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The Enemy.

St. Mary's County, (Maryland) Jan. 31.

" I have this moment received information by a man immediately from the mouth of St. Mary's River, that four of the enemy's vessels which are now in the Potomac are coming up---a 74, 2 brigs and one schooner."

The Adams at Sea.

Norfolk, Feb. 2.

Arrived yesterday, pilot boat schr. B. Underwood; left Baltimore on Tuesday last, and put into St. Mary's river the next day: learnt that the U. S. corvette ADAMS, and the private schn'r CHASSEUR, left the Potomac three days before, and stood down the bay, since which nothing has been heard of them; and it was the general belief that they had succeeded in getting out to sea.

A passenger in the Elizabeth City stage, who arrived here on Friday evening, informs that he was lately in St. Augustine, where he learnt that the privateer ROGER, captain Quartes of this port, had captured, after a running fight of two hours, an English letter of marque brig laden with fish, the Captain of which came ashore at St. Augustine to provide for the ransome of the vessel and cargo, which was valued at \$10,000, in which, however, he was unsuccessful, and the prize was ordered in.

Movements of the Enemy.

Extract to the Editor, dated

York, Feb. 16, 8 P. M.

" I am induced to think that the report of the British ascending James River as high as Hog Island, &c. is totally without foundation. Hampton Roads, at least, is certainly free of the enemy, and the mail boats pass unmolested.

For several days we have seen nothing of the enemy off our river, but this afternoon about 3 o'clock, the wind being fair for them, six of their squadron were observed from this place with the naked eye, passing upwards, apparently with a view to enter Mobjack Bay. In consequence of the movement, the militia of Gloucester and Matthews were discharged yesterday.

Rich'd Compiler.

St. Mary's, Feb. 12/.

Yesterday was an interesting day to those concerned in neutral commerce. Property to the amount of half a million was permitted to proceed, after being examined by the gun-boats. Seven ships and one brig, bound for Europe, got to sea with a fine breeze. We have had several arrivals here from England, during the week, but nothing new.

Nat. Intel.

From Norfolk Herald of March 1.

By a flag of truce which went down to the British squadron on Friday and returned on Sunday, we learn the Albion 74, with Admiral Cockburn on board, 2 frigates, a brig, and a schooner are in Lynhaven bay; and a 74, a brig, and a schooner off New Point Comfort; but are continually changing their ground.--- The enemy have made very few captures since the embargo; they have however some prisoners on board, whom the admiral will not release until they are exchanged for a like number of Englishmen. In the meantime they are suffering great privations.

Mr. John M. White of Baltimore is a prisoner on board the Albion.

From the Merchants' Coffee House Books.

The schr. SPARTAN, Gavet, of this port, from Havana, has safely arrived at a southern port, after being repeatedly chased from nearly the whole line of the coast, and her officers & crew much frosted and fatigued.

Norfolk, April 6.

The Enemy Reinforced.

On Saturday last, there arrived in our bay several ships, the weather being thick it could not be exactly ascertained of what description, but it is believed two were of the line, and two frigates; on their arrival one of the ships before in the bay saluted with 11 guns---from which circumstance it is supposed that Admiral Cochrane has arrived. The enemy's force now in the Chesapeake is four 74's, five frigates, and several tenders. On Monday all the enemy's ships with the exception of 2 frigates, got under way and proceeded up the bay.

Ledger.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser
Monday, May 2, 1814.

Norfolk, April 26.

A letter from Accomac mentions that the enemy are in considerable force in Tangier Sound; that they have fortified the Island and are building huts and sinking wells on it. Their tenders and barges are constantly watching the little harbors and inlets on the Eastern Shore. There is a company of militia always on guard to prevent their landing, which they have not as yet attempted.

From the South.

Citizens! Look Out!

The enemy is near at hand. Letters were received by express this evening from the South, to the Mayor of this city, and other persons, which state, that a large British force is off St. Mary's Bar; and that an attack is momentarily expected.

Citizens! be on the alert. Watch, for you know not when the enemy will make his appearance. A proclamation issued by Ad. Cochrane has also been received in town which tends to excite our population. It is addressed to them, dated Bermuda, 2d April, 1814. And express will leave town this evening to convey it to the Governor. ---Ed. Sav. Reg.

The schr. Chance, Derrick, of and from
Baltimore to Havanna, was captured off
the Moro by the Moselle brig and order-
ed for Jamaica. The private armed
schr. Caroline of Baltimore, Almeda
commander, from a cruise, arrived in
Rebellion Roads yesterday morning.

Admiral Cochrane Arrived

A passenger in the Easton packet brings the information that Admiral Cochrane has arrived in the Chesapeake. It is not yet known what force he has brought with him.

Fredericksburg (Va.) June 2.

