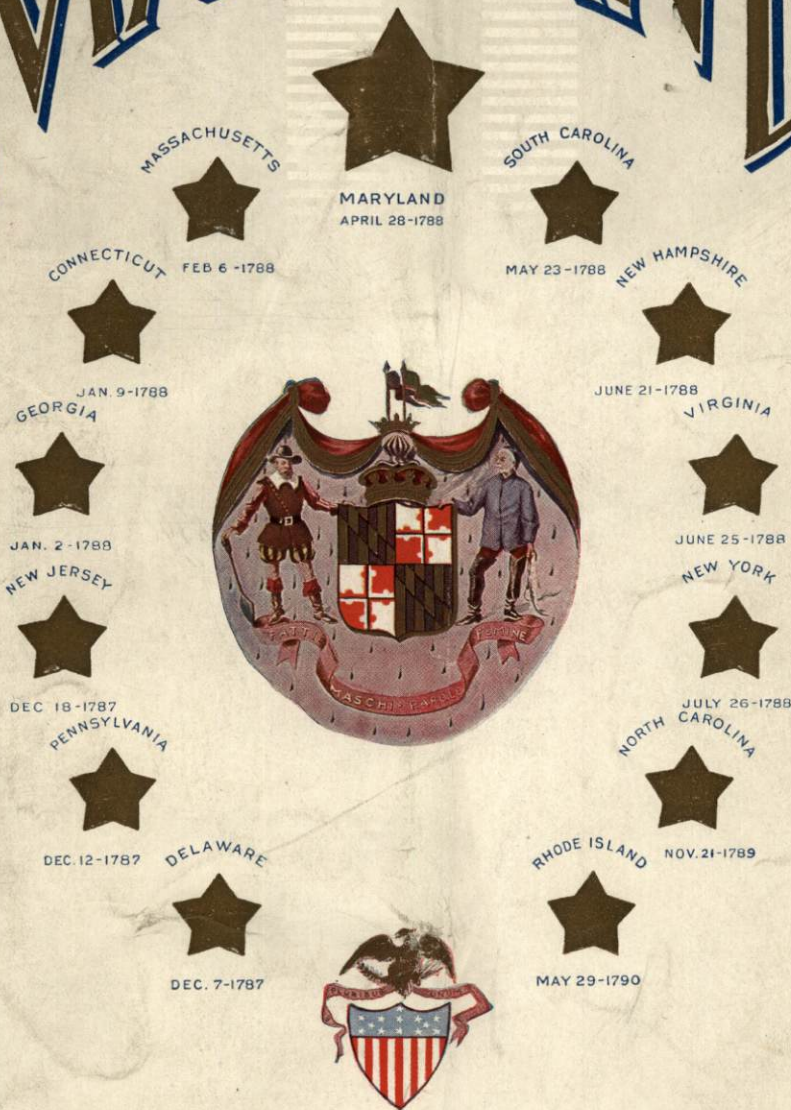


*James Davidson Leitch M.D.
211 West Lamar St. Balli, Maryland.*

MARYLAND



MASSACHUSETTS

SOUTH CAROLINA

MARYLAND
APRIL 28-1788

CONNECTICUT FEB 6 -1788

MAY 23-1788 NEW HAMPSHIRE

JAN. 9-1788
GEORGIA

JUNE 21-1788
VIRGINIA

JAN. 2 -1788
NEW JERSEY

JUNE 25-1788
NEW YORK

DEC 18-1787
PENNSYLVANIA

JULY 26-1788
NORTH CAROLINA

DEC. 12-1787
DELAWARE

NOV. 21-1789
RHODE ISLAND

DEC. 7-1787

MAY 29-1790

THE SEVENTH STAR



HENRIETTA MARIA.

1609—1669.

IN WHOSE HONOR THE STATE WAS NAMED.

THE SEVENTH STAR.

FACTS AND FIGURES ABOUT THE

STATE OF MARYLAND

HER PAST GREATNESS AND HER
PRESENT PROSPERITY.

“Maryland laid the Keystone of the Confed-
eration and of the American Union.”

H. B. Adams.

PUBLISHED BY THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS
FOR THE
LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION.

MARYLAND DAY,
SEPTEMBER 12th, 1904.

PRESS OF
LUCAS BROTHERS, BALTIMORE, MD.

