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OF THE
American Clan Gregor Society
INCORPORATED
Containing the Proceedings of the
1954 Annual Gathering

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTENTS</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clan Officers and Members of Council</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Deputy Chieftains</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magna Charta Article and Chart</td>
<td>9-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chiefs of Clan Gregor Line of Descent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;—Part I</td>
<td>15-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;—Part II</td>
<td>23-35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; &quot; &quot;—Part III</td>
<td>36-37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stories of the MacGregor Country</td>
<td>38-46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12th Century MacGregor Country</td>
<td>46-48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clan Gregor References</td>
<td>48-51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magruder Revolutionary War Services</td>
<td>51-57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homes of Yesteryear</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report of Registrar</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report of Historian</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weddings</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954 Program</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magruder Bronze Tablet</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memorials</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954 Gathering Roster</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A Photographic Reproduction of the Dover Copy.
The original is 14½ x 21½ inches.
The decorative shields have been added.

Facsimile by Courtesy of Mr. John S. Wurts of Germantown, Pa., an authority on the Magna Charta Barons.
INTRODUCTION TO A CHART SHOWING
THE LINE OF DESCENT
of
ALEXANDER MAGRUDER
From
SIX MAGNA CHARTA BARONS
By
BRIG. GEN. MARSHALL MAGRUDER

Alexander Magruder, a Scot, came of a Royal race which had through long
suffering learned to have confidence in its ability to overcome all odds, and not only
to survive but obtain its share of the fruits of the Earth.

In this short article we will seek to find the spark that motivated Alexander
Magruder in his struggle to establish his line in the new country.

Mrs. Olive S. Pope, our clanswoman from Dunwoody, Georgia, has prepared
numerous valuable genealogical charts the first of which is “The Royal Clan Alpin”
which shows the lines of Alexander Magruder back through the MacGregor Clan
Chiefs and the Kings of Scotland. The second, which is the subject of this article,
shows his descent from six of the Magna Charta Barons, who forced King John
to sign the Magna Charta. This document signed in 1215 was the first written
instrument granting basic freedoms to a people by a King. It was, of course, the
forerunner of our Bill of Rights, Declaration of Independence, and of the Constitu-
tion, which has become a model for democracies the world over.

No wonder the British people guard this instrument so closely. It was over
here at the New York World’s Fair when World War II began, and was carefully
guarded until it could be safely returned to England.

This natural desire of freedom of the Scottish people, when in a sense cul-
minated in 1215 with the signing of the Magna Charta, must have been a strong
hereditary influence in the forming of the character of Alexander Magruder.
We, members of the Clan, are justly proud of his descent from these Magna Charta
Barons; and proud to know that the lines in this chart have been approved by
John S. Wurts, Historian of the Magna Charta Society, so that any member of
the American Clan Gregor Society is entitled to membership in the Magna Charta
Society.

The other important chart prepared by Mrs. Pope on the hereditary influence
of Alexander Magruder is, “Alexander Magruder’s direct line from Charlemayne”
through his son Pepin, born 776, died 810, King of Lombardy and Italy. Charle-
magne was one of the greatest Kings of all time.

So when Alexander Magruder walked ashore in Maryland in 1652, although
a prisoner of war, he was not alone. The spirit of his illustrious ancestors was
with him, to give him strength, faith, and to succor him in time of need.
Perhaps he was ever thinking of that old Scotch prayer of John MacGregor of Drun Chari which was:

"Never despair, rely on God, and He will send thee help,
Though it seem chance to thee."

Or—

"While there's leaves in the Forest and foam on the River,
MacGregor despite them, Shall flourish forever."

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Note by Editor: Due to technical difficulties Mrs. Pope's chart is not reproduced in this issue.

Instead, through the kind permission of Mr. John S. Wurts, of the Society of Magna Charta Barons and an authority on descendants of the Magna Charta Sureties, we are publishing an article and a chart used by Mr. Wurts in his valuable collection of Magna Charta books.

Mr. Wurts is a resident of Germantown, Pa., and holds high office in many hereditary organizations, among which is the Magna Charta Dames.

---

"There are not many persons, but at some time long to open the chronicles of the past, and read the records of their ancestors; for as Edward Everett says, 'there is no man of culture who does not take an interest in what was done by his forefathers.'"

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ORDER OF THE GARTER

"When first this order was ordained, my Lords
Knights of the Garter were of noble birth,
Valiant and virtuous, full of haughty courage,
Such as were grown to credit by the wars;
Not fearing death, nor shrinking from distress,
But always resolute in most extremes,
He that is not furnished in this sort,
Doeth but usurp the sacred name of Knight,
Profaning this most Honorable Order."

---

"While there's leaves in the forest
And foam on the river,
MacGregor despite them all
Shall flourish forever."
THE DESCENT OF ALEXANDER MAGRUDER

from King Robert Bruce and
from Six Sureties for the Magna Charta of A. D. 1215.

Compiled by John S. Wurts

*26. Saire de Quincey the Surety, Earl of Winchester, born before 1154, died 3 November 1219, while on a crusade to Jerusalem, married Margaret Beaumont, daughter of Robert Beaumont.

*25. Roger de Quincey, second son, died 25 April 1264, married Helen, daughter of Alan MacDonal, Lord of Galloway and his first wife Ragnhild of the Isles.

*24. Elizabeth Quincey married Alexander Comyn, 2nd Earl of Buchan, died 1290, son of William Comyn and his wife Margaret, Countess of Buchan.


*22. Isabella Strathearn married William Sinclair, Lord of Roslin, died shortly after 17 September 1358.

*21. Henry Sinclair (St. Clair), Earl of Stratherne, Orkney and Caithness, and Lord of Zetland, was slain in 1404, having married Jean, daughter of Sir Walter Halyburton of Dirleton.

*20. Mary Sinclair married Sir Thomas de Somerville of Linton and Carnwath, born about 1257, died December 1444, the first Lord Somerville to attend Parliament.


*18. John, 3rd Lord of Somerville, died in November 1491, married first 10 July 1446 Helen, daughter of Sir Adam Hepburn of Hailes.

*17. Elizabeth Somerville married (17) Archibald Campbell, of Lochow, Argyll, styled Master of Campbell, died before March 1440, who was descended as follows:

26. RICHARD de CLARE the Surety was 4th Earl of Hertford, dying in 1217. He married Amicia Meullent, Countess of Gloucester.

25. GILBERT de CLARE the Surety, born about 1180, died 25 October 1230. He married Isabella, one of the sisters of William Marshall the Surety, and daughter of William Marshall the Protector.

24. Isabel Clare, born 1226, married in May 1240 Robert Bruce, Lord of Annandale, born 1210, died 1295.

23. Robert Bruce, a crusader, born 1243, died 1304, married Marjorie (Margaret), Countess of Carrick.

22. KING ROBERT BRUCE, born 11 July 1274, crowned King of Scotland 25 March 1306, married first Isabel Mar, daughter of Donald, 10th Earl of Mar. Their daughter,

21. Princess Marjorie Bruce, born 1296, died 1316, married Sir Walter, died 9 April 1326, son of James, Lord High Steward of Scotland, and had
The Descent of ALEXANDER MAGRUDER from King Robert Bruce and from Six Sureties for the Magna Charta of A.D. 1215

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>27</th>
<th>ROGER BIGOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>-SAIRE de QUINCEY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Roger de Quincey = Helen Macdonal of Galloway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Elizabeth Quincey = Alexander Comyn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Agnes Comyn = Malise Strathearn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Isabel Strathearn = William Sinclair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Henry Sinclair = Jean Halyburton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Mary Sinclair = Thomas de Somerville</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>William Somerville = Janet Mowat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>John Somerville = Helen Hepburn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Elizabeth Somerville = Archibald Campbell</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 16 | Colin Campbell = Isabel Stewart |
| 15 | Archibald Campbell = Elizabeth Stewart |
| 14 | Donald Campbell = |
| 13 | Sir James Campbell = Lady Mary Montifex |
| 12 | Lady Margaret Campbell = (2) Alexander McGruder |

* 11 Alexander Magruder = (1) Margaret Braithwaite, (2) Sarah, (3) Elizabeth Hawkins

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**Chart by courtesy of Mr. John S. Wurts, of the National Society of Magna Charta Barons.**
20. KING ROBERT II, born 2 March 1315/16, died 13 May 1390, married first Elizabeth, daughter of Adam Mure. They were the parents not only of King Robert III, but also of:

19. Robert, Duke of Albany, born 1340, died 1419, married first Margaret Graham, Countess of Menteith. He married second Muriella Keith, had

18. Marjorie Stewart, married Duncan, Lord Campbell, died 1453, son of Colin Campbell of Lochow, and his wife Margaret, his second cousin.

(17) Archibald Campbell as above married *17 Elizabeth Somerville.

*16. Colin Campbell, created Earl of Argyll 1457, died 10 May 1493, married before 9 April 1465, (16) Isabel (Elizabeth) Stewart of Lorn, died at Dumbarton 26 October 1510, who was descended as follows:

27. ROGER BIGOD the Surety, Earl of Norfolk and Suffolk, born about 1150, died before August 1221, having married first Isabella (Ida), daughter of Hameline Plantagenet.

26. HUGH BIGOD, also a Surety, Earl of Norfolk and Suffolk, born before 1195, died in February 1224/5, having married about 1212 Maud, a sister of the Surety William Marshall and daughter of William Marshall the Protector.

25. Isabel Bigod married second John FitzGeoffrey, who died 23 November 1258.


23. Richard de Burgh, Earl of Ulster, born 1259, died 29 July 1326, married 27 February 1280/81 (23) Margaret Burgh, died about 1303. She was descended as follows:

26. WILLIAM de LANVALLEI the Surety, governor of Colchester Castle, died 1217, having married Hawise Basset, leaving an only daughter.

25. Hawise Lanvallei, died 1249, married John de Burgh, who died 1275.

24. John de Burgh, died 1279, married Cecily Baliol.

(23) Margaret Burgh as above married 23 Richard de Burgh, the Red Earl of Ulster, half brother of Egedia Burgh, second wife of the elderly James, 5th Lord High Steward of Scotland 1309. Egedia's only child, Walter, 6th Lord High Steward at age of 16. Walter born 1293, died 9 April 1327. Richard and Egedia were children of Walter de Burgh, Earl of Ulster and Trim, who died 28 July 1271 and last wife Aveline FitzGeoffrey, who died 20 May 1274.

22. Elizabeth Burgh, daughter of Richard, became the second wife of KING ROBERT BRUCE, No. 22 above.

21. Matilda Bruce, died 1353, married Squire Thomas Ysak.


19. Isabel Ergadia, died 1439, married John Stewart, died 1421, Lord of Lorn and Innermeath.

18. Robert Stewart, 1st Lord Lorn, died before 1449, married Margaret (Joan) Stewart, daughter of Robert, Duke of Albany, and sister of Marjorie Stewart, No. 18 above.

17. John Stewart, 2nd Lord Lorn, died 20 December 1463, leaving (beside a son Dugald and two other daughters):

(16) Isabel Stewart, as above, married *16 Colin Campbell.

*15. Archibald Campbell, 2nd Earl of Argyll, in 1500 made Lieut. Gen. of
the Isles, slain 9 September 1513 at the battle of Flodden, married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Stewart, 1st Earl of Lennox.

*14. Donald Campbel, Abbot of Coupar in 1526, Lord Privy Seal, married and had five sons, of whom


*12. Lady Margaret Campbell married second in 1605 Alexander McGruder (MacGregor), born 1569.

*11. Alexander (MacGregor) Magruder, born in Perthshire, Scotland, in 1610, died at “Anchovie Hills”, Maryland, in 1677, was an officer in the army of Charles II, and was sent as a prisoner of war to Virginia in 1651. He removed to Maryland in 1652 where he owned considerable land in Calvert (now Prince George’s County. He married first Margaret, daughter of William Braithwaite, a member of the first General Assembly and acting governor of Maryland, who was a cousin of the Calverts (Lord Baltimore).
INTRODUCTION

With the final departure of the Romans from Britain about 502 A.D., there came to the west coasts of North Britain, the Scots—a Celtic or Gallic people from the North of Ireland, then known as Scotia (land of the Scots). In making permanent settlements in the Western Highlands the Scots waged war for centuries with the Picts for mastery thereof. The leaders of the Scots were three brothers: Fergus, Lorn, and Angus, whose descendants formed the Scoto-Irish Dynasty of Kings, who ruled over the Scots. At first the Scots brought over only 150 men. The last King of this dynasty was King Alpin, King of Argyle shire, Scotland (reigned 831 to 834). His father was the Scottish King Archius, King of Argyle shire, Scotland, and whose mother was Urgusia, daughter of King Urguis of the Picts. Ref. (Sir Walter Scott and John O’Hart). King Alpin, the 29th descendant from King Fergus II, of Scotland, reigned 413 to 419.