We are informed by captain Reynolds, of the schr, John, arrived here yesterday, that two British frigates are lying between Watts' Island and the Eastern Shore, nearly opposite the mouth of the Rappahannock. They have several cruisers out, which capture every thing that appears in the bay. Captain R. was bound to Alexandria from the Eastern Shore, in company with another vessel, which was captured; captain R. narrowly escaped, and got into the Rappahannock.

On the 22ult. a small vessel was chased into Punkateek (Eastern Shore) by one of the British cruizers, and was gallantly defended by a party of militia on shore. The cruizer was beaten off with the loss of its commander and 7 men killed, and several wounded; two of the militia were wounded.

Captain Stewart, with five other officers of the frigate Constellation, passed through this town on Monday, on their way from Norfolk to Boston. Captain S. we are informed, is to take command of the frigate Constitution. The gallant Bainbridge is to superintend the building of a 74. Capt. Gordon is appointed to command the Constellation.

The privateer Lawrence of Baltimore was off Ireland the 25th April, and had taken the following prizes: Ship Commerce, from Ireland, arrived at an eastern port in the U. S.; ship Ontario from Havana, ordered to France, brig Ceres, from Bueno Aires ordered for the U. S. All the above had valuable cargoes.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser
Saturday, June 18, 1814.

Annapolis, June 16.

The Enemy Reinforced.

On Tuesday evening a letter was received by his Excellency the Governor from St. Leonards, informing that an additional force of the enemy consisting of a 74, a frigate, and three small vessels had arrived in the Patuxent, and were above Point Patience.

The private armed schr, Harrison, Penz,
of this port, has sent in the schr.
Octavia, to a southern port.

A part of the 38th Regiment which had been encamped in the Parks near this city, have been ordered to the Patuxent, to assist in the defense of the property along its shores and of the flotilla under Com. Barney. They departed this morning under the command of Major Keyser.

The defence of our shores from invasion is at last slowly drawing the attention of our rulers, let us hope that although slow it may be sure---much property has been destroyed but there is still much to save which if not protected, there is little doubt the enemy will destroy.

The Flotilla

By verbal information from the Patuxent we learn, that on Tuesday last Com. Barney was lightering his vessels by landing the provisions and water, and that he had taken off their sails, spars, &c., his situation in a crooked creek surrounded by high woody banks rendering sails of little use to his vessels. He is probably preparing to repel an expected attack.

The enemy's boats and vessels having quietly and almost without any opposition removed the Tobacco from Benedict, had retired down the river without burning the warehouse.

The private armed schr. Amelia, Adams, of this port, has sent in the British schooner Union, from Nova Scotia, laden with fish and oil.

The schr. Midas, Thompson, of this port, has returned from a 6 days cruise and brought in with her 5 prizes, viz: brig Astrea, of 14 guns, from Halifax for Surinam, with fish, &c., The Astrea had been re-captured from the Ultor of this port by a frigate and was proceeding on her intended voyage. She is a valuable vessel, 300 tons burthen. The privateer schr. Dash of Nassau, N. P., with one long and several small guns; and the Dash had in co. the sloop Good Intent, and schrs. Eliza and Jane, and Martha and Maria, from Savannah, bound to the Southward, with 600 or 700 bales cotton, rice, tobacco, &c., all of whom the Midas re-captured and convoyed in. C.H.Books.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser

Tuesday, June 25, 1814. Page 3, Col. 2.

A memorandum is inclosed on the mail from Annapolis that one or both of the ferry boats from Hadaways have been captured.

From the Nat. Intelligencer of this morning Copy of a letter from Com. Barney to the Secretary of the Navy dated.

Sunday, 26th June, 1814--10 A.M.

Sir:-

This morning at 4 A. M. a combined attack of the artillery, marine corps and flotilla was made upon the enemy's two frigates at the mouth of the creek. After two hours' engagement they got under way and made sail down the river. They are now warping around Point Patience, and I am moving up the Patuxent with my flotilla. My loss is acting midshipman Asquith killed, and ten others killed and wounded.

Mr. Blake, the bearer of this, was a volunteer in my barge. He will give you every other information.

With regards, &c.,

Joshua Barney.

Hon. Wm. Jones,

Secretary of the Navy.

Federal Gazette & Baltimore Daily Advertiser,
Monday. June 27, 1814.

Another Prize.

The ship London Packet, with 400 pipes of wine and brandy,
arrived at Hiannis on Sunday last, prize to the priv. Chasseur,
of Baltimore, captured 60 days ago, off Lisbon, 20 days since,
the prizes was spoken by Corvette Adams, Capt. Morris, all well.

Marine: The schr. Swallow, Snow, of this port has arrived at a port to the southward, from Portland, having been chased from the Delaware by the British frigate Belvidera.