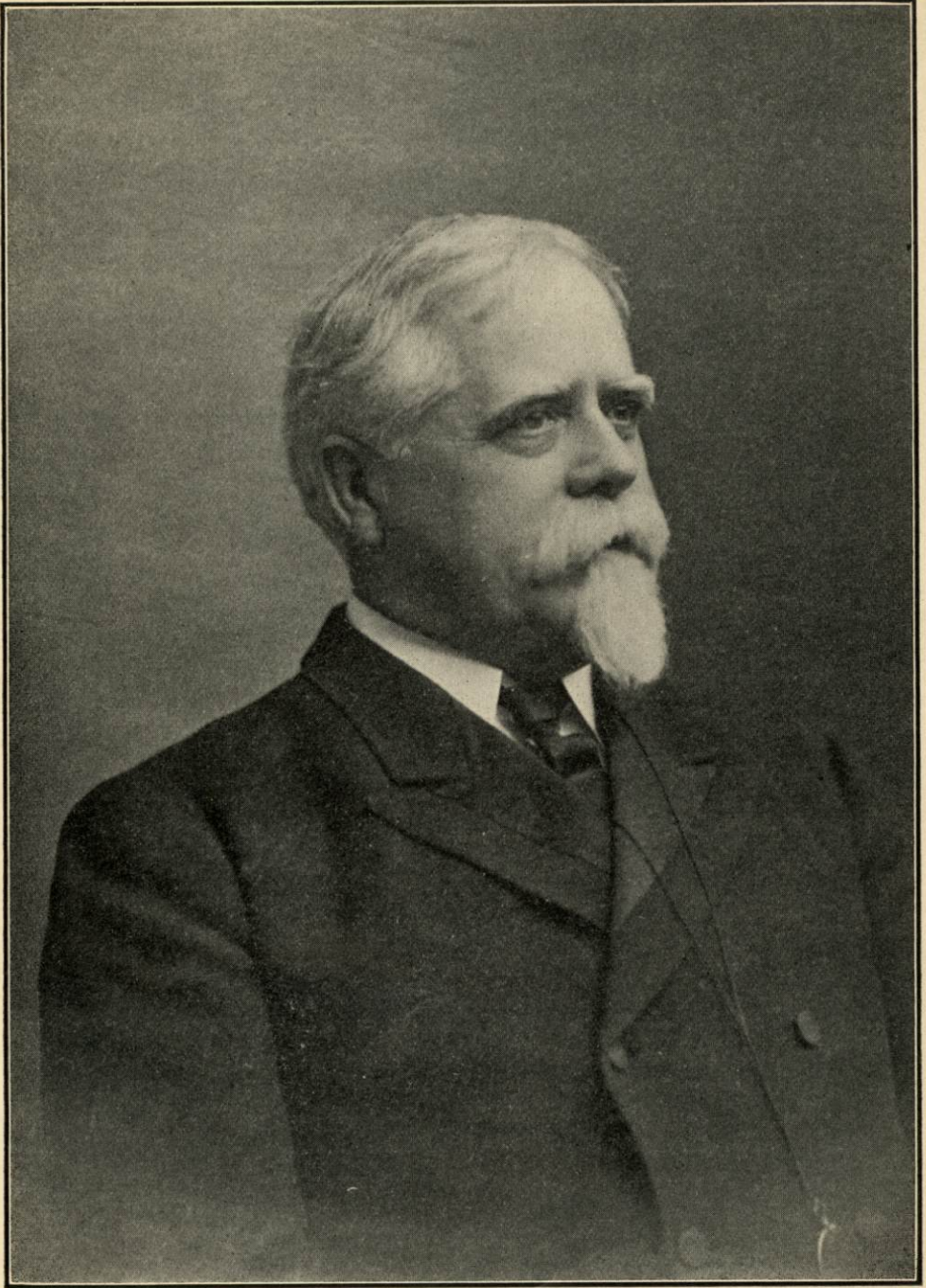
STATE GOVERNMENT, 1904.

Edwin Warfield, *Governor.*
Oswald Tilghman, *Secretary of State.*
William S. Bryan, *Attorney-General.*
Gordon T. Atkinson, *Comptroller.*
Murray Vandiver, *Treasurer.*
Buchanan Schley *Tax Commissioner.*
Anne Burton Jeffers, *State Librarian.*
E. Stanley Toadvine, *Land Commissioner.*
Clinton L. Riggs, *Adjutant-General.*
Charles J. Fox, *Labor Statistician.*
Wm. P. T. Turpin, *Immigration Sup't.*
Thomas Parran, *Clerk Court of Appeals.*

LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION
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Franklin P. Cator, Mrs. Marie A. Fisher,
Mrs. Frances E. Lloyd.



EDWIN WARFIELD,
FORTY-EIGHTH GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

