeting

1:45 p.m. Jim McKenna, 377-1827

2:00 p.m. HOUSE MEETS

2:30 p.m. James Lucier (ref. by Beverly)
w/ 3 Members of the Japanese Diet
(303) 342-9008

2:45 p.m. Boone Pickens
Contact: Cathy, (202) 393-0688

3:45 p.m. Fran Tracy, BC/BS
Contact: Patti, (301) 998-5488

4:00 p.m. Briefing on the Kurds
5:00 p.m. 2118 RHOB

4:30 p.m. Alan Keyes, (202) 467-5312

6:00 p.m. HDB PAC Reception
8:00 p.m. American Trucking Association, 544-6245

7:00 p.m. Propeller Club Dinner
Capitol Hilton, (202) 393-1000
16th & K Streets, NW
Contact: Bob Behles, (301) 321-8063

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

8:00 a.m. BEV Breakfast - National Science Week
216 Hart

12:00 p.m. LORI Girl Scouts Distinguished Woman Lunch
Towson Sheraton

6:30 p.m. Johns Hopkins Institute for Policy Studies
Dundalk Marine Terminal

COPY

March 27, 1991

Dear Mr. President,

I have been following recent developments in Yugoslavia with concern. In these difficult days, let me express once again my admiration for your courageous program of political and economic reforms for the benefit of all of the people of Yugoslavia. I am confident that the international community will provide further concrete support to Yugoslavia as it makes progress in these reforms.

As you have stated and as the Yugoslav Federal Executive Council and the Yugoslav presidency have made clear, the political, economic and nationality problems of Yugoslavia can only be resolved through democracy, reform, and the peaceful settlement of disputes. The United States would be strongly opposed to any use of force or intimidation to block democratic change or impose a non-democratic system in Yugoslavia.

It should be absolutely clear that the United States does not and will not favor any particular national or ethnic group in Yugoslavia. At the same time, we want to see differences among nationalities resolved within the framework of a single, democratic Yugoslavia and will not encourage or reward those who would break the country apart.

Europe has experienced breathtaking change over the past few years. Military confrontation has receded. Freedom, democracy and respect for human dignity have spread. A cold war has given way to an era of negotiation, cooperation and trust. It would be a tragedy if Yugoslavia failed to grasp the possibilities of this moment in history to establish a new basis for democratic unity, and to join in the development of a Europe whole and free.

It is my most sincere wish that we can preserve the close and mutually beneficial relationship which has long existed between our two countries.

Sincerely,

George Bush

PRESS RELEASE

P. 35/91

CORRIGENDUM**DECLARATION ON YUGOSLAVIA**

(Informal Ministerial Meeting,
Château de Senningen, 26 March 1991)

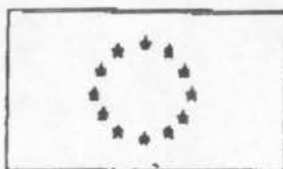
The Community and its member States follow with the greatest concern the situation in Yugoslavia. They encourage the efforts underway to resolve the constitutional crisis in the country by way of dialogue and appeal to all parties concerned to refrain from the use of force and to respect fully human rights and democratic principles in conformity with the Charter of Paris on the new Europe.

The Community and its member States, recalling their previous declarations, are convinced that the process of moving Yugoslav society in the direction of democratic reforms satisfactory to all Yugoslavia should be based on the results of a political dialogue between all parties concerned. Such a process will enable the full development of the cooperation which already exists between the Community and the Federal authorities. In the view of the Twelve, a united and democratic Yugoslavia stands the best chance to integrate itself in the new Europe.

DELEGATION OF THE COMMISSION
OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

WASHINGTON DC

Press and Public Affairs



FAX COVER SHEET

This fax is ...1... Pages plus this cover sheet

To: Mr. Mike Magan, Office of Congresswoman Bentley
FAX (202)225-4251

From: Melinda Bills
Public Affairs *mb*

Date: April 24, 1991

Comments:

Attached please find the EC's European Political Cooperation statement on Yugoslavia. This is the only such statement we have around the time of the April 8, 1991 BBC report you mentioned.