Marine--

Admiral Cochrane was at Bermuda June 16th, but was expected to sail in a few days for the American station. He had refused to comply with the petition from Halifax for raising his blockade as to some American ports.

From the Patuxent.

We learn by a gentleman who arrived yesterday from the Patuxent that the British had returned down the river below Point Patience. We state this merely to stop the progress of idle rumors of a different nature which are circulating in this neighborhood.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser

Friday, July 8, 1814. Page 3, Col. 2.

Marine:

The private armed schr. Perry, Coleman,
of this port, has sent in the British schr.
Rambler laden with sundry articles.

Detail for Militia Service

Under the requisition of July 4, 1814, Maryland--
6 regiments, viz 600 artillery, 5,400 infantry, total
6,000. General staff; 1 major-gen. 3 brig. gens. 1 dept gr.
mas. gen. 1 as. dept. gr. mas. gen. and 1 as. adj. gen.

Daily
Federal Gazette and Baltimore/Advertiser

Friday, July 15, 1814. Col. 4, Page 3.

Postscript: to a letter received in this city
from Norfolk, dated July 12, says,

"Admiral Cochrane arrived last evening
in Lynnhaven bay, with 4 ships of the line
and 2 frigates."

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser

Monday, July 18, 1814. Page 3, Col. 2.

Marine:

The private armed schr. Surprise, Cathell, of this port, has arrived at an eastern port from a cruise on the coast of Ireland; captured 6 brigs, 2 schrs. & 1 ship, 2 of which she burned in sight of Baltimore harbor (Ireland). Left the coast 27th May, learned from the prizes that Louis 18th was crowned 16th May--C. H. Books.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser

Monday, July 18, 1814, Page 2, Col. 4.

Norfolk, July 13.

On Monday last the enemy in our bay was reinforced by the arrival of a ship of the line, three frigates, one other ship supposed, has not arrived, as the ship of the line had no admiral's flag, and answered signals made from the Dragon. All the vessels arrived went up the bay yesterday.

We imagine that these vessels have been sent to relieve those now in the bay, which has been expected for some time.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Monday, July 25, 1814. Page 3, Col. 2.

From our Correspondent.

New York (now) July 23.

On this morning, off Watch Hill, the privateer Ultor, of Baltimore, from New Bedford, was attacked by one of the enemy's launches, and a barge. The former made her escape, but the barge with an officer and 8 men was captured. The officer was found dead, having been shot thro' the head. The corpse was landed at Storington, and the prisoners were taken **in** the Ultor to New London.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser
Monday, August 1, 1814. Page 3, Col. 3.

The frigate Java was launched this morning. She was seen to glide most gracefully into her destined element, by an immense concourse of citizens. No accident is known to have occurred.

Page 5, Col. 4.

Marine--The private armed schr. Surprise, Cathell, of this port, is reported to have sent in the British brig Fortitude, from Rio Janeiro, laden with coffee, hides, dyewood, &c.

Gentlemen: I have observed in this morning's paper a mistake, which I have no doubt you were unaware of; (Captain Smith has arrived in camp with his fine company of 100 men from Frederick) the company meant is under the command of Capt. James F. Huston, and Smith is first Lieutenant.

(Signed) One of the members of the
above-named company.

The Enemy Coming Up.

An express arrived this morning from Annapolis to prevent vessels leaving this river for the bay. We understand that the enemy's (small) fleet are within sight of Annapolis; they advance by night and lie to all day.

From the Merchants' Coffee House Books.

The Enemy.

Yesterday evening at sundown, were seen from the Steeple of the State House at Annapolis one large ship and brig apparently at anchor between Poplar and Sharp's Islands.

Extract from a letter to the Collector of the Port
of Baltimore, dated Annapolis, August 2, 1814.

"Capt. Atkinson, who commands a pilot-boat schr. from Baltimore, has just reported here that a British frigate and brig, and 2 small schrs. are coming up the Bay; were at Sharp's Island at 12 o'clock this day, their barges then in chase of a schr."

Marine--

From the Merchants' Coffee House Books.

The private armed schr. Midas, Thompson, of this port returned to Savannah 25th ult. from a short cruise, took in with her a ship and 2 prizes for adjudication, one of them is reported from Liverpool laden with salt and crates. One of the vessels is a ship called the Pizarro, under Spanish colors, from Liverpool to Havana with a valuable cargo of dry goods, hardware, crates, &c., &c. She is said to be deficient in papers.

The private armed schr. Harpey, Grigg, of this port, has sent in the British ships---reported in ballast, particulars not received.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser

Tuesday, August 16, 1814. Page 2, Col. 1.

Maryland Militia.