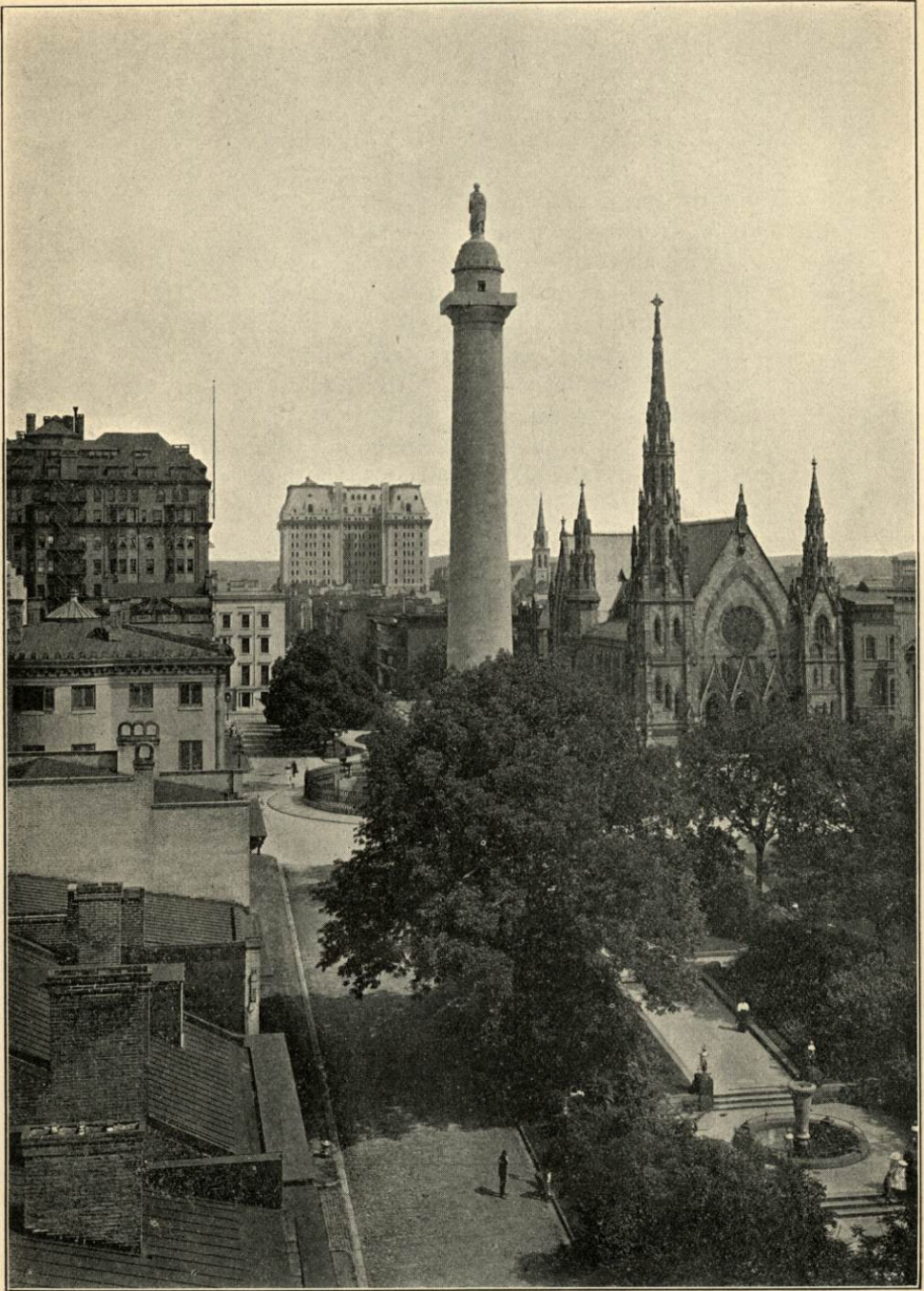
MARYLAND OF TO-DAY.

WITHIN the narrow limits of her 12,210 square miles, Maryland is endowed with remarkable material advantages, second to none in the Union ; her plains and fertile valleys, her forests, mountains and broad waters, offer great opportunities to the farmer, the miner, the fisherman and the manufacturer. All the products of the temperate zone are brought forth in the greatest abundance in every section of the State ; the mines of coal and ores are practically inexhaustible ; the fish and oyster industry produces a revenue of more than ten million dollars annually ; and the conditions are most favorable for manufactures of every kind.

Owing to its diverse physical characteristics, the natural advantages of the State are indeed great. Nothing can excel its charming landscapes, for everywhere the useful is blended with the beautiful ; the forest with the crag and quarry, the rugged mountain side with the fertile slope, the rushing waters with the green pastures. From the mountains to the sea the State has been blessed by nature with all that can please the eye and command the admiration of man.

With a great network of rail roads added to the magnificent waterways, communication is cheap and easy, and the produce of farm and factory can be conveniently sent to points of distribution.

To these natural attractions add those suggested by the presence of an intelligent and hospitable population, living amidst all the conveniences which a progressive age has given them, quick transportation by rail and steamer, public and private schools unsurpassed, churches of every denomination, and it at once becomes apparent why "Maryland, My Maryland" is the most desirable spot on earth !



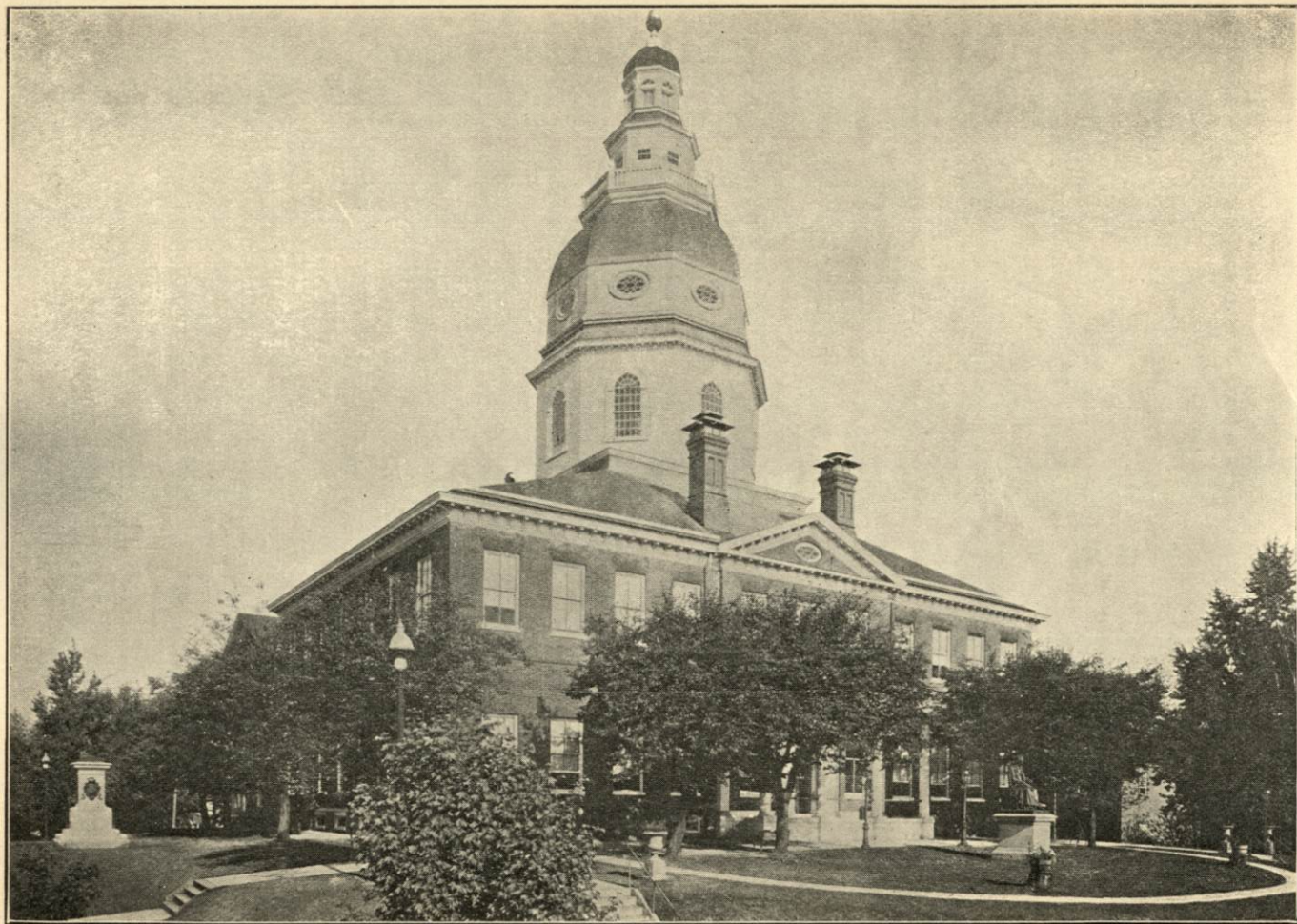
A BIT OF BALTIMORE.—WASHINGTON'S MONUMENT.