King Alpin died 834 and was succeeded by his eldest son, Kenneth II, and became the first sole King of Scotland. He accomplished this by establishing the union of the Picts and Scots, adopting Scone, the capital of the Picts as the seat of his government. He reigned 834 to 854.

King Alpin’s 3rd son was Gregor. (Ref. #4) Adams says—“Royal is my Race,” is the motto of this ancient Clan, the senior one of Clan Alpin, the most glorious and most unfortunate. Its chiefs claim descent from Grig or Gregory (Grigar—fierce), 3rd son of Alpin. (Ref. #6) Sir Walter Scott says—The Sept MacGregor, claimed a descent from Gregor or Gregorius, 3rd Son of King Alpin King of Scots, who flourished about 878 A.D., hence their original patronymic is MacAlpin, and they are usually called Clan Alpin; and an individual tribe of them retains the same name. They are accounted one of the ancient Clans in the Highlands, and it is certain they are a people of original Celtic descent, and occupied at one period very extensive possessions in Perth and Arglesshire, Scotland.

In this brief history, the line of succession is followed by generation, giving to the Chief in the line of our MacGregor chiefs’ descent the generation number in Roman numerals. This succession is then the blood line in direct descent to our
present hereditary Chief. In some instances a brother of the same generation is given, because of some particular interest. In such cases the Roman numerals indicating generation are enclosed in (gen.—) parenthesis to indicate—not in direct line.

Obviously, in the brief space available in this article, mention can not be made of the many famous Chiefs of Collateral Houses. In the “Baronage” ref. #3 and Miss MacGregor’s History-ref. #10, most of the son’s line of the various branches and houses are carried along by generations with similar Roman numerals, starting with Gregor as #1. At this writing we are primarily interested in the MacGregor of MacGregor line of our Chief.

Legend: b—born, d—died, m—married, dsp—left no issue, s—succeeded, gen—generation from Alpin, dau—daughter, yst—youngest.

ANCESTRY

When first I began my search to see,
What I could learn of my ancestry,
They seemed to me so far away;
As if they had lived in Caesar’s day,
But my interest grew, and great pains I took,
To find my own in each history’s book,
As their names and deeds came to light,
The ages vanished like mists of the night,
As they came so near I seemed to see,
My beloved, forgotten ancestry.

Now I have them with me with their powdered hair,
Wearing beruffled shirts debonair.
Their pleated coats and flowered vests,
The signet rings with their jewelled crests,
The satin breeches that fit so tight,
Long silk stockings and polished shoes,
With their buckles of brightened silver, too.
They seemed so near and so dear to me,
My new found friends, my ancestry.

SEGAL.

“NOBLESSE OBLIGE”

It has been said that “Every great event in history turns upon the action of an individual and the history of a nation is largely the history of individuals of which the nation is composed.”

Of Family History the same is true, that the history of individuals composing the family must be taken cognizance of individually, not only those belonging to the present generation, but those who may be discerned through the faint and faded light, which illuminates the centuries of past ages.
THE THIRD SON OF ALPIN GENERATION I DOWN TO INCLUDING THE SONS OF GREGOR (AULIN) GENERATION XII.

The first eleven Chiefs (gen. I to XI inc.) are traditional Chiefs, all prior to entries in the “Chronical of Fortingal”, which began in 1390, but they are included in “The Baronage”, (ref. #3), and transcribed by Miss MacGregor’s History-ref. #10. All the major references for the period are in general agreement as to the order of succession. The dates vary slightly sometimes as well as the spelling of names. See particularly, refs. #2, #10, and #9, listed on the last page of this article for verification.

Gen. 0 Alpin crowned King of Scotland 833 A.D. was the 29th Scottish King. Killed at battle in Ayr Shire in 834, leaving three sons: the two eldest (Kenneth II and Donald I) succeeded in turn, as was customary, and reigned as Kings from 834 to 854 and 854 to 864, respectively. Prince Gregor’s 3rd son Donald I s,

Gen. I Prince Gregor MacAlpin (or Gregory The Great) 1st son of King Alpin, it is generally claimed, founded the Clan Gregor, and hence its First Chief, Laird or Lord and all his sons and descendants constituted the Clan Gregor. He inherited land in the present counties of Perthshire Galloway, and Argyle, and flourished according to Sir Walter Scott around 878 A.D. He had 2 sons the eldest of whom was,

Gen. II Dongallus (or Donald II) MacGregor (d900 in battle with the Danes), m. in 941 Princess Spontana, sister of Duncan, of the Southern Hi Neil, High King in Ireland. He was a Maormor of the country between the Dee and the Spey before 875 A.D. Mentioned in the Book of Deer. They left 2 sons:
1. Constantine (MacGregor), the eldest s. (MacGregor Chief’s Line).
2. Grig (MacGregor), Maormor of the land of Galloway. When King Constantine of Scotland was murdered by the Danes in 878, he raised a force in Ireland, reconquered Scotland, reestablished his cousin Eocha as King of Strath Clyde; was benefactor of the church and reigned by right of alternate succession as Gregory The Great, 878-889, and was buried on lonely Iona with other Scottish Kings.

Gen. III Constantine III MacGregor, eldest son, s. in 903 and was slain in 940, in battle with the Danes. He m. Malvina, his cousin, and dau. of Donald VI, son of Constantine II. Their son Gregor s. (MacGregor chiefs line)

Gen. IV Gregor MacGregor, standard bearer to his uncle, King Malcolm I, in all the celebrated campaigns of that warlike Monarch, who reigned 940-958. He m. Dorvigelda, dau. of the Commander of the Army. Gregor was slain in battle by the Danes in 961 and was s. by his son John (MacGregor chiefs line).
Gen. V

John MacGregor b. 944 m. Alpina, dau. of Angus, great grandson of Achaius, brother of King Kenneth The Great. John was a contemporary of Malcolm II. Slain in battle 1004. He left Gregor (called Garbh for stout) who s. (MacGregor chiefs line)

Gen. VI

Gregor MacGregor, born 974, styled Laird of Glenurchy, m. dau. of Campbell of Lochow, father of Gillespie who m. Eva O'Duin and became Laird of Lochow, ancestor of the Dukes of Argyle. Gregor fought with David I against the Normans and the Danes 1035-1040. He was a strong supporter of Duncan I, son of Malcolm III, King of Scotland 1057-1093, and greatly resented the murder of Duncan I by MacBeth. They had:

1. Sir John MacGregor, called “forward into battle” who s. (MacGregor chiefs line)
2. Gregor who became Bishop of St. Andrews.

Gen. VII

Sir John MacGregor, the eldest son, became Laird of Glenurchy (d1113), in the reign of Alexander I (1107-1124). He m. an English Lady of great beauty, who came to Scotland with Margaret Aethling, Princess of England and m. Malcolm III. Sir John possessed Royal powers during that reign. One son (Gregor) became Bishop of Dunkeld, and Lord Chancellor of Scotland 1157. His eldest son, Sir Malcolm MacGregor s. (MacGregor chiefs line)

Gen. VIII

Sir Malcolm MacGregor (of the Castles), Laird of MacGregor, lived during the reign of King David I (1124-1153) and died in 1164, in the reign of King Malcolm IV. He m. Marjory, youngest dau. of William, Lord Lindsay, the first Lord Crawford, and Chief of the Army, and nephew of the King David. Malcolm was a man of great physical strength and courage, and distinguished himself by saving the life of his King on a great hunt, whereupon the King Knighted him on the spot. This is the story: In the great forest, the King, on horseback, had cornered a wild boar, and was the custom, dismounted to give the death stroke in the throat with his spear, but he missed the animal. The infuriated beast was gathering himself to charge the defenseless King, when Malcolm sprang to the rescue. He pulled up an Oak sapling by the roots, and holding it between King David and the boar, asked permission to kill the animal. The King replied, “E’en do, and spare not.” Malcolm then killed the boar with his hunting knife.

King David created Malcolm MacGregor Lord of Glenurchy, and added to his ancestral banner—"an oak tree eradicated," and the motto: "E’en do and Spair nocht". Originally the MacGregor arms bore a Pine tree eradicated in bend sinister proper, but since the episode recounted above it has borne an Oak tree instead.

Sir Malcolm and Marjory left three sons:
1. William MacGregor, from whom are descended the MacGregor chiefs line, s.
2. Gregor MacGregor, Bishop of Inverness, 1314.
3. Achaius MacGregor, from whom descended the MacKays.
(Sir Malcolm of the Castles was known as the 8th Chief. He coincides with the 8th generation at this point in the article.) M.M.

William MacGregor, Lord of MacGregor, Lord of GlenUrchy, m. dau. of Lord Lindsay, 1st Lord Crawford by his wife Marjory, dau. of Henry, Prince of Scotland and brother of King William The Lion. Lord William MacGregor flourished during the reign of King William The Lion (1160-1214) and died 1238 in the reign of King Alexander II (1214-1249). Lord MacGregor was the great grandson of King Duncan II, thru his mother, and first cousin to the William “Pretender”, who raised a rebellion in 1187 when he was killed. Donald Bane (MacWilliam), son of Guthred, continued the rebellion until 1212, when he was captured and executed. Just how deeply the MacGregors of Perthshire, Galloway and Argyllshire were involved in these battles is not known, but eventually they were punished in a round about fashion. The First Lord of Crawford was of a very distinguished Scottish family. (See ref. 3, vol. I, page 371.) The (Mac) William Pretenders were put down forever by the Norman Justiciar William Comyn, First Earl of Badenach and Buchan in 1212. His sister married Duncan Campbell, 5th Lord of Lochow.

In the reign of Alexander II (1214 to 1240), it became necessary to take Argyile from the Northmen. Hugh MacGregor, of Glen Orchy, fought under the banner of the Earl of Rose, who gave him land on the boundary of Argyleshire and Perthshire around Loch Katrine, and the north end of Loch Lomond. (Ref. 5, p. 181) Off the bank of Loch Lomond is Incheaid Loch, “The Isle of Old Women”, which received its name from an old nunnery that once stood there. This Isle is sacred to the MacGregors, and in the tangled brambles and green trees is their burial ground. It was on the halidom of “Him Who Sleeps Beneath the Gray Stone of Incheaid Loch,” that members of Clan Gregor took their deadly “Oaths”. Lord William by Lady MacGregor left two sons:

1. Gregor, eldest son and heir s. (MacGregor chiefs line). Ref. #2 and #9.

Gregor MacGregor, Lord of MacGregor, Lord of Glenurchy, lived to an advanced age and died in 1300, in the reign of King John Baliol (1290-1296). He m. Marion Gilchrist, dau. of Gilchrist, Earl of Monteilth. (Note—The Latin history of the Alpin family appears to end with Gregory about 1248.) Lord MacGregor lived through the strenuous years of the Bruce-Baliol contest and the invasion of Edward I (1296-1306) in the occupation of Scotland, joined King Alexander III on that Monarch’s expedition for the recovery of the Western Isles from Haco, of Norway, in 1248. He voted for John Baliol and when John Baliol rebelled against the tyranny of Edward I in 1296, he invaded England. Gregor, Lord MacGregor, m. Marion and had:
1. John. He was one of the Magnates of Scotiae, made prisoner by Edward (King) of England at Dunbar 1296. Mentioned in the "Ragmans Roll". He was forced to go to France (where he died) and fight for the King to save his lands from forfeiture.

His dau. and heiress, Margaret, who carried the Barony of Glenurchy to her husband, John, son of Neil Campbell, on whose mother her Royal brother had conferred the Earldom of Athol, became in his right, Earl of Athol. The Earl fell in battle at Halidon Hill 1333, leaving issue by his wife, Margaret. The child survived only a few years. Upon its death the Barony of Glenurchy returned to the family of MacGregor. Gregor, Lord of MacGregor, died 1300 in Glenurchy.