A squadron of cavalry under the command of Col. Tilghman from Washington county, reached this place on Saturday. The appearance of the men, their martial deportment and the excellent manner in which they were mounted, excited general admiration. They are waiting ^{further} ~~for~~ orders.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.
Wednesday, August 17, 1814, Page 3, Col. 1

From the Merchant's Coffee House Books.

The private armed schooner **Sabine** of this port has sent into St. Mary's (Ga.) a British East Indiaman, captured in the British Channel, 10th June, valuably laden with dry goods, brandy, porter, rum, gin, &c. She is one on an outward bound fleet, separated in a gale of wind.

By a letter we learn that the above ship is the Countess of Harcourt, 500 tons, of 6 heavy guns and 900 men, beat the **Sabine** off the first day, after an hour's engagement, which was resumed the next morning when she struck. It is not known what damage was done on either side. She was from Plymouth bound to the East Indies.

The Enemy Approaching.

The British Fleet in the Chesapeake having received a large reinforcement, are again moving up the Bay. They are yet too distant to ascertain the intended object of attack, but the prompt and **vigorous** preparations on the part of the officers in command here, will prevent any confusion or unnecessary alarm. It is the enemy of the nation invading our country, in opposing him we will know no distinction of party, or opinion; in this cause **Americans** will always be united.

From the Merchant's Coffee House Books.

An Express arrived in Town last night from Washington with accounts that six 74's, eight frigates, and a number of transports, to the number of Forty-Six **Sail** in all, came into the Bay on the 16th and 17th, and proceeded up. It is said 3 sail were in sight of Annapolis yesterday.

An express to General Smith from the President, requesting him to hold **half** of his brigade in readiness to march in fifteen minutes upon the order of General Winder.

The necessary attendance of a number of our workmen to military duty, under the general order now in force, will cause some change in the time of issuing this Gazette; it will ^{be} put to press at an earlier hour than usual, to give the pressmen an opportunity to attend the afternoon musters.

Information has been received this morning that a part of the enemy's force is proceeding up the Potomac and the residue up the Patuxent; and it is presumed their object is to land and march from the respective rivers to the city of Washington---

The preparations here for resistance and defence will not be relaxed in consequence of this movement, and our citizens of all classes, evince the greatest alacrity in obeying the orders of their respective officers.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Saturday August 20, 1814, Page 3, Col. 2

Brigade Orders.

Head Quarters, 3d. Brigade,

August 20th. 1814.

The Head-Quarters of the 3d Brigade, M. M. are fixed at No. 15, South-street, at which place the Adjutants of the different Regiments will attend every morning at 10 o'clock.

George P. Stevenson

Aid-de-Camp.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Saturday August 20, 1814. Page 3, Col. 2.

Washington City, August 18.

I herewith give you a correct list of the reinforcements lately arrived in the mouth of the Potomac, which account is correct as taken from the original letter, from a proper person appointed in St. Mary's County to make reports to government.

" Off the mouth of the Potomac river, on the night of the 16th inst. 6 double deckers, 3 frigates, 6 ships, apparently transports, some gun brigs and other vessels, in all 46 sail, including vessels of all descriptions. Two admirals ships are among the above. These ships were previously at St. George's Island, and two in the Patuxent river. At 8 A. M. part of the fleet, (the reinforcements) were in motion standing up the Chesapeake."

People are here in much confusion----generally of the opinion their Capitol will be ~~taken~~ destroyed----tomorrow we leave this place for Piscattaway and the country across the Patuxent .

From the Merchant's Coffee House Books.

A gentleman arrived in town this morning from upper Marlboro' which he left yesterday at 12, from whom the following information is derived.

The number of vessels in the Patuxent is 46 of all description; they are mostly at and near Benedict (west side of the river) where they landed their troops. There are 4 or 5 sail off Port Tobacco on the Potomac; they had not made any landing from them. At 8 o'clock yesterday an express was received that they were advancing by land and water, and were within two miles of Nottingham. The Flotilla moved thence to Mount Pleasant, a few miles in advance of Queen Anne's-The 36th and 38th U. S. Regiments with a large body of militia were on their way march down to meet the enemy; but it is supposed, they would not reach Nottingham to save it. Large bodies of troops were continually marching down to support them.

Notice.

A cart will start from Washington square at 4 o'clock this afternoon for the encampment of the detachment that marched from the city yesterday; any person desirous of sending warm cloathing, blankets or great coats to their friends, will have them carefully directed, mentioning the Company to which they are attached, and deposit them in the cart.

N. B. The Cart will be in the square at 3 o'clock and start precisely at 4 o'clock.

Aug 22.

Marine

The Rockhall packet that sailed this morning returned at 11 o'clock, in consequence of receiving information of a British schr. and sloop being at the mouth of the river; early this morning they captured, inside the river, 2 craft, (a schooner and sloop) and fired several shot at a schr. that came out of Magoty, with wood.