“Regarding the State of Maryland from every standpoint, it may safely be said that there is no better in all the fair domain of this great country. With a climate avoiding extremes of temperature, with a soil producing in abundance almost every variety of fruits, vegetables and cereals, with waters teeming with the most delicious fish in great variety, with inexhaustible mines of valuable coal and other sources of wealth, with good government, with an intelligent, industrious and contented population, there is no spot on the continent of North America containing greater attractions as a place of residence or offering greater rewards in the pursuit of happiness.”

Maryland is proud of her history but she does not live in the past. Always conservative, she looks forward to better things, and though some times slow to action she has always been on the right side of great questions. Indeed conservatism has been the distinguishing mark of her financial institutions, both public and private; instead of feverish speculation; sound investment has built up a commercial system as solid as Gibraltar—the real strength of the Commonwealth.

As in private, so in public business have the finances of the State been conservatively and honestly managed; its credit is sound and the rate of taxation is light and easily borne.

An era of progress is now at hand. The Legislation of 1904 has provided for important changes in the Public School System, involving a higher standard for teachers with increased salaries and service pensions; for general highway improvement under direction of the Geological Survey; for modern methods in the care and treatment of the insane; and for many Public Buildings for Educational and Charitable purposes.



STATE HOUSE AT ANNAPOLIS—1772.

MANUFACTURING.

A few statistics gleaned from the recent census will give some idea concerning the industries of the State.

“Although Maryland is not pre-eminently a manufacturing State, there has been a steady growth in its manufacturing and mechanical industries during the past half century. The population during these years increased from 583,034 to 1,188,044, or 103.8 per cent. while the average number of wage earners employed in manufacturing establishments increased from 30,212 to 108,325 or 258.5 per cent., embracing in 1900, 9.1 per cent. of the entire population. Probably the best indication of the importance of the wage-earning class is afforded by the greatest number employed at any one time during the year. In 1900 this was 149,069, or 12.5 per cent. of the total population of the State.”

Capital invested in manufacturing,	\$163,422,260
Wages paid,	38,761,551
Salaries paid,	7,383,263
Cost of material used,	144,539,680
Value of products,	242,752,990

AGRICULTURE.