2. Malcolm, next son s. (MacGregor chiefs line)

Malcolm, Lord MacGregor, and of Glenurchy, inherited ancient title and lands in Perthshire and Northumberland, through Marjory and Duncan inheritance. (See Gen. VIII.) He fought under Edward Bruce in Ireland, was badly wounded at Dunkirk, died at an advanced age in 1374, in the reign (1370-1390) of King Robert Bruce II.

The troubles of the MacGregors began to take on a more sinister aspect under the reign of Robert Bruce and his son, David II. It all came about gradually, not in the open but in secret. Although Malcolm had led his Clan to the battle of Bannockburn in 1314, and even carried along his family priest bearing the arm of St. Ninian in a silver casket, all was forgotten by the King who seemed to be wrapped up in his brother-in-law, Neil Campbell, who died in 1316, and his sons. Campbell and Bruce hated above all people the Lords of Argyle and Lorn, and the Comyns and the MacGregors of Argyle also were blacklisted without specific charge. However, it was Malcolm MacGregor who was attached to the immortal Bruce and at one time harboured him in a large cave on his lands, enabling him to escape his enemies. Later it was made famous by Rob Roy and to this day it is known as the King's Cave.

King Robert Bruce, crowned in 1306, reigned until he died in 1329. He was succeeded by David II who reigned from 1329 until he died 1332; and in turn by Marjory Bruce's son, Robert II (of her m. with The High Stewart of Scotland), who reigned 1370-1390.

"Again," says Andrew Lang, "if the opinion be correct which holds that the Clan MacGregor, now lost its lands as being of the part of the Lords of Lorne, then in the lack of estates, the Gregors became the "wicked Clan" of disinherit "Outlaws". Adams writes—"when the MacGregor neighbors the Campbells began to wax powerful, under Robert Bruce, they insidiously managed to get Crown Charters for lands which had always been in possession of the MacGregors. It began in Argyle. A Campbell was first
made sheriff and Justiciar of Argyle and he was free to use the Standing Army, if necessary, to “Keep the Peace”. Harrassed and infuriated by this insult and indignation over such injustice of the new dynasty, and the intrigues of their political neighbors, the MacGregors withdrew into their Highland fastness; and adopting a lawless and defiant position, they attempted to hold their land by the sword, scorning what they called “paper Court”. They acquired a reputation for turbulence and disturbance of the peace, not only in the Highlands but of the Lowlands of Scotland on which their land bordered. The Clan Gregor, including all its branches was, with the exception of MacDonalds, the largest Clan in Scotland. Each branch (or House) had a Chieftain, and surnames began to be used to distinguish them, but they were still MacGregors under the Hereditary Chief. (Note: Miss MacGregor in ref. 10, p. 21, vol. I, states that XI Gen., “Malcolm MacGregor was the latest MacGregor in recognized possession of Glenurquhay,” and quotes entries in the Obituary (unquestionable authority of (Chronical of Fortingal) to support her. Note also that Glenurchy, Glenurquhay, and Glen Orchy are one and the same, although written as indicated by different historians. Lord Malcolm m. Mary MacAlpin, dau. of Malise MacAlpin, of Fennick (ref. Nos. 2, 3, 9, and 18). Malcolm (d1374) and Mary had:

1. Gregor (called Aulin or Auley) s. (MacGregor chiefs line)
2. Gilbert Gregerson, Lord of Ard and Lag, took the name of Grierson. On the 17th of May, 1410, he received a charter for the lands of Lag in Dumfriesshire, from his cousin, Henry Sinclair, 2nd Earl of Orkney, etc. (Ref. #9, vol. 2, p. 234) takes up the genealogy of 2nd son, Gilbert, and carries the line down 27 gen. from King Alpin, to Thomas MacGregor Greer, living in 1888 in England.

Gen. XII

Gregor (Aulin) MacGregor (perfectly handsome), s. in 1374 his father, Malcolm, in the reign of Robert II (1371-1390). He was called the 12th Chief (MacGregor chiefs line). Ref. #9 does not mention the eldest son’s line; however, ref. #2, vol. 7, p. 506, #3, vol. 1, p. 496, #13, vol. 1923, p. 17, and #10 all state that Gregor (Aulin) s. in 1374 to the Chieftainship of Lord Malcolm, and that he was the son of Malcolm and Mary. The A.C.G.S. Year Book 1923, p. 17, carries the line down thru his 3rd son, Gillespie, to Gen. XX, Alexander (II) MacGregor (McGruder). Gregor-Aulin MacGregor m. Iric MacAlpin, dau. of his mother’s brother, Malcolm. MacAlpin, son of Malise MacAlpin. Gregor d. in 1413 during the reign of James I (1405-1435), leaving 5 sons and several dau.s. Viz.:

Gen. XIII

1. Malcolm, eldest son s. but died soon thereafter without issue.
2. John s. upon the death of Malcolm in 1420. John MacGregor, of that ilk (formerly of Brackly), m. a dau. of the Laird of McLachlan firstly and by her had three sons. Later he m.
twice. This John of Glenstrae became the 13th Chief in the *Hereditary line of our present Chief*—Sir Malcolm MacGregor, of MacGregor. The continuation of this brother's line will follow in **PART TWO**.

3. **Gillespie**, 3rd son, was the Cruiter or Harper. He was the bard of the Clan—wrote and sang its praises, and his descendants were known as the MacCruiters, pronounced Cruder or Gruder. He was b. in 1375 and became the *ancestor of Alexander* (II) *Magruder*, the Progenitor of the American Clan Gregor Society. The continuation of this line will follow in **PART THREE**.

4. Gregor—the 4th son from whom the family of Ruath, Shruth, or Roro descend.

5. Dougall MacGregor, last son, called Coulciar, the Dark Dougall, from whom are descended those called MacCoulciar. He is the ancestor of Ciar, the ancestor of Donald MacGregor, of Glen Gyle, said to have been a Lt. Col. in the service of James II (1437-1460). He m. a dau. of Campbell of Glen Falloch, and owned land between Loch Lomond and Loch Katrine. Their children were:

1. MacGregor, of Glen Gyle.
2. Rob Roy Campbell MacGregor, the celebrated "Highland Rebel", who m. Mary Helen Campbell. He was b. c. a. 1664, d. 1734, age 70 years. Rob Roy, wife—Mary Helen, and their two sons, Coll and Robert, are bur. in a lot at an old church near Edenchip, only a few miles from the seat of our Hereditary Chief Sir Malcolm MacGregor.

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*Some may ask of what good is it to stir dry bones, to dig into the lives of men dead and gone, to make public the activities of men long since gone from the earth? The answer is found in Longfellow's immortal lines:*

"Lives of great men oft remind us
We can make our lives sublime,
And, departing, leave behind us
Footprints on the sands of time.

"Footprints, that perhaps another,
Sailing over life's solemn main,
A forlorn and shipwrecked brother,
Seeing, may take heart again."

**LONGFELLOW.**

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*"There is a moral and philosophical respect for our ancestors which elevate the character and improve the heart."—WEBSTER.*
Part Two

JOHN MacGREGOR (Gen. XIII), 2nd son of GREGOR (AULIN)
MacGREGOR (Gen. XII)

to include

SIR MALCOLM MacGREGOR, OF MacGREGOR (Gen. XXVI),
The PRESENT HEREDITARY CHIEF

References:
For this Part Two—the research was based primarily upon Ref. Nos. as follows:

#3—The Baronage of Scotland, at the Library of Congress.
#10—History of the Clan Gregor, compiled at the request of the Clan Gregor Society, about 1890, from public and private collections, including the manuscript of Sir John (XXII) and his correspondence with his uncle, Duncan (XXI), etc., and published by Wm. Brown of Edinburgh, vol. #1 in 1898, vol. #2 in 1901. In her genealogical studies Miss MacGregor quotes the “Baronage” for each succeeding generation, adds new material, clarifies, and presents, as far as known, the authentic lines of descent of the various branches or Houses of the MacGregor Clan. She furnishes the necessary data to fill in the descent from Lord Malcolm’s sons (gen. XIII), down to include Patrick (XVIII). From there on down to our present Chief, Burke’s Peerage furnishes complete genealogical details to accompany Miss MacGregor’s historical accounts.

Gen. XIII John MacGregor, 2nd son of Gregor (Aulin), s. in 1420 his bro., Malcolm, and lived during the reign of King James I (1405-1433), d. in 1461, in the reign of James III (1460-1488). He was of that ilk (formerly of Brackly), a man of great martial spirit, and was made Lord of MacGregor. The Knight of Lochow found means in this Lord’s day to stir the McNabs to insult the MacGregors, in consequence of which a party of the latter, the MacGregors, fought the Clan in Abba at Chrianlarich, and cut them off almost to a man. Lochow having on that pretense obtained—“Letters of Fire and Sword,” against both Clans, got military forces to assist him in redressing them. Many bloody skirmishes were fought in conjunction by both, in which many of their enemies were destroyed, but in the end the Clans lost lands, while the Knight of Lochow and his friends assumed possession thereof. John m. the dau. of Lord MacLachan, Chieftain of Argyle shire. He d. 1461 and left 3 sons:

1. Malcolm, eldest son and heir s. (MacGregor chiefs line)
2. Gregor, of Breachd-Sliabh, in Glenurchy.
3. John, of Breachd-Sliabh, in Glenurchy.
4. Margret m. Lauchlan Mor Macuarie, Chief of that Clan.
John m. 2nd by the dau. of MacIntosh. No known issue.
John m. 3rd by the dau. of Sir Colin Campbell. Had a son, James (?).

(Gen. XIV) not direct line
Malcolm, the eldest son s. and lived during the reigns of Kings James III and IV. He died about 1498?. In this Lord's day the MacGregors lost many more of their lands. They had been provoked to chastise the MacNabs, but had never been disloyal to the Royal family. They considered the letters of "Fire and Sword" marking them as rebels, "not by their own acts, but of their Sovereign or of his ministers"; "so did not tamely yield possession of their lands to the King's forces, whom they looked upon as executive tools of ambitious individuals, etc., and because the MacGregors had been formidable adherents to his father, James III, against the faction which he presented etc. and which proved the death of his late Majesty, was much incensed against them." Lands lost during this Chieftainship were: Country of Balquhidder to Lemas Beg, descendant of a son of the Duke of Albany. Sir Colin Campbell, as 2nd son of the Knight of Lochow, became Laird of Glen Urchy. They lost the Lordship of Glendochart, extensive lands and Baileries of the countries of Deasser and Tash, the south and north sides of Loch Tay-GlenLyon, the port of Loch Tay, the country of Rannoch, the Barony of Finlarig with the castle, town and Fortalice, the lands of Shian, Balloch (now Taymount), and Achrion etc. inter annos 1465 and 1504.

The line of Malcolm (XIV) has been in much dispute, especially regarding his grandson (XVII) Gregor a chief, as to whether or not he was a law-heir. Miss MacGregor proves that chiefs of this line were accepted as legitimate heirs, blasts the fishmongers tale of a bastard son (which was unfortunately picked up by some historians without proper checking), and states that as this brother's line died out about 1707, that the true line of the chief's succession passes down thru his brother Gregor (called Mor—the Great), the 2nd son of John XIII.

Gen. XIV
Gregor (Mor) the Great, 2nd son of John (XIII) and his first wife, s. his brother, Malcolm (XIV). He was called Gregor, of Breachd-Shiabhb or Brackly, and was given the lands of Brackly, in Glenurchy with a numerous following of men. He lived in the reigns of King James III (1460-1488) and James IV (1488-1513). Many more valuable lands were lost. Grieving over the oppression of his family, friends and loss of lands, he raised his men and making several successful expeditions against their enemies, recovered possession of a large tract of land called Glen Lochy, the Forest of Corry Chaick, and the lands of Aideonaig, several others on Loch Tay, which his descendants enjoyed until the reign of James IV. Gregor-Mor m. Flora, dau. of MacArthur, of Strachur, by a dau. of the family of Argyle, ancestor of the present Col.
Campbell of Strachur. Gregor-Mor d. 1514. He and Flora had issue:

1. Duncan MacGregor, his heir called Ladosach. Lived about 100 years, but was beheaded 1552. (Of the MacGregor chiefs line.)

2. Gregor was a Captain of great reputation. Performed against the English Borders in conjunction with his cousins—the Griersons of Lag. See Malcolm XI, his 2nd son’s line. Ref. #9.

3. Malcolm MacGregor, of great prudence and valor. Greatly esteemed by Alexander Earl of Mar. Acquired the lands of Inverey with others in Brea-Mar. He m. a dau. of Donagal Lamont of Stittlaig, and had issue. The eldest son, Alexander, acquired lands in Cherry, Killach, Dalchery, Balachy, etc.