Accounts from Annapolis to 8 o'clock last evening represents that but 3 sail were to be seen from there the whole of yesterday-viz: a 74, a schr. and a sloop, they were at anchor at the upper end of Poplar Island. The Governor had received by Express of the remainder had gone up Patuxent.

Baltimore Aug. 22.

At a meeting of a number of persons convened at the Council Chamber by invitation of the Mayor, it was Resolved, That it be recommended to the Inhabitants of the City and Precincts, to meet at their several wards and in the Precincts on Wednesday Morning at ten o'clock, to choose three persons from each Ward, and each of the precincts, who, together with the Mayor, shall constitute a committee of vigilance and safety during the present time of alarm; and that the committee thus chosen meet at the Mayor's Office at 5 o'clock P. M. the 24th instant.

Resolved, That this be deemed a notice for the foregoing meeting, and that the several meetings be as follows:

1st Ward	King's tavern
2 do	Gadsby's do
3 do	Kaminsky's do
4 do	Wintkle's do
5 do	Wray's do
6 do	Gorsuch's do
7 do	Hart's do
8 do	Pamphillon's

~~mmmmmm~~

Eastern Precincts, Mrs Miller.

Western Precincts, Chamberlain.

The Crisis

The prompt and energetic measures adopted by the commanding Generals for the security of this district are rapidly progressing. The first Columbian brigade under General Smith, comprising the volunteer corps of artillery, infantry, riflemen and cavalry, with the militia companies advanced from this city on Saturday; and yesterday the 2d brigade commanded by General Young, crossed the Potomac from Alexandria. On Saturday, also, the finest body of dragoons ever seen in this city, passed through Carlisle under Lieutenant Colonel Laval. The Baltimore brigades are under arms in readiness to act, and the troops are assembling below from various quarters. In a few hours, thousands of brave men will be prepared to resist the host of mercenaries that threaten us. A raid in defence of all that renders life a blessing, and for protecting from insult and desolation the metropolis of their country, hallowed by the venerable name of Washington every arm will be nerved with a vigor irresistible. Great as the public anxiety must be at such a time, all look with confidence to the capacity and vigilance of the commanding general, and we feel not a doubt that his foresight and activity will leave nothing undone that our security requires.

Of the enemy's strength and movement we have as usual an abundance of absurd and contradictory rumors. From correct sources, however, we learn that the division of their shipping which advanced up the bay have ascended the Patuxent as high as Benedict where they have debarked a large body of men, estimated from three to four thousand; and that they have insulated the peninsula, by establishing a line of pickets from Benedict to a point on the Potomac, at which

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Advertiser.

Tuesday August 23 1814, Page 2, Col. 3

The Crisis (continued)

lies another squadron of ships.

The balance of this column and all the next column relates
to Washington city.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Tuesday August 23, 1814, Page 3, Col. 1

To a Correspondent.

The address to a certain Volunteer Corps of this city, was not inserted as requested by a subscriber, because the editor does not think that either that ~~corp~~ corps, or any other in this city require any incitement to perform their duty at this important crisis: the alacrity with which they have at all times obeyed every call of their officers and their vigilant attention to duty at the present moment ought to satisfy the writer of that adress that it is unnecessary; and that its publication would imply an unjust suspicion of their courage and patriotism.

Wednesday August 24, 1814, Page 2 Col. 3

Monday 2 o'clock p. m.

Our army is about two miles from the Wood Yard, the enemy's flankers(as we suppose) have advanced near the farm of Benjamin Oden, and his main body to Upper Marlborough; his force is not exactly known, but presumed to be from 5 to 6000. Commodore Barney and his men are now with us. From a very heavy firing or explosion we have heard about 11 or 12 o'clock, it was the opinion that the flotilla had been burnt, or that the militia, Major^s Warren and-----'s battallions have met them. We are all in fine spirits. I shall lose no time in giving you information.

Nat Int

The Enemy

This day the enemy made his appearance near the Wood Yard in considerable force. Our army immediately formed in line of battle; and though much inferior in numbers, gave three cheers and prepared for action. The enemy without attempting to engage filed off to the left. Ours retrograded towards the Wood Yard. Troops from all quarters were constantly pouring into our assistance. The most patriotic feelings are displayed throughout the whole country. With such heroes to defend us we consider the city safe.

The flotilla under Commodore Barney was, this day at nine o'clock, blown up by order of the Commodore.

By the late advices, the enemy was at Upper Marlborough.

From the City Gazette

Washington, D. C.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Wednesday August 24, 1814, Page 2 Col. 5.

Condition of Baltimore.