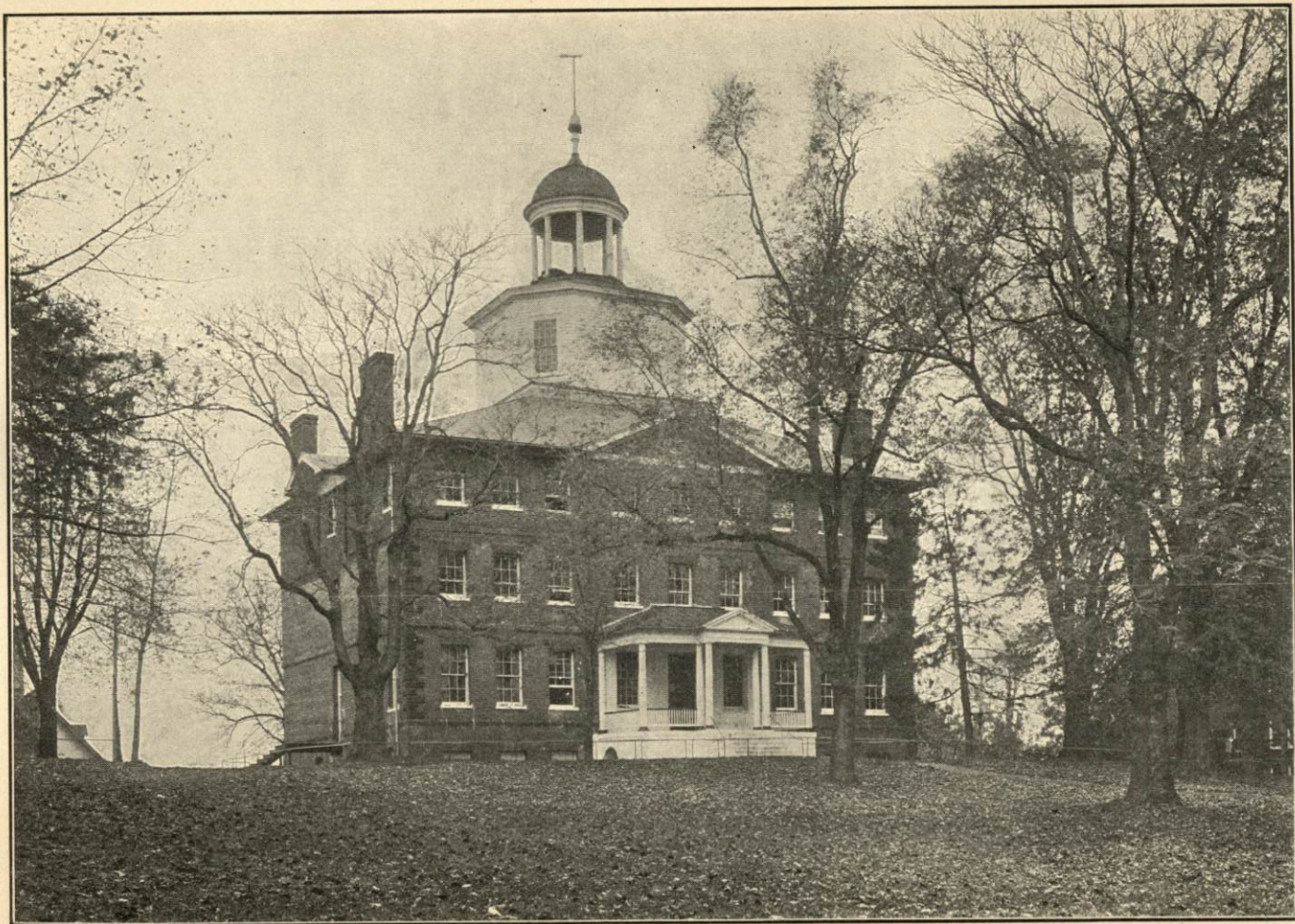
Number of Farms,	46,012
Average Acreage,	112.4
Total Acreage,	5,170,075
Total Valuation,	\$204,645,407
Value of Products,	43,823,419
Wages Paid to Laborers,	5,715,520

MINING.

Production of Coal, 1901, in Tons,	4,481,403
Value of Mines and Equipments,	\$20,000,000
Wages Paid	1,464,826
Other Minerals,	3,653,000

COMMERCE.

Exports, 1901,	\$106,239,081
Imports,	18,899,473
Custom House Receipts, 1899,	2,549,725
Internal Revenue Collections, 1899,	8,667,652



McDOWELL HALL, ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, ANNAPOLIS.

EDUCATION.

The History of Public Education in Maryland dates from 1671 and for two hundred years the Legislature has made liberal appropriations for this purpose. The present public school system was inaugurated under the Constitution of 1867 and since that time has been steadily developed. The Legislature of 1904 has provided for a number of improvements on broader lines, such as better salaries and service pensions to teachers, but requiring higher qualifications from them. The major portion of the State tax levied is spent on the public schools and in addition to this, the State grants material aid to more than twenty Academies and Colleges. A few of these deserve especial mention.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