4. John MacGregor, who afterwards got the lands of Brackly from his eldest brother. Descendants of his lived there for many generations and were often mistaken for those of Duncan Ladosach.

Gen. XV

Duncan MacGregor (Ladosach), or the “Complete Hero” s. his father. A man of resolution, much celebrated by the bards, lived for a time with his uncle Strachur, in the Island of Orann in Glen Falloch. He acquired other lands and several in Breadalbane, besides his former possessions, upon which he gave those of Brackly to his youngest brother, John. He took to wife Mary, dau. to Laird of Ardkinlos (ancestor of James Campbell of Ardkinlos) and had:

1. Gregor MacGregor, eldest son and heir, beheaded with his father. Gregor’s descendants, eventually Glencarnoch XXI, and through him to the present Chief, Sir Malcolm XXVI, carry down the representation from early Chiefs by right of blood, as the oldest line, says Miss MacGregor, ref. #10.

2. Malcolm Roy MacGregor, murdered with his father and brother June 16, 1552.

3. Duncan, Oig Laddosun, MacGregor, murdered with the others June 16, 1552.


Gen. XVI

Gregor, son of Duncan MacGregor (Ladosach), eldest son did not s. because of being murdered with his father. He had m. Isabel, dau. of Cameron Stronhead, and had issue thru whom his blood descended. They were:

1. Duncan (Abrach) MacGregor, eldest, s. and from him descends the MacGregor Chiefs lines.

2. Patrick (Aulach or Adholach) MacGregor, executed at Edinburgh with Glenstrae, February 1604. There were 3 others executed that same day, and a total of 25 executed during the months of January, February and March of that
year. From whom are descended the Drumonds, known as the MacGregors of Bows.


4. Dau. More MacGregor m. Gregor, a desc. of Alexander, referred to as the son of James, son of John MacGregor.

Gen. XVII

Duncan MacGregor, called Abberach, eldest and heir, was eventually slain himself, at Bentoig 1604, by Robert Campbell, son of Duncan Campbell, of Glencruy. Duncan, of fine appearance and reputation, became very powerful. His mother's friends had tried to save him from a like fate after the murder of his father, Gregor, and grandfather, Duncan Ladosach, by hurrying him into Lochaber, while his two brothers were carried into Athol and Strathearn. Duncan m. Istly Christian MacDonald, dau. of MacDonald of Keppock, and had a son who died young. He m. 2ndly a dau. of the MacFarlans, of that ilk, a descendant of the noble family of Lenox. By her Duncan had three sons:

1. Patrick (Abrach) MacGregor, his heir and eldest son s. and carried on the representation, from whom the MacGregor chiefs are desc.

2. Robert MacGregor, a man of rare martial genius, laid the plan for attacking the Colquhouns at Glen Fruin, and his sword is preserved to this day at the seat of the present Chief at Edenchip, Lochearnhead, Perthshire. He was called Ramsy. Upon being released from prison, he was reported to Sir Donald MacKay in 1626 to be banished and sent to the wars overseas.

3. Alpin who had issue of whom Sir Evan MacGregor, of Ne-haven.

Gen. XVIII

Patrick MacGregor, Lord MacGregor, eldest son who s. his father, Duncan (Abberach), was an ardent Royalist. Chief Patrick joined Montrose in 1644 with 1000 of his own men and was in particular favor with his illustrious commander until the end. Montrose assured him that once His Majesty's affairs being on a permanent basis the grievances of the Clan should be effectually redressed, etc., but they met with disaster, and Chief Patrick's hopes died with this great hero, Marquis Montrose (executed Sept. 12, 1650), and the proscriptions. However, in consequence of their loyalty, they were thereafter restored to their name by Charles II by Act of Parliament. King Charles II, reigned 1660 to 1685, King Charles I lost his head June 10, 1649. "It is a well established tradition in the family that Patrick Aberach, son of Duncan, who was Sir John's great, great grandfather, was with Montrose, especially at the battle of Kilsyth 1645, where he is said to have fought valiantly, —" Ref. #10, p. 17, vol. 2, and p. 168, vol. 1. Patrick m. Marion, dau. of MacDonald of Auchtachatan, Chief of the Clan MacDonald of Glenco, by whom he had 3 sons of whom the eldest,
1. John MacGregor, m. Anne, dau. of MacGregor of Roro. He is ancestor of the MacGregor chiefs line. More later.

2. James MacGregor, Major in the Clan Gregor, under Montrose in the Cause of King Charles I, after their defeat he settled in the Virginia Colony, signed the Oath of Fidelity, Apr. 11, 1652. He is the ancestor of all those in the U.S.A. who have MackGhee-McGehee blood, as descended from his MacGregor line.

3. Duncan MacGregor died unmarried, in the U.S.A.

Note by M.M.: Our Deputy Chief taken from Arkansas, Mrs. Etta Stephens Stokes, a descendant of Major James MacGregor, and an expert on the MackGhee lineage, kindly furnished data on this as well as other parts of this article.

Chief Patrick and his 2nd son, James MacGregor, Major in the Clan Gregor, were under Montrose when they fought in the battle of Dunbar 1650, at which time most of the army was killed or wounded. Those who took part against Cromwell were hanged, drawn, and quartered, or had their head chopped off. It has been determined that Patrick and his son were among those who escaped and after wandering in disguise for a long time, James made his escape in a sailing vessel from England to Northumberland County, Virginia. In 1650-1652, the Royalists looked to North America as a place of refuge, for fear of what might happen to them elsewhere. Cromwell exercised the severest vengeance against the friends of Charles I, in Scotland. Had James MacGregor been found and recognized by them, he would have been drawn and quartered like Graham, Fraser and Wallace. James MacGregor's Oath of Fidelity is on file in the Virginia State Library, Richmond, Va. He later took the name of Thomas MackGehee, and as indicated above is the progenitor of long lines of descent from MacGregor-MacGehee, which took root in this country the same year that the MacGregor-Magruder line did in 1652.

Gen. XIX

John MacGregor, eldest son, s. his father, Patrick (Abberach), became Lord MacGregor, and followed in the footsteps of his father, as a steady Loyalist. In the year 1689 he joined the Royal Party with the Clan Gregor, and continued in arms until the Highland Clans dispersed. Soon afterwards, an Act was made by King William, entitled an "Act for erecting a Justiciary in the Highlands", at the end of which a short clause was thrown in—rescinding King Charles II's Act restoring MacGregors to their name". The Clan Gregor was provoked by this Act. John MacGregor, alias McPatrick Vic Condachie Abreach, was in Glen Lochay 1670. John MacGregor m. Anne, dau. of MacGregor of Roro, and had:

1. John MacGregor, eldest son and heir who s. (MacGregor chiefs line).

2. Donald MacGregor, one of the other children, was a Capt.
in the Royal Americans, of whose bravery and conduct General Murray made mention in his letters to the Secretary of State.

3. Several other children.

Gen. XX

John MacGregor, alias Murray, eldest son, styled of "Glen Carnock" (Gaelic Glen Carnaig), and Balquhidder, which he acquired, b. in 1668, d. Sept. 18, 1744. A man of great prudence and sagacity, who amassed considerable wealth, etc. This gentleman is said to have privately favored the rebellion of 1715; but was cautious of appearing publicly and did give it essential service. However, he kept his Clan as a whole out of it, excepting Dugal Ciar's tribe under the famous Rob Roy. He was 76 when buried (1744) in the chapel he built in the burial ground at Inver Carnock, at the head of Loch Doine Parish, of Balquhidder. He m. Catherine, dau. of Hugh Campbell, of Lix. She was 92 at her death. A woman of excellent virtue. Born in 1682 d. 1774. John and Catherine had five sons:

1. Robert MacGregor, eldest son and heir, s.; he d. in 1758. He is not in the direct line, but short sketch is inc.

2. Peter MacGregor, alias Murray, m. and left one dau., the wife of John MacGregor, 2nd Royal Americans.

3. Duncan, wounded at Preston Pans 1745. Not in direct line, but s. his bro., Robt. But he d. Feb. 1787, so succession passed thru his next bro. Evan to Evan's son, more later.

4. Evan MacGregor, alias Murray, b. 1710 but d. 1778 (pre-deceasing Duncan). Chiefship passed to his eldest son, John (Sir) Murray-MacGregor, s. Duncan. Sir John became the Representative of Clan, of the MacGregor Line, in the direct hereditary line of chiefs.

5. John MacGregor, killed at the battle of Ticonderroga 1759. Ref. 18, p. 1290—Burke says "the 4th son of whom on the deaths of his brothers, s. him". That is to say that the direct line of Sir Malcolm descended thru the 4th brother, but as he d. in 1778, pre-deceasing his brother Duncan, actually—Evan (MacGregor)—Murray's son (John Murray MacGregor) s., and continued the representation of his Family and Clan. Both Miss MacGregor's History—Ref. #10 and the "Baronage"—Ref. #3 agree in the actual succession as shown in this article, viz.:

Gen. XX John, s. by eldest son, Robert, s. by 3rd son, Duncan, s. by the eldest son (John Murray MacGregor) of the 4th bro. Evan (MacGregor) Murray. All agree on the direct line of Sir Malcolm, as coming down from Gen. XX John, thru his 4th son's son, who was Gen. XXII John Murray MacGregor, later Sir John and 1st Bt.

(Gen. XXI) "Robert MacGregor, of Glen Carnock, the 21st Chief of the Clan Gregor (eldest son of John MacGregor XX) and generation in
direct male line of the honorable House of MacGregor" to his father in 1744. Called "GlenCarnock". He took the name of Murray at the request of His Grace the (late) Duke of Atholl, James 3rd, of whom he held his estate and by whom he was greatly admired. Robert MacGregor Murray was a man of education, of honor, and probity, but invariably attached to the interest of the Stewart family. He engaged in their Cause in 1745, had the Command of his own Clan, the Clan Gregor, to which his brother Evan was attached as Captain. His whole fortune was mortgaged to forward the effort, which after his death was the means of carrying off his estate. "Prince Charlie" had no stauncher friend or supporter.

The Duke of Cumberland had Minister Gordan entreat Robert and his Clan, the Clan Gregor, to lay down arms and promised in the name of his Highness to restore their name "MacGregor" and grant other favors. "Glen Carnock" held a meeting and sent word "he and his Clan appreciated the honor, but having embarked in this affair they could not desert the Cause, whatever they might suffer. That on the one hand, though his Highness might love the treason, he must needs hate traitors; and on the other hand, they would justly incur the odium of their own party; that therefore they chose rather to risk their lives and fortunes and die with the characters of honest men, than live in infamy, and hand down disgrace to their posterity."

A few remarks by Marshall Magruder regarding the 1745 uprising follow:

"After the death of Queen Anne in 1715, the first attempt was made to place a Stewart King on the throne. It resulted in failure, and Charles whom the English called the "Pretender", went back to the Continent. By 1745 his son, Charles Edward Stewart, whom the Scots called "Prince Charlie", had become of age—was 25 years old. In the 1745 attempt, Charles Edward arrived from France, but without the powerful supporting forces promised by the French. However, according to promise the three brothers, Robert, Duncan, and Evan, met at the appointed place and raised the Royal Standard of the "Chevalier" James, at Glen Finnan, in Loch Shiel. Robert MacGregor, 21st Chief of the Clan Gregor, was in Command of the Regt. Duncan was a subordinate Officer, Evan became Major and later A.D.C. on the Staff of "Prince Charlie". There were present at the Council of Revolution and raising of the Standard: The Marquis Tulibardine, Duke William of Atholl, Duke of Perth, Glen Carnock, Glen Gule, Glen Backs and Arquior. The MacGregors marched to Callender, thence to Glen Almond where they met "Prince Charlie" and his party, the MacDonalds and Camerons. The original journal of the Clan's operations were written by Sir John MacGregor-Murray (eldest son of Major Evan MacGregor) and kept by Duncan MacPharrie, and are in the Edenchip papers."
The gallant conduct of Major Evan MacGregor-Murray is particularly noticed in them, the event being a stratagem he employed at the gate of Edinburgh, which enabled the Fort to be quickly taken. A two handed sword used by an ancestor at the battle of Glen Fruin, was used by Evan during these and later years. The uprising lost its momentum and finally the revolutionists had to disperse and take to the hills. Robert with his brother Evan, who had been wandering since April, surrendered to General Campbell, afterwards Duke of Argyll, on September 18, 1756; and were imprisoned in the Castle of Edinburgh where he died Oct. 1758. Robert, 21st Chief of the Clan Gregor, m. 3 times, and had an only son, who lost his life in the siege of Louisburg, and pre-deceased his father. Robert d. in 1758 and was s. by his brother Duncan.