Other news on EC-Yugoslavia at this time concerned the April 3 initialing of the 3rd Financial Protocol between the EC and Yugoslavia and the March 25 initialing of a transit agreement between the EC and Yugoslavia.

ANDREAS VAN AGT

If you do not receive all the pages
please call (202)862-9573 quoting ref.nr:.....*3109*

FROM:

ATTENTION

EEQ NEMANJA XN1 0009 09/04/91

LINES : T=24 P=23

0020

■ LUXEMBOURG COPY ■
BY ■ CLIFFORD SMITH ■
FN TEL CALL 2345

(BBC)

■ SUMMIT/YUGOSLAVIA ■
N.63

Apart from the Middle East, Yugoslavia was the main subject of the European Community summit, being discussed both among the twelve heads of state and government and also at the Foreign Ministers' dinner. The host Prime Minister, Jacques Santer of Luxembourg, told his closing news conference that the summit was sending a clear signal to Yugoslavia that it could look forward to association with the European Community only on the basis of maintaining its own unity and territorial integrity - in particular that leaders of the Twelve saw no reason for anyone to raise the sensitive issue of frontiers or to call existing frontiers into question. The Luxembourg Foreign Minister, Jacques Poos, put it a different way. He said the message of the European Community, already delivered in Belgrade during a recent visit, was that the Community's aim is a Yugoslavia that is both united and democratic, where the constitutional dialogue went on without violence of any kind. We will, he added, give no signal in favour of the disintegration of Yugoslavia. The BBC correspondent on EC Affairs reports from Luxembourg that other international issues were crowded completely off the summit agenda by its concentration on the Middle East. That Yugoslavia was nevertheless given such exceptional treatment is a measure of the anxiety which the Twelve feel about the deteriorating relations among the Yugoslav republics, especially Serbia and Croatia, and the ensuing danger of instability in the whole Balkan peninsula.

EDWARD F. FEIGHAN
19TH DISTRICT, OHIO
MEMBER
COMMITTEE ON
FOREIGN AFFAIRS
COMMITTEE ON
THE JUDICIARY



1124 LINCOLN BLDG
WASHINGTON, DC 20515
202-226-6731
2001 FEDERAL OFFICE BUILDING
1240 EAST NINTH STREET
CLEVELAND, OH 44199
216-522-6282

FAX #s: (202)226-1230
(216)522-7161

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

TELECOPIER COVER SHEET

TO: Mike

FROM: Ben

DATE: _____

54251

Telecopy consists of this page and 3 following pages.
If there are any problems, please contact _____
at (202)225-5731.

WUEN - SUARE

Mike

5-8-91

Bryan Eytcheson

219-356-6000

X120

Please call

Ben

521

1 audit conducted by the United States Government
2 with respect to those funds;

3 “(3) a listing of all institutions receiving pay-
4 ments under this title whose administrative expenses
5 that were covered by such payments represented
6 more than 10 percent of the amount of those pay-
7 ments, with an explanation for each such institution
8 of why its administrative expenses exceeded 10 per-
9 cent of the amount of those payments; and

10 “(4) such recommendations as the Advisory
11 Committee deems advisable.”.

12 **SEC. 885. UNITED STATES POLICY TOWARD YUGOSLAVIA.**

13 It is the sense of the Congress that—

14 (1) the United States supports the territorial
15 integrity of Yugoslavia as a common state of consti-
16 tuent republics;

17 (2) the United States recognizes the Federal
18 Government as the legitimate government of Yugo-
19 slavia;

20 (3) the people of Yugoslavia should resolve
21 questions about the future composition of Yugoslavia
22 through reform, democracy, and negotiation, and not
23 by the use of force by any republic, by the Federal
24 Government, or by any opposition group;

1 (4) all ethnic groups, all republics, and all oppo-
2 sition parties should be included in discussions and
3 decisions regarding the future composition of Yugo-
4 slavia;