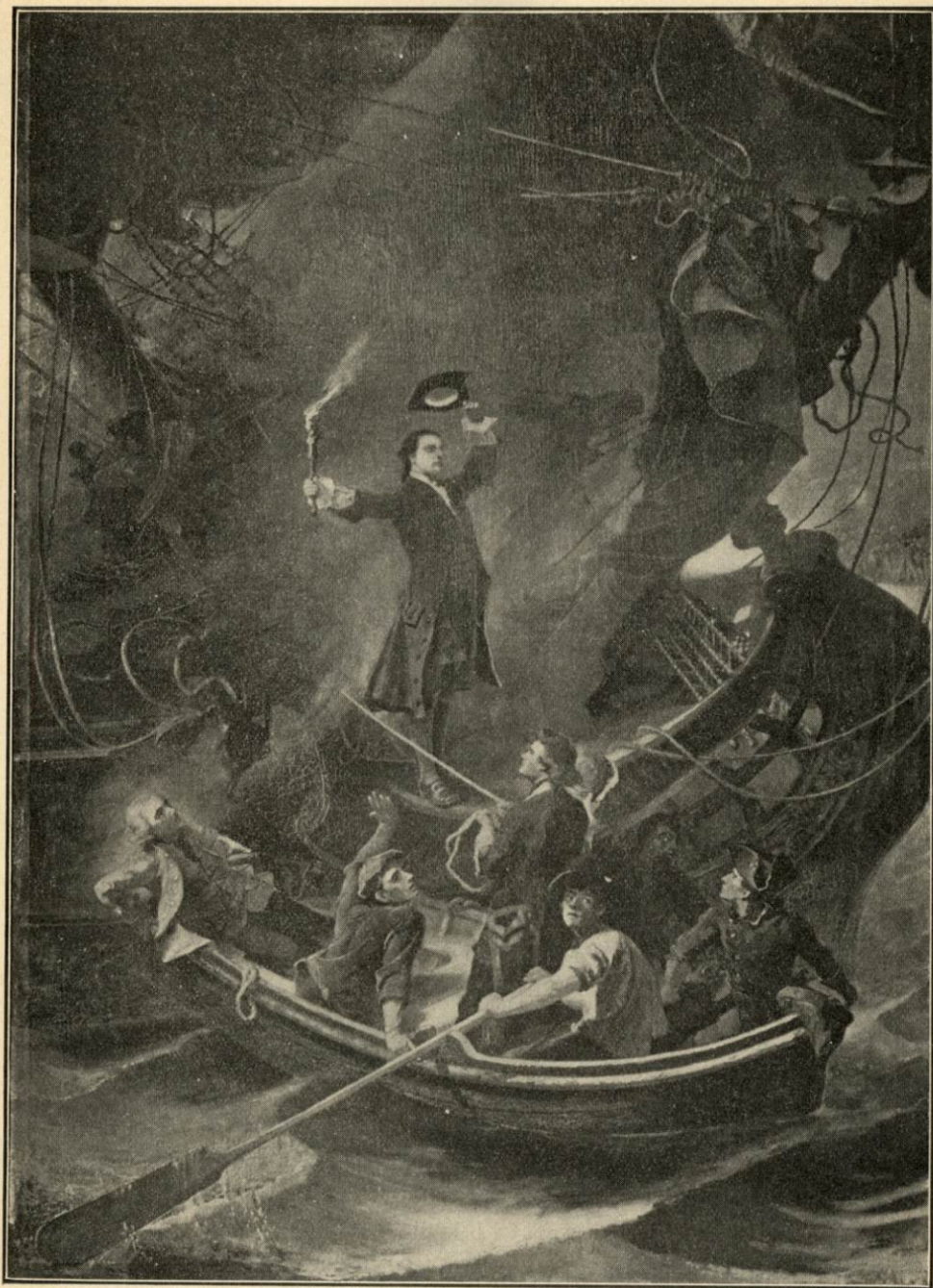
St. John's College, at Annapolis, the third oldest College in the United States, has an unbroken record of more than two hundred years. Among its students have been numbered famous men of early Colonial days, and men of note in modern times.

King William's School was founded at Annapolis in 1696, and in 1785 was merged into St. John's College, which had been chartered a year earlier.

It occupies a beautiful location of historic interest, and possesses large grounds and modern equipment for all college sports.

The College offers Classical and Scientific Courses leading to degrees, under the direction of a Faculty of unusual strength.

Many graduates of this College have, during recent years, been appointed from civil life as officers in the U. S. Army, in virtue of the efficiency of the military department attached to it.



BURNING OF THE "PEGGY STEWART,"

FROM

PAINTING BY F. B. MAYER.

McDowell Hall was built by Governor Bladen about the year 1745 as the Executive Mansion, but a disagreement having arisen between the Governor and the Legislature, it remained unfinished for many years for lack of appropriations. A local poet writing in the *Maryland Gazette*, in 1771 says of it :

“Old Bladen’s palace, once so famed,
And now too well ‘The Folly’ named,
Her roof all tottering to decay,
Her walls a mouldering all away.”

In 1784 this building and the four acres of land on which it stands, were vested in St. John’s College.

MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

The Maryland Agricultural College at College Park in Prince George’s County, is an Institution of particular value to Agriculturists. Connected with it is an Experiment Station, where scientific farming is exemplified and youths are taught by precept and experiment the various branches of agriculture. The value of this College to the farming interests of the State cannot be over-estimated.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY.

Johns Hopkins University founded in 1876 and largely endowed by its founder, has established a world-wide reputation. It started a new era in university training in America and has drawn from the leading institutions of Europe, as well as this country, scholars of eminence whose work has added lustre to the achievements of its laboratories. Its national significance and influence has been fully recognized.



THOMAS JOHNSON,
1732—1819.
FIRST GOVERNOR OF THE STATE.

MARYLAND OF YESTERDAY.

Maryland, often described as the "birthplace of religious freedom," was granted by royal Charter from Charles I, of England, to George Calvert, first Baron of Baltimore, but before that document passed the seal, Lord Baltimore died and it was issued in 1632 to his son, Cecilius Calvert, second Lord Baltimore. By the latter the colony was founded, the expedition having set sail in two small vessels, the *Ark* and the *Dove*, November 22nd, 1633, and a landing was made on an island in the mouth of the Potomac River, on March 25th, 1634, which was the feast of the Annunciation of the Virgin Mary.

"Lady Day in March is a fit time for the beginning of things. With the feast of the Annunciation, all mediaeval Christendom began the new year, and tenants of land throughout England remembered it as the Quarter-Day, when rents were paid. No fitter day could be chosen than this as the natal day of that State which is Terra Mariae. No other day was so well suited for the first settlement of the province and no other name could have been given to the place of settlement than the name which was hers to whom the day was dedicated and hers from whom the province took its name. The pious men in the first company of settlers must have thought with pleasure on this coincidence of dates when they landed on the bank of the Potomac. Spring was at hand and with it bloomed Maryland into life." (a)

The province thus established was named "Terra Mariae" in honor of Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles I., and daughter of Henry IV of France.

Space forbids that any attempt at a history of our State be made here but the following chronology will serve to draw attention to the leading events in the history of Maryland.

(a) *Steiner*, "Beginnings of Maryland."

CHRONOLOGY.