Duncan Murray, 3rd son of XX John, next surviving brother to Robert, s. to the representation of the Family and as Chief of the Clan not in the direct chiefs line. He was educated for the law but went "out" in 1745, was a Capt. in his brother's Regt., had a heel shot away at the battle of Preston Pans, in fact was wounded 11 times for his "Prince". Resumed practice of law at Edinburgh, and m. Beatrix, dau. of Mr. David MacNiven. When his only son (John) d. in Batavia 23 Mar. 1784, he left everything to his sister's son, John Paul, with the condition that he take the surname of MacGregor. David's son John was in the East India Co.'s Navy and Commodore of the Bombay Marine when he died. John Paul became Lt. Col. John Paul MacGregor and afterwards Deputy-Auditor Gen. of the Bengal Army.

When Duncan d. in Feb. 1787 with no son to succeed him, the succession then fell to the eldest son of Evan, who d. in 1778, before his brother Duncan.

Now that the direct chiefs line goes down thru the 4th son (Evan) of John, it is believed a short sketch of Evan is appropriate, so it will follow.

Major Evan MacGregor-Murray, was b. in 1710, and while he failed to outlive his brothers and become the Chief of the Clan, he was the father of a Chief that did. He won his promotion to Maj. and A.D.C. to Prince Charlie by heading the storming party into Edinburgh, thru the Netherbow Port, 17th Sept. 1745. After fighting brilliantly at Preston Pans 1745, he seemed to be fated to lead the life of a soldier. In the 7 years war in Europe he fought for Britain as an officer in the 88th Regt. in Germany. Letters sent home mention returning his sword, "old Duncan Aberoch", first used in the battle of Glen Fruin. He signed his letter as Lieut. Murray in Col. John Campbell's Highland Regt. Later he was appointed to the 41st Regt. (Invalids) in Jersey and d. there 29 Oct. 1778. The inscription on his tombstone reads Lieut. Evan MacGregor. On account of the loss of the family fortune in 1745, he had great difficulty in providing for his family in the years
following. He m. (1729) Janet (she d. 15 Feb. 1793), dau. of John MacDonald of Balcony, son of Sir James MacDonald of Slate, by his 2nd wife. Evan, 4th son of John MacGregor, and Janet had 4 sons and 2 daus.: They had:

1. John (Sir), 1st Bt.

2. Alexander, Col. of the Royal Clan Alpin Fencibles, b. 25 Aug. 1746: m. 1stly, Frances (d. 1788), dau. of Maj. Pascal, and had issue, with another son (d. young), Alexander Murray MacGregor, Maj.-Gen., b. 27 Nov. 1778; m. 21 May 1810, Lady Charlotte Sinclair (d. 7 Apr. 1854), dau. of 12th Earl of Caithness, and d. 20th Aug. 1827, leaving issue.
   Col. Alexander Murray m. 2ndly 25 Mar. 1790, Grace, dau. of James Hay.


4. Robert, Lieut. Col. Royal Clan Alpin Fencibles; m. Barbara, widow of Kenneth Murchison, of Tarrafdall, and sister of Sir Alexander MacKenzie, Bt. of Fairburn, and had issue,
   1. Jeannetta Catherine, m. 1st, Robert Sutherland; and 2nd, William Darley Hull, and d. 1883.

He d. in 1778.

NOTE—The 5th son of Gen. XX John MacGregor, was likewise not in the line of succession. He (John) was an officer in the Regt. of Lord John Murray, served as Capt. in Col. Perry’s Regt. in America, and was k. after wounds at Ticonderoga.

Returning now to the direct line of the hereditary chiefs, and to the eldest son of Maj. Evan MacGregor-Murray (XXI), and the nephew of Duncan (XXI), who s., we have:

Gen. XXII  Sir John Murray MacGregor, 1st Bt., attained the rank of Lt. Col. E.I.C.S., and was Auditor-General in Bengal. General Murray was created a Baronet 3rd July 1795, b. 10th Apr. 1745; m. 1774 Anne (d. 5th Feb. 1830), dau. of Roderick Macleod, of Bern era, and had an only son, Evan John (Sir), 2nd Bt. After his service in India, where he went in 1770 he returned, made a fortune, and in November 1774 secured an Act in favor of the members of the Clan Gregor, repealing the suppression of their name. He resumed the surname of the family, MacGregor. After the death of his uncle Duncan, at a meeting of representatives of the Clan Gregor by a vote of 826 he became Chief of the Clan, in 1782. He d. 28 June 1822, and was s. by his son, Evan John Murray MacGregor, of the MacGregor chiefs line.

NOTE—According to the “Baronage” ref. #3, Sir John’s uncle Duncan gave him a manuscript and much data, after used by Sir
Robt. Douglas in preparing the MacGregor history in that ref. #3. This John Murray who secured the famous deed of 1774, 29th Nov., has been referred to as—of the House of Lannick, and of the House of Glen Carnock, and also of the House of Glen Strae. There were intermarriages between different Houses at times, but many of the branches and Houses were descended from brothers of the same ancestor.

Gen. XXIII

Sir Evan John Murray-MacGregor, 2nd Bt., b. Jan. 1785, was Maj.-Gen. in Army, K.C.B. and G.C.H., Gov. of the Windward Islands, assumed by Royal License the additional name of MacGregor, 22nd Dec. 1822; m. 28th May, Elizabeth (d. 12 Apr. 1846), dau. of 4th Duke of Atholl, and had issue, 3 other daus.

Sir Evan was the great grandfather of our present hereditary Chief, Sir Malcolm MacGregor. A picture of Sir Evan in Command of the escort to the Crown Jewels from Edinburgh to Holyrood Castle in 1822, in the A.C.G.S. year book for 1954.

Sir Evan and Elizabeth had:

1. John Atholl Bannatyne (Sir), 3rd Bt.
2. Evan William John, an officer in the service of Austria, b. 1819; d. 28 June 1850.
3. James Strathallan, b. 1821; d. at Dominica, in the West Indies, 12 Jan. 1843.
   1. Jane Anna Maria, m. 1stly John James Hamilton Burgoyne, 93rd Highrs.; 2nd son of Sir J. J. Burgoyne, Kt.; and 2ndly, M. Le Mount.
2. Louise Isabella.
3. Elizabeth Mary Anne.
4. AMELIA GEORGIANNA MURRAY. Note—She compiled the Hist. of The Clan Gregor, ref. #10.

Sir Evan d. 14 June 1841 and was s. by his eldest son John, of the MacGregor chiefs line.

Gen. XXIV

Sir John Atholl Bannatyne MacGregor, 3rd Bt.; Lt.-Gov. of the Virgin Islands, b. 20 Jan. 1810; m. 14 Nov. 1833, Mary Charlotte (d. 29th Apr. 1896), yst. dau. and co-heir of Rear-Adm. Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy, Bt. G.C.B.; “Nelson’s Hardy” Com’ded his Flagship the Victory, at Trafalgar, and had issue,

1. Malcolm (Sir), 4th Bt., the present hereditary chief’s father.
2. Atholl, Madras C.S., formerly British Resident at Travanore, b. 22 July 1836; m. 23 Apr. 1878, Coroline Mary Stuart (d. 10 Dec. 1906), elder dau. of Sir Robert Menzies, 7th Bt. of that ilk, and d. 2nd Mar. 1922, leaving issue,
1. John Atholl, Lieut. Coldstream Guards, b. 27th Nov. 1880; k. in action 1916.

2. Robert Nenzies, C.M.G. (1920). Ind. Service of Engineers (ret. 1920), and Irrigation Advisor, Sudan Govt. (ret. 1937), has 2nd cl. Order of the Nile, and Hungarian Order of Merit, 2nd cl.; b. 24 July 1882; d. unmn. 8 Jan. 1946.

   2. Robert Nenries, C.M.G. (1920). Ind. Service of Engineers (ret. 1920), and Irrigation Advisor, Sudan Govt. (ret. 1937), has 2nd cl. Order of the Nile, and Hungarian Order of Merit, 2nd cl.; b. 24 July 1882; d. unmn. 8 Jan. 1946.

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child of Hon. Eustace Hamilton-Russell, O.B.E., J.P. (see Boyne, V.). He m. Fulrens, Abinger Hammer, and had issue,

Alpin Findanus, b. 25 Jan. 1941.


Nighean (W.A.A.F.), only child of Col. Alastair H. Fraser, D.S.O., R.A.M.C. of Strathric, Falkirk, and has issue,

Randal Bruce Alasdair, b. 17 Nov. 1945.

1. Dorviegelda Malvina, b. 5th April 1910; m. 1stly, 30 Mar. 1939, Sldr. Hon. Robert Alexander Greville Baird, R.A.F., second son of 1st Viscount Stonehaven, P.C., G.C.M.G., D.S.O., and had issue. He was k. in action 14th July 1943. She m. 2ndly, 15th Nov. 1947, S/Ldr. Algernon Ivan (Toby) Sladen, D.S.O., only son of Maj. Algernon Ryder Lambert Sladen, of Norfolk Cottage Virginia Water (see Burke’s L.G.).


2. Maryel Alpin, M.B.E., (1919) (3, Fitzroy Terrace, Perth), b. 1 Apr. 1875; m. 23 Oct. 1911, Earnest Pendleton Magruder, A.M., XM, M.D., Prof. of Clinical Surgery, Georgetown Univ., son of late Hon. C. C. Magruder, Clerk of the He d. at Belgrade, 8 Apr. 1915, in charge of an American Red Cross Unit, and was posthumously awarded Order of St. Sava of Serbia.

Sir Malcolm d. 31 Aug. 1879 and was s. by his elder son.

Creation—3rd July 1895.

Arms—Arg., an oak-tree, eradicated, in bend sinister, ppr: surmounted on a sword, in bend, of the last, supporting on its point, in dexter canton, an antique crown, gu. Crest—A lion’s head, ppr., crowned with an antique crown or. Supporters—Dexter, an unicorn, arg., crowned, horned, or: sinister, a deer ppr., typed, as Mottes—“E’en do and spair nocht”. “S’rioghal mo dhream”. Slogan—“Ard Chollie”.

Seat—Edinchip, Lochoarnhead, co Perth.

Gen. XXVI

Gilla Constance Susan Rollo, O.B.E. (1948), yr. dau. late Hon. Eric Norman Rollo, of 50 Chester Square, S.W. (see Rollo, B.), and had issue. Both Sir Malcolm and his father began their Naval careers when they were boys of 13 and 12 years of age. He has been our Hereditary Chief since 1879. Sir Malcolm and his Lady Gilla had:

1. Gregor MacGregor, of MacGregor, b. 22 Dec. 1925; Ed. at Eton; Capt. Scots Guards, and a Member of Roy. Co. of Archers (King's Bodyguard for Scotland). Clubs: Guards, Turf; served in W.W.II. Living.
2. Anna Gylla, b. 1929; m. 1950, James Christopher Ellis. Residence—100 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, S.W. 3, London. They have a son and dau. All living at present.
4. Dervalgelda Malvina.
5. Demohodh Tearloch MacGregor.

(End of Part Two.)
PART THREE

FROM GILLESPIE, THIRD SON OF GREGOR, 12th CHIEF”,

To

ALEXANDER (II) MAGRUDER

Note ref. #13, A.C.G.S. yb. 1923, is the main reference for this Part Three.

Gen. XIII Gillespie MacGregor, 3rd son of Gregor (Aulin), 12th Chief, b. in 1375, and became Bard (or harper) of his Clan, as was common for younger sons of Highland Chiefs. He became the founder of the MacGruder Line. He left three sons, the eldest was William, who s.

Gen. XIV William MacGruder, b. 1413, was a witness to a charter dated Mar. 10, 1447. He left a son, Gillespie,

Gen. XV Gillespie (II) MacGruder, b. in 1453, and left a son, William Mac Gruder,

Gen. XVI William (II) MacGruder, b. 1490, and left a son, James Mac Gruder,

Gen. XVII James (I) MacGruder, b. in 1519, began his life as a page of Lord Drumond, so he and his descendants, as were all the MacGregors, staunch Cavaliers and Royalists, supporters of the Stuarts. He had a son John,

Gen. XVIII John (I) MacGruder, b. in 1544, was charged with implication of a riot by the Clan Gregor on the House of Rochester in 1580. He had a son Alexander.