The city is not under Martial Law. All male citizens subject to do military duty, assemble morning and evening, for parade and drill: they are dismissed at 8 o'clock, A. M. and meet again at 4 P. M. - quatering at their homes respectively and under pay. Except the above restrictions, and being subject to a call any moment by signal guns, the people pursue their avocations as heretofore.

War in Maryland.

We sit down for the purpose of furnishing such data as may be instructive to distant readers, and enable them to refute at least a portion of the errors and absurd rumors which fly daily through all main parts of the country. We cannot be supposed to possess an actual knowledge of the actual force landed in this state, and that our own policy dictates that we should withhold all information possible from the foe. The British forces, however, are supposed to be about 5000 men. This disposable, in addition to the marines and seamen of thirty ships of war.-- Should they determine on a vigorous dash at the Capitol, by risking all their force, it is not probable that, if successful in the first conflict, any considerable portion would be able to reach again their fortified camp, as described below: and we must be permitted to have^{too} much confidence in their discretion, to suppose that the British General will try the costly experiment, to ascertain whether 5 or 6000 men can retreat safely 50 miles in the face of armed commonwealth. General Winder has doubled their number of militia, with two regiments of regulars, and thousands of recruits are arriving to his aid. The only practical rout for the British to Washington, from Upper Marlborough and Mount Pleasant(see map below) where our Flotilla was blown up, is across the Bridge or Ford and Bladensburgh, six miles above Washington on the Eastern Branch of the Potomac. General W nder has fallen back from the Wood Yard, and will concentrate, of course, at Thermopylae. No treacherous guide, were there any in Maryland, could point the invaders to a shorter or a safer route through our line of defence, for the river has neither ford nor bridge below the pass designated: and we, of this town, know our

War in Maryland (continued.)

Leonidas well and his fearless band.

U. Marlborough.- on Western Branch of Patuxent, is, by the post road through Bladensburg. 18 miles E. by S. from Washington: 45 S. by W. from Baltimore and 25 S. W. from Annapolis.

Nottingham.-on Patuxent, 8 miles S. E. from Upper Marlborough.

Wood Yard.-or Calvert's mill on post road from U. Marlborough to Piscattaway, 5 miles S. W. from the former, and 15 N. E. from the latter.

Pig Point- at the confluence of Western Branch and Patuxent river , 4 miles E. from U. Marlborough.

Mount Pleasant.-(where Barney's late flotilla was morred) at the head of sloop navigation on Patuxent 5 miles above Pig Point.

Benedict.- on Patuxent, head of figate navigation, 40 miles S. E. of Washington.

Port Tobacco.-on Patomac, 34 miles S. from Washington and 50 S. W. from U. Marlborough.

BRITISH POSITION.- Main army; the right wing at Benedict on Potomac, flanked by their fleet in the river-left wing, near Port Tobacco on Potomac, flanked by their fleet in that river-centre, at Brian Town, about midway between the rivers. It is 15 miles from Port Tobacco to Benedict. This appears to be a permanent position, as the report of the enemy's enfiladed from right to left, has thus secured possession of the entire penninsula south of their line to Point Lookout at the mouth of Potomac, embracing all St. Mary's County and half of Charles.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Wednesday August 24, 1814, Page 3, Col. 1

Baltimore, Wednesday morning, 24th Aug, 1814.

At a meeting of the citizens of the first Ward, convened by the public notification of the Mayor, for the purpose of choosing three persons from each ward and precincts; who together when chosen, shall with the Mayor, constitute a committee of vigilance and safety, during the present time of alarm. The said meeting having proceeded to elect by ballot, when

Henry Stouffer,

Solomon Etting,

Elias Ellicott,

were duly elected for the purpose, and to whom are delegated by this meeting, full power and authority to act in their wisdom, they may deem proper on the occasion.

Resolved, That the proceeding of this meeting, be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and published.

E. Ellicott, Chairman.

Solomon Etting, Secretary.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Wednesday August 24, 1814. Page 3, Col. 1

Third Ward, 24th. August, 1814.

At a meeting of the Citizens of the Third Ward at Mr. Kaminsky's on the forenoon of Wednesday, the 24th August, 1814 for the purpose of electing three persons to constitute a " Committee of Vigilance and Safety " during the present time of alarm-----

James Calhoun, Chairman

Jono. Hollins, Secretary.

An election being had by the persons attending, it appeared the following gentlemen were duly elected, viz.

William Lorman, J. A. Buchanan, and William Wilson.

Jas. Calhoun, Chairman

Jono. Hollins, Sec'ry.