- 1632. June 20th. Charter of Maryland granted.
- 1633. November 22nd. Sailing of the *Ark* and *Dove*.
- 1634. March 25th. Landing of the Colonists.
- 1635. February 26th. First meeting of the Assembly.
- 1649. Toleration Act passed.
- 1652. Maryland seized by the Commissioners of Parliament.
- 1657. November 30th. Restoration of the province to Lord Baltimore.
- 1639. July. Protestant Revolution.
- 1692. Church of England established.
- 1694. Seat of Government removed from St. Mary's to Annapolis.
- 1730. Baltimore City laid out.
- 1763. Mason and Dixon's line survey begun.
- 1765. March 22nd. Passage of Stamp Act.
- 1766. March 18th. Repeal of Stamp Act.
- 1767. May 13th. Duty imposed on Tea.
- 1769. June 22nd. Maryland Convention met.
- 1774. October 19th. Burning of the *Peggy Stewart*.
- 1775. July 26th. Formation of "Association of the Freemen."
- 1776. July 3rd. Maryland Declared her Independence.
- 1776. November 10th. First State Constitution adopted.
- 1777. March 21st. Thomas Johnson, First State Governor Inaugurated.



FRANCIS SCOTT KEY,
1779—1843.
AUTHOR OF "THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER,"

1781. March 1st. Maryland entered the Confederation.
1783. November 26th. Continental Congress met in Annapolis.
1783. December 23rd. Washington Resigned his Military Commission to Congress, in Old Senate Chamber of Capitol, Annapolis.
1784. January 14th. Treaty of Peace with Great Britain ratified.
1786. September 11th. Convention of six States—to inaugurate movement for a precursor of the Federal Constitutional Convention.
1788. April 28th. Maryland ratified Federal Constitution.
1791. Maryland ceded the District of Columbia to the United States.
1810. Property qualification for Electors abolished.
1814. September 12th. Battle of North Point.
1814. Bombardment of Fort McHenry, during which Francis Scott Key wrote "The Star Spangled Banner."
1824. Religious tests for office removed.
1825. Jewish disabilities removed.
1828. July 4th. Corner-stone of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad laid by Charles Carroll, of Carrollton.
1844. First Telegraph Line in the World Built.
1851. July 4th. Second State Constitution adopted.
1864. October 12th. Third State Constitution adopted.
1867. September 18th. Fourth State Constitution adopted.

O say can you see ~~through~~ by the dawn's early light
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's last gleaming,
Whose broad stripes & bright stars through the perilous fight
O'er the ramparts we watch'd, were so gallantly streaming,
And the rocket's red glare, the bomb bursting in air,
gave proof through the night that our flag was still there,
O say does that Star-spangled Banner yet wave
O'er the land of the free & the home of the brave?

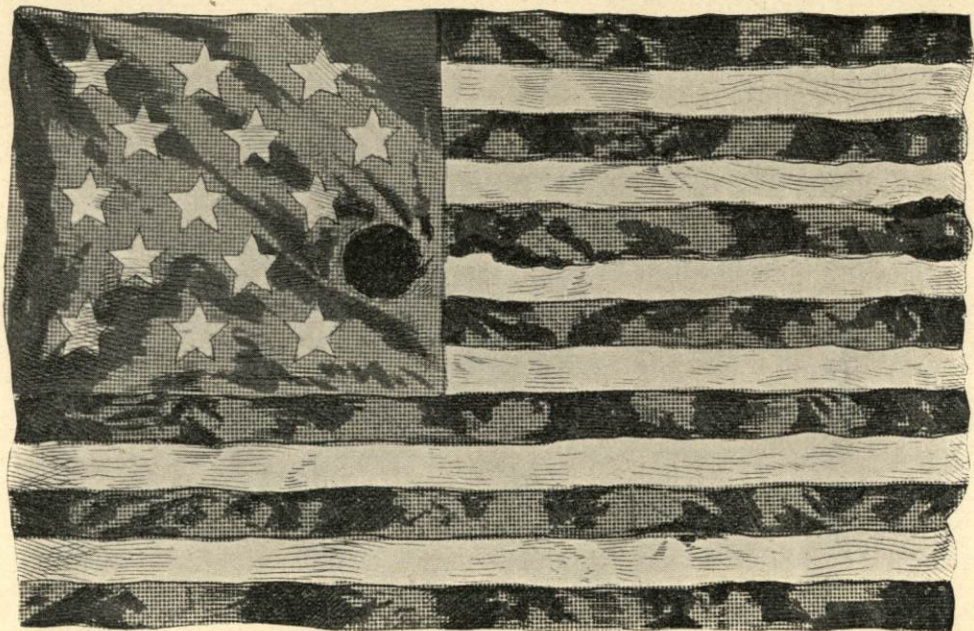
On the shore dimly seen through the mists of the deep,
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,
What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,
As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?

Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected now shines on the stream,
Tis the Star-spangled Banner — O long may it wave
O'er the land of the free & the home of the brave!