Gen. XIX Alexander (I) MacGruder, b. 1569, m. May 28, 1605, Lady Margaret Drumond, widow of Sir Andre Drumond, Lord of Ballyclose, and nee, Margaret Campbell, dau. of Sir James Campbell, Lord of Abernchiel. He was also known as Alexander MacGregor. They had: 1. James, b. 1607, 2. Alexander, b. 1610, and 3. John, b. 1614.

(Generation XX) The eldest son of Alexander (I) MacGruder, was James. He was not in our direct line which comes down thru his brother, Alexander (II); however, mention will be made of him here. See A.C.G.S. yb. 1923, page 18, which gives in considerable detail information of these sons of Alexander (I), Gen. XIX.

James MacGruder, alias James MacGregor, was b. about 1607, and is mentioned in Act of Scottish Parliament, in Feb. 1649, as one of the few of Lords, Lairds and Freeholders, selected by Parliament in the name of Charles II, to resist the invading Army of Cromwell. He is described as “James McGruder, Laird of Cargill” and it is believed that he was slain at Worcester in 1649. The Barony of Cargill was a beautiful hilly country of the Pershire Highlands near Dunkeld, on the river Tay and was formerly in possession of the Drumond Family. The name of MacGregor being proscribed at this time, it is understandable that James was mentioned as McGruder and not his real name—MacGregor. As James was the Laird of Cargill and referred to as Laird of MacGregor or Chief of the Clan, in the History of Sir Evan Cameron
of Lochiel, then of course his brothers were also MacGregors. The main line of the Lairds or Chiefs of MacGregor was in doubt about that time and several branches claimed the Chieftainship. It is believed (H.L.M.) that with Col. James were his two brothers, Alexander, b. 1610, and John, b. 1614.

(Gen. XX)
John (II) MacGruder was captured during the battle of Worcester, 1649, and sent with his brother, Alexander, and 150 other Scottish prisoners via Barbadoes to Virginia, and thence to Maryland. John shared the same fate as his brother and finally we hear of him as constable of the Lower Hundred of Kent Co., Md., March 31, 1668.

Gen. XX
Alexander (II) Mac Gruder, b. 1610, in Perthshire, Scotland, and called variously Mac Gruther, MacGrounder, MacGregor, and Mac Gruder. He arrived in Md. before 1652 as a prisoner and shortly thereafter obtained his first deed to the many tracts of land he would acquire before he died in 1677. He established a strong and historic line that exists to this day, and whose descendants in the American Clan Gregor, glorify the great long line of Chiefs who made the Clan Gregor one that will never die.

Note by M.M.—PART FOUR, tracing Alexander’s (XX) mother’s lineage has already been prepared and will appear in another Year Book. It also shows descent from Alpin, ancient Scottish Kings, the Bruces, Stewarts, Campbells and others of Royal descent.

REFERENCES
5. The Highlands of Scotland, by Skeen.
7. Forfeited and Extinct Peerage, by Burke.
8. The Highlands and Gaelic Scotland, from the earliest times, till the close of the “Forty Five”, by Dugal Mitchell.
15. In Scotland Again, by Mortan, page 181.
In the Spring of 1954 my wife and I had the good fortune to be standing atop the battlements of historic Stirling Castle; and from its lofty turrets and terraces gaze out over the broad sweeping and lovely surrounding countryside. Stirling has been called the “Gateway to the Highlands”, and over this ancient city the Castle towers, rearing its magnificent, yet grim and foreboding face up from the very center of the town. One becomes aware of the defensive value of such a fortress in those early years, when feuds between powerful nobles raged almost unceasingly; and when inroads of warlike Highlanders forced the more peaceful townsfolk to seek refuge within its walls.

Today the garrison at Stirling is made up of members of Scotland’s famous Argyleshire regiment; and the picturesqueness of their uniforms of kilted tartan skirt with blouse and bonnet, added much to the impressiveness of the scene.

We were thrilled by the marvelous panoramic view of the nearby flatland, much of it under cultivation; but our gaze was lifted to the North and West; for off in the distance could be dimly discerned a range of rugged hills which mark the beginning of those Highland fastnesses, which to this day are referred to by many as “the MacGregor Country.”

Momentarily our eyes were drawn back to the garrison troops milling around us, whom we enjoyed watching. Gladly we extended best wishes expressed in an American “Good luck” and a British “Cheerio” to those green tartan clad soldiers; who marched off behind their piper, in excellent formation, down the terraces, bound, we were told, for duty in torrid British Guiana. What grim experiences in that enervating climate lay ahead of these fair headed Scottish lads, reared in the fine healthy air of old Caledonia! But they marched away with firm step and cheerful faces.

Returning to the fascinating panorama of the surrounding country as it opened up before us counter clockwise, the sturdy square tower of Dumbane’s historic cathedral is a prominent landmark. That cathedral dates from the middle of the 12th century. Up to the time of the Reformation there were twenty-five bishops presiding over that See; one of them, Maurice, Abbott of Inchaffray, was chaplain to Robert Bruce at Bannockburn. When Protestant domination came the cold austerity of Calvinism made a strange union with the vitality of Gothic tradition in the soul of this beautiful old cathedral. It is an outstanding landmark, and a visit here should not be missed.
In the Ochil foothills to the east of Dunblane lies the Sherifmuir, a long sloping tract of grassy moorland. The name is familiar to lovers of Scottish history because of the battle which took place there at the end of 1715, the last time that armed forces clashed on the soil of Perthshire, for no blood was spilt within her borders in the '45. That battle was notoriously indecisive; although Jacobite and Royalist left between them fully a thousand dead on the moor. The Earl of Mar, commanding the Jacobite forces, struck too late; and the Duke of Argyle was able to lead the Royalists across the Forth, and take up a good defensive position. The clash came early the next day. Both sides struck hard. Mar, on the right, was for the time successful; but Argyle found a weak spot on the Jacobite left. Eventually the Royalists could claim the victory; for they still stood barring the way south; and Mar withdrew the Highlanders back on their tracks.

The story is told that one man might have saved the hopes of the Old Pretender at Sherifmuir, and that was none other than the notorious Rob Roy. With a sizeable band of Mac Gregors he had watched the confused course of the battle. When Mar appealed to him to throw his weight on the side of the Highlanders, the story is that Rob only answered that if the fighting could not be won without him, it could not be won by him; and he withdrew his forces intact.

Today members of Clan Gregor may not feel overproud about the reluctance of the canny Rob to come to the aid of the Stuart Cause in this crisis; but it should be recognized that many others at the time believed that the ill prepared uprising against the unwelcome Hanoverians in 1715 was doomed to failure.

But we must return to the Castle and to the panorama of the surrounding country, as our gaze sweeps on to the left. There another lofty tower, seemingly neglected, and screened by a grove of surrounding trees, catches the eye. It is Scotland's memorial to Sir William Wallace, hero and defender against early aggression by the English.

Several miles beyond this monument the ruins of Doune Castle are to be seen overlooking the Braes of Doune. In the '45, the Highlanders fighting under the banner of their beloved Bonnie Prince Charlie used Doune Castle as a prison. And it should be mentioned that the officer in charge of prisoners was none other than a MacGregor, Gregor of Glengyle, a nephew of the notorious Rob. These several references to MacGregors have come into our story here because of geographical association. A little further along we will refer to the history of the Clan in earlier times. Use of Doune Castle as a prison by the army of the young Pretender, as English historians have called the adored Stuart leader, was the last important phase in the history of this ancient castle. It fell gradually into disrepair; but fortunately will be preserved for future years as one of Perthshire's historic landmarks.

Now we look further to the West where can be seen an outline of the Menteith Hills, rising up behind and between two historic villages quaintly named Port of Menteith and Aberfoyle. Beyond these low lying hills which seem to frame the settlements, stand out the snow capped peaks of Ben Ledi and Ben Venue. Far to the left, and seldom visible from Stirling, peerless Ben Lomond rears its massive head.

But time passes, and it is with some reluctance that we leave Stirling Castle to follow the North road into the land of our forebears. Before long we have
come to the busy town of Callender, which is a principal gateway into the Trossachs. We considered ourselves fortunate to be here before the regular tourist season opens; for then bus loads of vociferous day trippers from Edinburgh and from Glasgow are disposed to appropriate to themselves this much advertised and much too popular section of Scotland's historic lochs and hillsides. Callender in the summer becomes a sort of rural Picadilly Circus; for on all sides tourists can be seen poring over their guide books or copies of Scott's immortal epic, "The Lady of the Lake". For this there is real justification for every mile of the highway leading into the heart of the Trossachs along the shores of Loch Vennachar and Loch Achray up to the landing on Achray Water, is redolent of history. And even more so is this true where the road turns off to the South, climbing the hills; or the memorable trip by boat is taken on lovely Loch Katrine; so that we may sail close to the shore of Ellen's Isle. At the far end of Loch Katrine the boat landing is called Stronachlachar, a name to intrigue one into attempting repetition of so resounding a word.

At the head of Loch Katrine, far off to our right, lies Glengyle; and it is of this country around Glengyle as a central point, small in extent but amazingly varied in the character and beauty of its terrain, that was long inhabited by the fearless and warlike Clan, the MacGregors. It is recorded that this is one of the most ancient clans of Scotland, claiming descent from Gregor, third son of Alpin, King of Scots, who flourished about 787. At one time lands of the MacGregors extended over much of the present shires of Perth and Stirling, and even beyond those borders. These lands they held by right of sword; unversed as they were in ways of crown grants and other formalized titles. Their neighbors, the Earls of Argyll and Breadalbane, managed in the meantime to have the lands occupied by the MacGregors included in their grants from the Crown; and eventually Clan MacGregor found itself driven from its long occupied possessions. Naturally they resisted in the only way they knew; and their acts though natural under the circumstances were represented to the Court as of untameable ferocity, which nothing but extermination of the unruly tribe could remedy.

Of the cast amount of tradition and record concerning this warlike race there is space here to refer to only a few incidents of outstanding interest. One of the earliest stories is dated near the end of the 15th century. A dispute over the right of precedence over the kirk threshold led to much violence between Clan Gregor and members of a neighboring clan, the MacLaurins. The story is that the latter clan became embroiled in a feud with the men of Leny, inhabitants of a region lying a short distance to the south; and the MacLaurins called on their neighbors, the MacGregors for help "for the honor of Balquidder!" The answer given was "Aye"; "if MacGregors should ever afterwards share precedence in Balquidder kirk". It was so agreed, and together the clans Laurin and Gregor utterly routed the enemy. But bitterness and rivalry lingered on between these two clans, neighbors along the shores of placid Loch Voil; and in 1532 the quarrel blazed up inside the church and the parish priest was slain.

About 1540-50 there was a Chief of Clan Gregor named Duncan Ludasch MacGregor who was greatly feared. Under his leadership the country far and wide was ravished, until he and his sons were captured and beheaded by Campbell of Glen Orchy. In an Act of the Privy Council of Stirling, of September 22,
1563, in the reign of Queen Mary, authority was granted to the most powerful nobles and neighboring chiefs to pursue the MacGregors with fire and sword. In the end, because of their contempt for the law, the MacGregors were deprived of all ordinary means of procuring subsistence for themselves and their families. But they could not be expected to starve; and hence they became experts in deeds of depredation and forays upon their neighbors. It is undisputed that they were exploited by their wily neighbors who sought others to carry out such unlawful acts as they themselves feared to attempt; and it was commonly said that the MacGregors held themselves out as ready agents in such deeds of lawlessness.

In 1589 Balquidder was the scene of one of the most notorious outbreaks of lawlessness and cruelty. In the royal forest of Glen Artney, the King's deputy forester, John Drummond, was out alone stalking deer. He was set upon and murdered by MacDonalds of Glencoe. His head was cut off and his body left exposed in the heather. With their bloody trophy the MacDonalds hurried to the house of their victim's sister, the wife of Stewart of Ardvorlich; and on the table there they set the head of the murdered man, before the distracted eyes of his sister. Then the MacDonalds made their escape, calling upon the MacGregors for assistance in defending themselves against retribution. This they were promised. As a result measures of stern retaliation against the men of those clans were planned; and Lord Drummond under royal authority mustered a superior force, made a surprise attack on Balquidder and slew every grown man they could lay their hands on.