Baltimore, 24th Aug. 1814.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Wednesday August 24, 1814, Page 3, Col. 1

Fifth Ward, 24th August 1814,

At a meeting held this day of the citizens in the 5th Ward of the City of Baltimore at Mr. Wray's Tavern, agreeably to Public Notice given in the newspapers, after appointing a Chairman and Secretary it was unanimously agreed to and

Resolved, That three persons be elected by this Ward to meet the General Committee of the several Wards of the City and Precincts and to act with them, as a Committee of Vigilance and Safety during the present alarm and danger of the City and its Inhabitants, and that our said Committee do meet at the Mayor's Office at 5 o'clock. This Afternoon, and so meet from time to time as the General Committee may require.

Resolved, That Joseph Jameson, Cumberland Dugan and William Camp be the Committee, they being duly elected as the Standing Committee of the Fifth Ward of the city of Baltimore for the purposes above mentioned, and they are hereby requested to attend to the duties of their appointment.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the papers of the city.

Signed per order.

George Franciscus, Sec'ry.

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Communicated.

Lint, Carded Cotton, Coarse and Fine old Linnen, or Coarse Muslin, suitable for making bandages or other dressings, may be deposited at the Vaccine Institution, Chatham street, near to the Court House, where they will be carefully taken charge of, and, if required, sent forward to our fellow-citizens who have gone out to meet the enemy.

The above articles could be most conveniently taken charge of if put up in small band boxes.

It is expected that this notice will be attended to, by the Ladies, this afternoon or to-morrow.

To Prevent Alarm.

The First Marine Artillery of the Union, ~~which~~ will leave the Gun House at half past five o'clock to-morrow morning, for a day's duty.

At three o'clock in the afternoon, one mile below the Lazarette, they will fire at a target. This insertion is to prevent alarm.

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Latest from Our Army.

A gentleman of this city who has just reached town communicates the following.

The fifth regiment and Stansbury's brigade would encamp at Bladensburg last night. On information that the British were marching to Bladensburg, and within a few miles of that place, the latter had moved on to join General Winder, but the information proving untrue, they had returned to their encampment. The enemy were at Upper Marlborough at eleven o'clock yesterday morning, and shewed no disposition to advance.

It is supposed that General Winder will be joined by Stansbury's brigade and Colonel Sterett's detachment by 12 o'clock this day, and will then advance on the enemy whose force is estimated at 4000 strong- supposed the brigade of General Ross.

Colonel Sterett's command were in high spirits at Ross', tavern yesterday at 4 p. m.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Thursday, August 25, 1814. Page 3, Col. 1.

That the Capitol of the United States is
in possession of the enemy is a fact that
can no longer be doubted;

Col. 2.

(Still later)

Washington City, half past 3 o'clock.

The British have driven us from Baldensburg
---some killed and wounded on both sides---
we have retreated to Washington---our men be-
haved well.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Thursday, August 25, 1814. Page 2, Col. 3.

Washington City, August 24.

Our main body were yesterday at the Battalion Fields, 8 miles from the city. It was reported late in the evening, that the enemy was advancing on them with his whole strength; but it was impossible to ascertain the fact, as more of those who brought tidings to the city could speak with certainty of the enemy's situation or movements.

We feel assured that the number and bravery of our men, will afford complete protection to the city. The Baltimore troops about 2500, completely equipped, have arrived in our vicinity: and last night 700 men reached the city from Virginia.

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Friday, August 26, 1814. Page 3, Col. 2.

The Governor has appointed Major Gen. Smith to take command of the military force here, and to make the necessary preparations for the defence of the city.

Large requisitions of the militia of the State have been ordered to repair to Baltimore for its defence; three companies from the county arrived here this morning.

Commodores Rogers, Perry and Porter, with 400 men, have arrived in this town.

We are unable to give anything like correct news from our Army in this State; or from the British at Washington.

Our fellow citizens from the late battle, continue to come in. They report that gen. Winder, with the main body, had concentrated at Montgomery Court House, 35 miles from Baltimore; and it is supposed they are on their way to this city.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

Friday, August 26, 1814. Page 3, Col. 3.

NOTICE

The medical gentlemen of the city who are not attached, as surgeons to the respective regiments are requested to meet at Dr. Gibson's tomorrow morning at eight o'clock for the purpose of organizing a corps to follow the Army in case of necessity.

Federal Gazette and Baltimore Daily Advertiser

Saturday, August 27, 1814. Page 3, Col. 1.

Under existing circumstances when all are preparing to meet the enemy, it is found necessary to suspend for a time the daily publication of the newspapers in this city. By mutual arrangements the editors of the several papers have agreed that the present shall be the last regular publication. But our subscribers shall be furnished in extra sheets occasionally with any important news that may be received; and the regular publication shall be resumed as soon as circumstances will permit.

Gen. Winder arrived here this morning.

Sat. August 27, 1814. Page 3, Col. 4.

By the Committee of Vigilance and Safety.