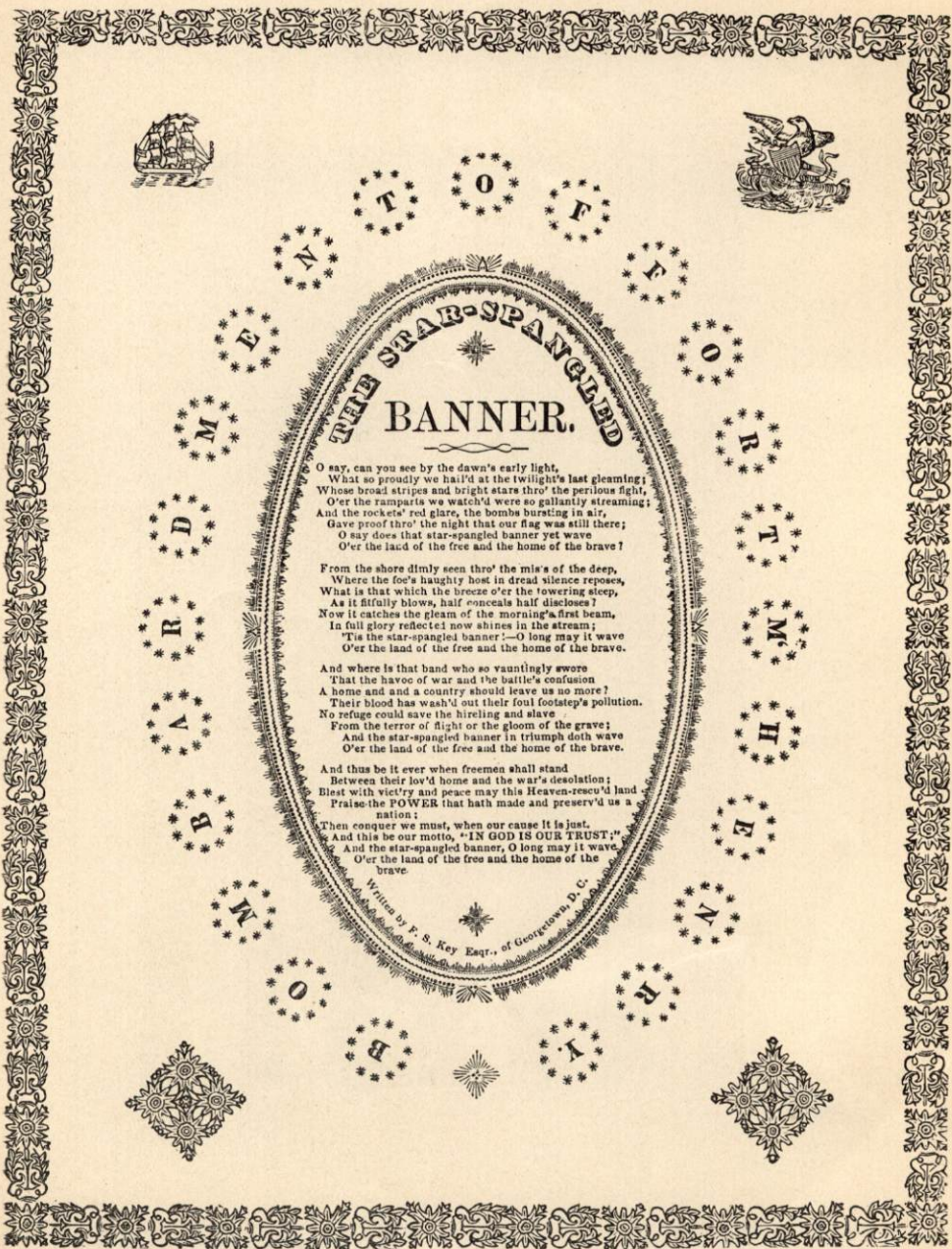
And where is that band who so vauntingly swore,
That the havoc of war & the battle's confusion,
A home & a Country should leave us no more?

~~Whose~~ Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution,
No refuge could save the hireling & slave
From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave,
And the Star-spangled Banner in triumph doth wave
O'er the land of the free & the home of the brave.

O thus be it ever when freemen shall stand
Between their lov'd home & the war's desolation,
Blest with vict'ry & peace may the heav'n rescued land
Praise the power that hath made & preserved us a nation,
Then conquer we must, when our cause it is just,
And this be our motto — "In God is our trust."
And the Star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave
O'er the land of the free & the home of the brave.



The "broad Stripes and Bright Stars" which floated over Fort McHenry, September 13th, 1814.
This flag is 29 by 33 feet and has eleven shot holes through it.



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F

THE STAR-SPANGLED
BANNER.

O say, can you see by the dawn's early light,
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's last gleaming;
Whose broad stripes and bright stars thro' the perilous fight,
O'er the ramparts we watch'd, were so gallantly streaming;
And the rocket's red glare, the bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof thro' the night that our flag was still there;
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And the star-spangled banner, O long may it wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the
brave.

Written by F. S. Key Esq., of Georgetown, D. C.



Fac-simile of "broadside" as the song first appeared in print.

PROGRAMME
MARYLAND DAY EXERCISES.
FESTIVAL HALL.
SEPTEMBER TWELFTH.
NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FOUR.

PRAYER:

INTRODUCTORY ADDRESS:

GENERAL L. VICTOR BAUGHMAN, - CHAIRMAN OF THE MD. COMMISSION.

MUSIC, - - - - MARYLAND, MY MARYLAND.

ADDRESS:

HIS EXCELLENCY, HON. EDWIN WARFIELD, - GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

RECITATION:

THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER, - - - MISS EDITH FORD.

MUSIC, - - - - THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER.

ADDRESS:

HON. DAVID R. FRANCIS, PRES'T OF THE LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION.

MUSIC, - - - -

ADDRESS:

HIS EXCELLENCY, HON. A. M. DOCKERY, - GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI.

MUSIC, - - - - HAIL COLUMBIA

ADDRESS:

GEN. JOSEPH L. BRENT, - OF THE SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF COLONIAL WARS.

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