5 (5) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and
6 the governments of all republics should tolerate the
7 rights of their people to engage in open dialogue
8 about the future composition of Yugoslavia;

9 (6) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and
10 the governments of all the republics should progress
11 in the transition from communism to the adoption of
12 democratic principles and a free market economy;

13 (7) democratic principles and a free-market
14 economy in Yugoslavia should be supported;

15 (8) the recent use of force in Yugoslavia should
16 be condemned;

17 (9) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and
18 the governments of all the republics should refrain
19 from the use of force in resolving interethnic dis-
20 putes;

21 (10) the republics of Yugoslavia should preserve
22 the political and social rights, as well as the linguis-
23 tic and cultural autonomy, of all minority popula-
24 tions living within their borders; and

1 (11) the President should announce that the
2 United States will oppose any unjustified use of
3 force and any abuse of human rights in Yugoslavia.

4 **SEC. 808. SITUATION IN KOSOVO PROVINCE OF YUGO-**
5 **SLAVIA.**

6 It is the sense of the Congress that—

7 (1) ethnic Albanians living in the Republic of
8 Serbia and in other parts of Yugoslavia should not
9 be discriminated against because of their ethnicity;

10 (2) the people of Kosovo province, including
11 ethnic Albanians, should retain their autonomous
12 status in Yugoslavia, respecting the rights of all peo-
13 ples and treating them equally under the law;

14 (3) the people of Kosovo province should be al-
15 lowed to hold free and fair elections for the Assem-
16 bly of Kosovo province, which should be allowed to
17 function as a representative institution reflecting the
18 will of the people; and

19 (4) Albanian leaders in Kosovo province and
20 other Yugoslav and Serbian leaders should resolve
21 their differences through negotiations and should
22 not, under any circumstances, resort to violence or
23 repression.

Sec. _____ The Situation in Yugoslavia

It is the sense of the Congress that --

(1) the United States supports Yugoslavia as a common state of six constituent republics;

(2) the United States recognizes the Federal Government as the legitimate Government of Yugoslavia;

(3) the people of Yugoslavia should resolve questions about the future composition of Yugoslavia through reform, democracy and negotiation and not by the use of force by any republic, by the Federal Government or by any opposition group;

(4) all ethnic groups, all republics and all opposition parties should be included in discussions and decisions regarding the future composition of Yugoslavia;

(5) the Federal Government and the governments of all republics should tolerate the rights of its people to engage in open dialogue about the future composition of Yugoslavia;

(6) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments of all the republics should progress in the transition from communism to the adoption of democratic principles and a free-market economy;

(7) democratic principles and a free-market economy in Yugoslavia should be supported;

(8) the recent use of force in Yugoslavia should be condemned;

(9) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments of all the republics should refrain from the use of force in resolving inter-ethnic disputes;

(10) the republics of Yugoslavia should preserve the political and social rights as well as the linguistic and cultural autonomy of all minority populations living within their borders, including the rights of the Serbian population living in the Republic of Croatia;

(11) the President should announce that the United States will oppose any unjustified use of force and any abuse of human rights in Yugoslavia.

COPY OF THE ENGEL LANGUAGE
IN THE FOREIGN AID BILL

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11 hold free and fair elections for the assembly of the Kosovo
12 Province, which should be allowed to function as a
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14 people; and
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16 and Serbian leaders should resolve their differences through
17 negotiations and should not, under any circumstance, resort
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#

COPY OF FAXED LANGUAGE

May, 1, 1991

EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST SUBCOMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION
OFFERED BY MR. FEIGHAN

1 Sec. . UNITED STATES POLICY AND YUGOSLAVIA

2 It is the sense of Congress that--

3 1) the United States supports the territorial integrity of
4 Yugoslavia as a common state of constituent republics;

5 2) the United States recognizes the Federal Government as the
6 legitimate government of Yugoslavia;

7 3) the people of Yugoslavia should resolve questions about
8 the future composition of Yugoslavia through reform,
9 democracy and negotiation and not by the use of force by any
10 republic, by the Federal Government or by any opposition
11 group;