In 1592, notwithstanding many denunciations and the general discrediting of MacGregors as a race some of the clan still held property. The Chief then was Alastair MacGregor of Glenstrae; who nevertheless took part in many violent and illegal raids. In the battle of Glenfruin against the Colquhouns, which resulted in a massacre of the Colquhouns, a large share of the blame rests on Alastair and on his foster brother, Dugald. As a result of this massacre there followed the most severe punishment conceivable. By Act of Privy Council, dated April 3, 1603, the very name MacGregor was abolished; and on pain of death all so named were commanded to change it for other surnames. By a subsequent Act they were forbidden to assemble in a greater number than four. Execution of these Acts of severity was intrusted in the West to the Earl of Argyle and the powerful Clan Campbell, and in the East to the Earl of Athole.

At length the pride of Alastair MacGregor was so much lowered that he agreed to surrender himself with his principal followers to the Duke of Argyle on condition that they be sent out of the country. The wily Duke disposed of the troublesome MacGregor in this treacherous way. He was sent under guard over the border into England; out of the country, according to the bargain. But he was brought back to Edinburgh in custody. There he was tried and found guilty on January 20, 1604; and immediately hanged at the Cross. The Earl of Argyle was rewarded for his infamous treachery by an Act of a grateful Parliament in 1607; and again in 1633 the statutes as to the disabilities imposed on all MacGregors were reestablished.

The verses of Sir Walter Scott's stirring song, "MacGregors' Gathering", describes far better than could any words of ours the tragic plight of this unfortunate Clan at this period, and are set forth below:
"The moon's on the lake, and the mist's on the brae
And the Clan has a name that is nameless by day,
Then gather, gather, gather Grigaloch!

Our signal for fight, that from monarchs we drew,
Must be heard but by night in our vengeful haloo!
Then haloo, Grigaloch! haloo, Grigaloch!

Glen Orchy's proud mountains, Colchurn and her towers,
Glenstrae and Glenlyon no longer are ours;
We're landless, landless, Grigaloch!

But doomed and devoted by vassal and lord,
MacGregor has still both his heart and his sword!
Then courage, courage, courage, Grigaloch!

If they rob us of name, and pursue us with beagles,
Give their roofs to the flame, and their flesh to the eagles!
Then vengeance, vengeance, vengeance, Grigaloch!

Through the depths of Loch Katrine the steed shall career,
O'er the peak of Ben Lomond the galleys shall steer,
And the rocks of Craig Royston like icicles melt,
Ere our wrongs be forgot, and our vengeance unfelt!
Then gather, gather, gather, Grigaloch!

While there's leaves in the forest, and foam on the river,
MacGregor, despite them, shall flourish forever!"

There were severe penalties imposed on the Clan by King James I and King Charles I, who later lost his head, notwithstanding which the MacGregors to a man attached themselves to the cause of the Stuarts. We in America trace our descent to Alexander who was taken prisoner by Cromwell at the battle of Worcester; and exiled to the Colony of Maryland.

After the Restoration King Charles II restored the MacGregors to the full use of their family name; and although laws against the Clan were again enacted, it does not appear that after the Restoration such acts were strictly enforced.

Eventually an Act abolishing forever the penalties against Clan MacGregor was passed and 825 persons of the name MacGregor, capable of bearing arms, signed a deed recognizing John Murray of Lanrick, afterwards known as Sir John MacGregor, baronet, a representative of the family of Glencarnock, as lawfully descended from the stock and blood of the Lairds and Lords of MacGregor. And they thereupon acknowledged him as their Chief. This is of especial interest; for after the death of Alastair MacGregor of Glenstrae, as above recounted, there was a considerable period during which the Clan, discouraged by unremitting persecution, seem not to have had the means of placing themselves under the command of a single Chief; and the several branches of the family were during that period led by Chieftains.

The descendants of Dugald Ciar, half brother of Alastair, lived chiefly in the mountains between Loch Lomond and Loch Katrine; and apparently they occupied
a good deal of property there, whether by sufferance, by right of sword or by legal titles of various kinds, it would be difficult to determine.

It was in the old house of Glengyle, near the head of Loch Katrine, that Rob Roy was born. A record was found in the Parish register of Buchanan, and reads:

"On the 7 day of March 1671, Donald MacGregor in Glen Gyle ps. of Calendar, upon testificat from ye minister yrof. Margaret Campbell.
Son baptised Robert.
Witnesses. Mr. William Anderson, Minister and John Mac Gregor."

This must have been Rob all right; and from that time the country thereabouts was long associated with the name of Rob Roy and his exploits. Five or six miles away, on the hills above Inversnaid on the shore of Loch Lomond, there still stand remains of the "Garrison", a stone fort built in 1713 to keep check on the outrages of Rob and his clansmen. And in the face of the rocky cliff at the edge of the Loch there is a cave which I have visited, after a reckless scramble, that is known as Rob Roy's cave.

In the comfortable quiet time that followed the Restoration, Rob Roy, or Red Robert as he was called also, seems to have applied his talents as a drover or dealer in cattle, to a large extent trading with lowlanders, who in turn supplied the British markets. By his success in such operations his reputation was built up in his native Highland country. His importance increased following the death of his father, at which time he succeeded to the management of the property of his nephew, Gregor Mac Gregor of Glengyle. During this prosperous period of his life he was in particular favor with his most powerful neighbor, James, the first duke of Montrose. Not only did His Grace of Montrose give to Rob and his nephew property rights at Glengyle and Inversnaid; but he also made substantial loans of money to enable Rob to carry on his speculations in the cattle trade. Unfortunately, through a market depression and the bad faith of his partner, Rob became insolvent. He absconded, but not empty handed; £1000 sterling, obtained from over trusting noblemen, went with him; and his apprehension was called for in an advertisement which appeared in 1712, and was several times repeated.

It was about this time that Rob Roy removed from the vicinity of Inversnaid, which had been his home, further into the Highlands, and began the lawless life which he afterwards followed. The Duke of Montrose, feeling himself deceived and cheated by MacGregor, employed every legal means to recover the money he had loaned. Rob's property was attached and his stock and furniture sold. In the eyes of the law he became an outcast.

In 1734 Rob Roy died at Inverlochlarig. Close to the kirk in the quiet lakeside hamlet of Balquidder is a grave which is pointed out as that of this most formidable and notorious MacGregor. The center slab is of slate; and there is carved thereon the faint figure of a kilted man. This is claimed for Rob. Stone carved pine cones, placed by a later admiring MacGregor, support the large slab of slate.

At the time of Rob's death a bitter feud existed between the MacGregors and their old neighbors, the MacLarens of Inverently, across Loch Voil. Rob's eldest son, Col, died not long after his father; but Robin Oig, a youth of nineteen or so, was there to be his mother's tool in pursuing the quarrel. Helen MacGregor worked
on the lad to such a pitch that one day he voiced a vow that John MacLaren, head of their foes, should die by his hand. "I will shoot him," said Robin, "when I can get my father's gun back from Doune." It had been under repair there.

On the morning of March 4, Robin took it out loaded and found his enemy plowing on disputed land. He fired and MacLaren fell mortally wounded. The hue and cry raised for his capture was widespread; but neither that nor the reward of £50 could find him. Two of his brothers were haled before the courts accused of being accomplices. But the evidence failed, and they came home with the verdict "Not proven," and a caution to keep the peace. Robin Oig vanished; but he had many adventures subsequently. He enlisted in the Black Watch, was captured by the French at Fontenoy, spent some time in a French prison; and was then exchanged and discharged from His Majesty's service. He even married, through the machinations of his brother, the wily James, who was determined that Robin Oig should marry money. They selected a young widow of nineteen, Mrs. Jean Key, with a fortune of some 17000 merks, Scots; and eventually she was kidnapped and a form of marriage gone through. But the law stepped in; and James who had engineered the affair was caught in the hills and brought down to Stirling. He was tried and found guilty; but escaped from the Tolbooth in disguise; and somehow got over to France, where he died penniless in 1754.

As for Robin Oig, "the gentleman from the Highlands", as he was called, he was apprehended in the Spring of 1753, tried and sentenced to be hanged in the Grassmarket in Edinburgh. Which he duly was on February 6, 1754, "behaving with great decency and very genteely dressed". His body was cut down after a half hour's swinging, and handed over to his friends. They bore it off to the Highlands. There the coronach sounded for him; and with every sign of Highland mourning the corpse of Robin Oig was brought home to Balquidder and there buried. That was one of the last notorious affairs in the Highlands that involves MacGregors; for by that time the influences of law and order were making themselves felt throughout the land.

So much for highlights of the lurid tale of bloodshed, vengeance and rapine which for centuries spread over this land of stately hillsides and forests, surrounding lochs unsurpassed in loveliness. Now we will direct our attention to the natural beauty and the delightful serenity of the countryside; and it is hard to picture the strife and violence which these woods and hills might echo if one's ears were attuned. It is that quality of peaceful serenity that one notices most when visiting that historic section today; and its charm is felt by all who come, whether or not they happen to be drawn by the lure of family tradition to these ancestral haunts, or are perhaps ordinary tourists Cook-booked.

So let us approach again this land of the MacGregors, loved and lost; and yet never lost to those who claim birthright and inheritance to be cherished, if only in memory. This time we will enter by the highroad from Glasgow, which passes through picturesque Aberfoyle with its inn perpetuating the name of Walter Scott's Baillie Nicol Jarvie. From there we follow along the climbing mountain road until, over the crest, we look on the charming chain of lakes, the principal one of which, Loch Katrine, contains, not far from its mouth, immortal Ellen's Isle mirrored on its surface. From the landing at the end of Loch Katrine one makes the thrilling though gentle approach over the highroad to Loch Lomond's shore at charming Inversnaid. Before you is the broad and inspiring sweep of that
beautiful Loch famed in song and story; and down along its shore line to the left majestic Ben Lomond rears its snow capped head.

Returning, we must retrace our way by Loch Katrine to the connecting chain, Achray Water, Loch Achray and Loch Vennachar which provide a natural outlet for overflowing streams which feed these lochs. Soon we come again to Callender where we join the main North road which we fellow along the shore of Loch Lubnaig, which seemed rather dark and forbidding, due perhaps to the overcast sky. We come to an ancient inn, King’s House, which it would be well to remember as an attractive spot for those sojourning along this way. Soon we pass the Balquidder railroad station, where a line from Perth joins the main Stirling to Oban tracks. A little way beyond here a road to the left leads off to the small village of Balquidder, which is at the mouth of peaceful Loch Voil. One listens in vain for sounds of clamor or strife here, but all is serene. The new kirk, close to the ruin of an older one, sets a tone of solemnity, yet recalling a past lived so strenuously; a past that has become the source of countless tales of men driven to desperation, which tales are told down through generations to the present day.

If you cross the ancient bridge at Balquidder to the south shore of Loch Voil, as was my fortunate privilege some years ago, and repeated this year, you will gaze in speechless wonder from the lawn of Stronvar house at the heather covered hills that rear themselves up on the opposite side of the loch. These are the Braes of Balquidder, and what thoughts they inspire! Recrossing the bridge there is a road that follows the north shore of Loch Voil for several miles, the scenery becoming more rugged as one drives along. At the road’s end we come to several comfortable homes; and there emptying into Loch Voil is the smaller Loch Doine into which many mountainside burns pour their streams. One must retrace his way along this lake shore road for there is no other highway outlet.

Back again to the North Road, and it is hardly more than a mile before one comes to the gateway entrance to enthralling Edinchip, home of the Clan’s Chief, Sir Malcolm and Lady MacGregor. The private driveway soon crosses a rippling burn by an ancient stone bridge, to pass the comfortable home of the farm manager, which in times past could have served also as a gate house. The tree lined roadway winds beside broad enclosed fields where black faced sheep native to the Highlands are to be seen grazing; and beside the dams there are likely to be timid little lambs learning by imitation lessons in using their legs and satisfying hunger.

Soon we have reached the upper gateway which encloses the house gardens; and we come to the hospitable door of Edinchip where the Laird himself has come out to greet us and to make us welcome. The warmth of that welcome is characteristic of Sir Malcolm, clad in his tartan and with ruddy face and twinkling eye, so appropriate to the scene and characteristic of his fine presence. His charming Lady has already made us twice welcome by her graciousness in driving down to Edinburgh to fetch us.