Resolved, That all good citizens be, and are hereby requested to give to this committee any information they may have, relative to suspected persons or places; and that the members of this committee be and they are hereby required to appoint such persons as they may think proper in each ward and precinct, to search such suspected persons and places: and the persons so appointed shall report to this committee any information that may be obtained.

Resolved, That the owners of vessels now moored and made fast, at or near the wharves of the city, are hereby directed to remove their vessels immediately to some place below Harris's Creek for the greater security.

Whereas it has been communicated to this committee by Brig. General Stricker, Com. Perry, Maj. Armistead, and Capt. Spence, in person, that it is their wish that Maj. Gen. Smith be requested to take the command of the forces which may be called into service for the defence of the city.---Therefore

Resolved, That Col. John E. Howard, Mr. Frisby and Mr. Stewart be appointed to wait on Maj. Gen. Smith and communicate to him the information this committee have received to state that they unanimously concur with the same; and to request that he would at this important crisis take upon himself the command of the forces that may be called out for the defence of our city.

Whereas in the present exigency, MONEY will be wanted for various purposes, therefore

Resolved, That the inhabitants of the City and Precincts be, and

By the Committee of Vigilance and Safety (Continued.)

they are hereby invited to contribute thereto by calling at the Mayor's office, who will receive such contributions, and will publish the names of the contributors and the sums by them severally given, to be appropriated to such objects as the committee of Vigilance and Safety may authorize and direct.

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ an additional Watch, to guard the City and Precincts, the Committee of Vigilance and Safety; and that the City Commissioners, and the Companies of the Eastern and Western Precincts be requested to aid him on the execution thereof.

Edw. Johnson, Chairman.

Names of the Committee.

Henry Stouffer
Solomon Etting
Elias Ellicott
Saml. Hollingsworth
Benj. Berry
Henry Payson
Wm. Lorman
Jas. A Buchanan
Wm. Wilson
Wm. Patterson
Adam Fonerden
Jas. Wilson
Jos. Jamieson
Cumberland Dugan
Wm. Camp

Jas. Armstrong
Jas. Taylor
Peter Bond
Robert Stewart
Fred. Schaffer
Richard Stevens
Hézekiah Waters
David Burke
George Woelper
Hermanus Alricks
John Kelso
Richard Frisby
Col. J. E. Howard
George Warner
Theodorick Bland

Balt. Aug. 26.

Wed. August 31, 1814, Page 2, Col. 2.

Another Tour of Duty by the Committee of
Vigilance and Safety.

30th. August, 1814.

Whereas the Commanding Officer has requested the further aid of the citizens in completing the works already so far advanced and erecting others for the defence of the city; and the Committee of Vigilance and Safety having full confidence in the patriotism of their fellow citizens, therefore-

Resolved, That the city and precincts be divided into for districts, and that the exempts from military duty and the free people of color, of the first district, consisting of the 8th ward and Eastern Precincts, be and they are hereby requested to assemble on Thursday next, and that Anthur Mitchell, Daniel Conn, Henry Pennington, John Chalmers, William Starr, Thomas Weary, Henry Horwood, Philip Cronmiller, John Price, Bazil Smith, John Gracy, John Schunck, John Smith, and Calvin Cooper, be charged with the superintendence during the day.

That those of the second district, comprising the 5th, 6th, and 7th wards, assemble on Friday next under the superintendence of William Parks, Capt. Watts, Ludwig Herring, William Ross, William Carman, Caleb Ernest, Jacob Miller, Robert Fisher, John Gross, James Hutton, and George Auckerman.

That those of the third district, comprising the 2d, 3d, and 4th wards assemble on Saturday next under the superintendence

Wed. August 31, 1814, Page 2, Col. 2.

Another Tour of Duty. (Continued.)

of Frederick Leypold, William McCleary, John Mc Kim, Jr. , Henry Shroeder, Alexander McDonald, Eli Hewett, Peter Gold, and Alexander Russell.- and

That those of the fourth district, comprising the first ward and western precincts, assemble on Sunday next under the superintendence of William W. Taylor, William Jessup, Edward Harris, George Decker, William Hawkins, Isaac Phillips, William Jones, John Hegnet, Charles Bohn, Alexander Irvine, Ferdinando Gourdon and Jonas Clapham.

That John Kelso, George Woelper, Robert Stewart, Peter Bond, William Comp, Adam Fonerden, William Lorman, Benjamin Berry, Henry Stouffer, and George Warner, members of this committee, be and they are hereby requested to give notice to the persons appointed as superintendants in their several districts, and to aid them with their advice and assistance.

The owners of slaves are requested to send them to work on the days assigned to the several districts, and such of our patriotic fellow citizens of the country or elsewhere, as are disposed to aid in the common defence, are invited to partake in the further duties now required on such days as may be most convenient.

Edward Johnson, Chairman.