12 4) all ethnic groups, all republics and all opposition
13 parties should be included in discussions and decisions
14 regarding the future composition of Yugoslavia;

15 5) the Federal Government and the governments of all
16 republics should tolerate the rights of their people to
17 engage in open dialogue about the future composition of
18 Yugoslavia;

19 6) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments
20 of all the republics should progress in the transition from
21 communism to the adoption of democratic principles and a free
22 market economy;

23 7) democratic principles and a free-market economy in
24 Yugoslavia should be supported;

25 8) the recent use of force in Yugoslavia should be condemned;

26 9) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments
27 of all the republics should refrain from the use of force in
28 resolving inter-ethnic disputes;

29 10) the republics of Yugoslavia should preserve the political
30 and social rights as well as the linguistic and cultural
31 autonomy of all minority populations living within their
32 borders;

33 11) the President should announce that the United States will
34 oppose any unjustified use of force and any abuse of human
35 rights in Yugoslavia.

ENEA017

[April 29, 1991]

EUROPE AND MIDDLE EAST SUBCOMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION
PROPOSED BY MR. ENGEL

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24 Yugoslavia should be supported;

25 8) the recent use of force in Yugoslavia should be condemned;

26 9) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments
27 of all the republics should refrain from the use of force in
28 resolving inter-ethnic disputes;

29 10) the republics of Yugoslavia should preserve the political
30 and social rights as well as the linguistic and cultural
31 autonomy of all minority populations living within their
32 borders;

33 11) the President should announce that the United States will
34 oppose any unjustified use of force and any abuse of human
35 rights in Yugoslavia.

[April 29, 1991]

EUROPE AND MIDDLE EAST SUBCOMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION
PROPOSED BY MR. ENGEL

1 SEC. . SITUATION IN KOSOVO PROVINCE OF YUGOSLAVIA.

2 It is the sense of the Congress that--

3 (1) ethnic Albanians living in the Republic of Serbia
4 and in other parts of Yugoslavia should not be
5 discriminated against because of their ethnicity;

6 (2) the people of Kosovo province, including ethnic
7 Albanians, should retain their autonomous status in
8 Yugoslavia, respecting the rights of all peoples and
9 treating them equally under the law;

10 (3) the people of Kosovo province should be allowed
11 to hold free and fair elections for the Assembly of
12 Kosovo province, which should be allowed to function as a
13 representative institution reflecting the will of the
14 people; and

15 (4) Albanian leaders in Kosovo province and other
16 Yugoslav and Serbian leaders should resolve their
17 differences through negotiations and should not, under
18 any circumstances, resort to violence or repression.

Sec. _____ The Situation in Yugoslavia

It is the sense of the Congress that --

(1) the United States supports Yugoslavia as a common state of six constituent republics;

(2) the United States recognizes the Federal Government as the legitimate Government of Yugoslavia;

(3) the people of Yugoslavia should resolve questions about the future composition of Yugoslavia through reform, democracy and negotiation and not by the use of force by any republic, by the Federal Government or by any opposition group;

(4) all ethnic groups, all republics and all opposition parties should be included in discussions and decisions regarding the future composition of Yugoslavia;

(5) the Federal Government and the governments of all republics should tolerate the rights of its people to engage in open dialogue about the future composition of Yugoslavia;

(6) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments of all the republics should progress in the transition from communism to the adoption of democratic principles and a free-market economy;

(7) democratic principles and a free-market economy in Yugoslavia should be supported;

(8) the recent use of force in Yugoslavia should be condemned;

(9) the Federal Government of Yugoslavia and the governments of all the republics should refrain from the use of force in resolving inter-ethnic disputes;

(10) the republics of Yugoslavia should preserve the political and social rights as well as the linguistic and cultural autonomy of all minority populations living within their borders, [including the rights of the Serbian population living in the Republic of Croatia];

(11) the President should announce that the United States will oppose any unjustified use of force and any abuse of human rights in Yugoslavia.