Edinchip house is a compact building of gray stone, with gabled roof and square lines, that one finds to be far more extensive than appears at first glance. It sits proudly on its charming hillside facing Loch Earn, with snow covered Ben Vorlich to be seen to the right. The broad expanse of garden surrounding the house was blanketed by innumerable daffodils waving their bright yellow blossoms; seemingly adding their welcome to the warmth shown us by Sir Malcolm and
Lady MacGregor. Of all the many wonderful views that we enjoyed during our visit to the Highlands none surpassed in pure beauty the blending of color and scene that we gazed on from the entrance to Edinchip; and it was my good fortune to get several good pictures of that panorama; which will serve to keep its memory green for a long time.

Around the house and for a vast distance beyond extend the gardens beautifully landscaped; and the great variety of shrubs, plants as well as fruits and vegetables growing well on that once rugged hillside impressed us very much. What enterprise and energy had the Laird of Edinchip put into the development and beautifying of his ancestral home!

A path leads from the house into the nearby woodland, where still stand trees of old Caledonian fir; and from its deep shade we followed along a rippling burn, the music of which gives promise of other pleasant scenes yet in store. And that promise is borne out in full measure; for at the far end of the garden path, is a gorgeous cluster of rhododendron bushes of mammoth size, which were in the full bloom of their lovely pastel shades at the time we were there.

Returning to the house one sees that the farm buildings stand clustered together for convenience and security, behind screening hedges. And on the outlying farms which make up the estate there are homes for the several farmers' families, surrounded by an assembly of stables and loft buildings. We spent several happy mornings walking over the fields and observing activities that fill to the full a day on a Highland farm.

During our visit at Edinchip we were taken on several interesting drives over the now excellent roads, which in all probability follow trails blazed by early Highlanders. Most notable of these trips was a long and thrilling trip to bleak and ominous Glencoe, scene of the atrocious massacre of MacDonalds by a garrison of the King's forces stationed near by, and led by a Campbell. But that is another story, as is also a description of the unforgettable charming interior of the home of the MacGregors, with the countless priceless relics, ancestral portraits and furnishings.

In writing this paper it has been our aim to describe for those who may not have had the good fortune to visit it, this charming and historic MacGregor country. References to its lurid past could not be omitted, for turmoil, persecution and the determination to be avenged and endure remain deeply impressed on the soil of this now lovely and peaceful land. We shall long hold in memory impressions and experiences of our delightful visit.

THE MACGREGOR COUNTRY IN THE 12TH CENTURY

By Mrs. R. S. Pope, Jr.

Read this and understand why neighboring Chiefs—Dukes of Argyle, Breadalbane, Atholl, leaders and Chiefs of the Campbells were jealous of MacGregor's ancient possessions, and afraid of their potential power because of their boast, a "Royal Race".

Read this to understand the MacGregor love of freedom in his mountain fastness, and why when nameless and dispossessed, through intrigue, treachery, and misrepresentation of their enemies, they fought so courageously, even with the
“Pointless Knife”, in answer to their Clansmen’s call—“burning pine cross”, and why in spite of them all the MacGregors continue as a Clan.

Kilchurn Castle—Sir Malcolm of the Castle, Lord of Glen Orchy, 8th Chief, owned among others on Loch Awe, Fenlarig at the Western Frontier of his Domain, Ballach Castle near Taymouth at the east end of Loch Tay, and the old Castle at Loch Dochart in Perthshire.

Adams writes—Although Glen Orchy was the principal seat of the MacGregors, they in their halcyon days possessed much territory on the borders of Perthshire and Argyleshire, Glen Strae, Glen Lyon and Glen Argyle. Olcott’s—“Country of Sir Walter Scott”, page 375, described Perthshire, and adds—“In the North are the rugged summits of the Grampian Hills. In the center is Loch Tay, one of the loveliest of Highland lakes, fed by the pure mountain streams that come down through the Eastern border through a valley of green meadows, waving groves, fertile and princely palaces.”

“In a drive from Perth to Taymouth and back again by another route we saw not so much as a half of mile of scenery that might be called commonplace or uninteresting.”

Perth was Capital of Scotland until 1437.

We find a mention of Kilchurn Castle on Loch Awe in Argyleshire having belonged to the MacGregors in “Over The Border” by Winters, page 159.

Before coming to Oban, I gave several nights and days to Loch Awe, a place so beautiful and so fraught with the means of happiness that time stands still in it, and even the ceaseless vultures of care and regret cease for a while to vex spirit with remembrance of anything that is sad.

Looking down from the summit of one of the great mountains which are the rich and rugged setting of that jewel, I saw the crumbling ruin of Kilchurn upon its little island, gray relic, first of the MacGregors and then of the Campbells who dispossessed them and occupied their realm. It must have been an Imperial residence once; its situation, cut off from the mainland and commanding a clear view up the Lake and down the valleys southward and northward is superb. No enemy could approach it unaware, and doubtless the followers of the MacGregors occupied every adjacent pass, and lay ambushed in every thicket on the heights.

Seen from the neighboring mountain side the waters of Loch Awe are of such crystal clearness that near some parts of the shore sands are visible in perfect outline beneath them, while all the glorious engirdling hills are reflected in their still shining depth.

Sometimes the sun flashed out and changed the water to liquid silver, lighting up the gray ruin and flooding the mountain slopes with gold, but more often the skies kept their sombre hue, darkening all beneath them with lovely gloom, and its surface is dotted with small islands.

On one of these called Innis-hail (hall) are the remains of a small Cistercian nunnery and a churchyard containing many curious old tombstones. On another, Innis Fraoch, are some traces of an ancient castle formerly the residence of the Chief of the MacNaughtons.

Winter mentions Glen Orchy: All around were the beautiful hills of Glen Orchy, and so far as the Eastward great waves of white and leaden mist, slowly drifting in the upper either, now hid, now disclosed the Olympian head of Ben Lui,
and the tangled hills of Glen Shirra and Glen Fyne. They speak of the Southwestern extremity of this Lake as its head. Loch Awe Station is at its foot near Kilchurn Castle; nevertheless where MacGregor sits is the head of the table for the foot of the Lake is lovelier than the head.

Glen Orchy’s proud mountain  
Kilchurn and her towers  
Glen Strae and Glen Lyon  
No longer are ours.

(The War Song of The Regorla)

All day long the peaceful Lake slumbered in placid beauty, under the solemn sky, a few tiny boats and two little steamers swinging at anchors on its bosom.

All day long the shadows of clouds mingled with flocks of sunshine went drifting over the mountains. At nightfall two great flocks of sheep, each attended by a pensive shepherd, in his plaid, and each guided and managed by the wonderfully intelligent Collies that are a never failing delight in these mountain lands, came slowly along the vale and presently vanished in Glen Strae.

Nothing broke the stillness but the sharp cry of the shepherd’s dog, and the sound of many cateracts, some hidden and some seen, that lapse into music and fall into many a mass of shattered silver and flying sprays through deep, rocky rifts down the mountain side.

After sunset a cold wind came on to blow, and soon the heavens were clear and the stars were mirrored in beautiful Loch Awe.

Such was the country owned by the MacGregors since the memory of man, and one Barony, Glen-Orchy, was confirmed to him by King David I, sometime between 1124-1152.

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MacGregor in Ballimenoach, see The Stewarts Magazine, iv 19.
MacGregor of Balquhidder, see History of Sterlingshire, by Nimmo (3rd ed. 1880), ii. 136-151.
MasGregor of Dalvorer, see Scottish N. and Q., 2nd S; vi 13.
MacGregor of Dunan, see Genealogical Tree of the Dunan Family of MacGregors.

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MacGregor of Glengyle, see Landed Gentry by Burke (1849-1870).
MacGregor of Glengyle, see The Scottish Antiquary (1898), xii 136, 182; xiii. 91-93.
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MacGregor of Leragan, see Burke's Landed Gentry (1849).
MacGregor of MacGregor, see Douglas' Barony (1784), 493-503; Niset's Heraldic Plates, ed. Ross and Grant, 158-161, printed privately.
Case before the House of Lords in the dispute between Sir Evan John Murray MacGregor, Bart; of Balquidder, his eldest son and others, against Jas. Brown, Esq., respondent, regarding the Estates (1840). Privately printed. Baronage of Angus and Mearns, by D. MacGregor Peter (1856), 377-383. Burke's Peerage and Baronetage; Deblrett's Baronetage.
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MacGregor of Sairle Row, see Burke's Peerage and Baronetage, Deblrett's Baronetage.
MacGregor-Murray, see Complete Baronetage, by G.E.C., v. 303.
MacGregor-alias Skinner, see New Jersey. The Scottish Antiquary, x29-30 with cut of Arms.
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REVOLUTIONARY WAR SERVICE
of the
DESCENDANTS OF ALEXANDER MAGRUDER
Compiled by the Historian
REGINA MAGRUDER HILL

In this article and ensuing issues of the Year Book there will be printed the Revolutionary War services of the descendants of Alexander Magruder. It is planned to follow the Master Chart which was inserted in the 1954 Year Book, starting with the descendants of Alexander's son Samuel Magruder and his wife Sarah Beall.

Part I, appearing in this article, takes in their 1st, 8th, and 9th children:
"B-I", their son Samuel Magruder (called "Sr."), who married Eleanor Wade;
"B-VIII", their daughter Verlinda Magruder, who married John Beall, son of Alexander Beall, immigrant.
"B-IX", their daughter Elizabeth Magruder, who married first, Ninian Beall,
son of Col. Ninian Beall; and second, William Beall, son of Thomas Beall, immigrant.

References used and designated #, *, A., and B., are from the following sources:

#, from The Maryland Revolutionary War Militia List, on file in the Maryland Historical Society, Baltimore, Maryland. This is a photostatic copy of the original list.

*, from Revolutionary War Records, Vol. I, by Brumbaugh and Hodges. A copy may be found at the Daughters of the American Revolution Library.


B., from Beall and Bell Gregor Year Book 1926-27, page 34. Copy in D.A.R. Library.

M.A., from The Maryland Archives.

N., Maryland Revolution Records by Harry Wright Newman.

S., Scharff's History of Western Maryland.

H., Heitman.


C., Calendar of Virginia State Papers.

PART I, SECTION 1

"B-I"—Samuel Magruder (called "Sr."), and wife Eleanor Wade

Their:

1st Son: Elias Magruder—Signed Oath of Fidelity and Support, Major Samuel Wade Magruder's list, Jan. 10, 1778. *

3rd Son: Josiah Magruder—Same as above.

4th Son: Zachariah Magruder—Same as above. (1716-1796) m. Sarah Beall (1735-1805).

They had sons—

1. Nathaniel Beall Magruder (1737- )
   Montgomery County Militia, Capt. Rawling's Company, Nov. 1776.
   Taken Prisoner at Ft. Washington, Nov. 16, 1776. Rejoined Company
   under Rawlings at Ft. Frederick, in 1778. Commissioned Ensign. #, *
   A.

   Enlisted 1781 under Capt. George Beall, Col. William Murdock, in the
   Maryland Line, and also Col. William Dickey. Received Pension for
   6 months' actual service.
   Private, 4th Company, Montgomery County Militia, 1777, in Lower Batt.

   1778.
   Private in a Return of the 1st Company, 6th Class Mont. Co. Militia,
   7-15, 1781. #, *, A.
   Private, 1st Company, Class 6, Lower Batt. Montgomery Co. Militia,
   Return of 7-15-1780. #, *, A.

   3rd Lieut. in 1st Company Montgomery Co. Militia, in a Return of 1780.
   #, *, A.

   Commissioned Ensign, 1777, August 29, of a Company in the 29th Batt.
   of Frederick Co. Militia. Ensign in a Return of Lower Batt. of Montgomery
   Co. Militia, 7-15-1780. #, M.A.

5th Son: Samuel Magruder, the 3rd (1706-1790), m. Jane Haswell.
They had sons:
1. Edward Magruder.
   Private, 4th Company Montgomery County Militia, 1777.
   Private, 1st Company, 5th Class, Lower Batt. Montgomery Co. Militia,
   in a Return dated 7-15-1780. Ref.: A., #.

2. Haswell Magruder. (1736-1811), m. Charity Beall.
   Constable for New Scotland Hundred, Prince George's Co., Md., May
   1778 and Nov. 1779. Ref.: *.

PART I, SECTION 2

"B-VIII"—Verlinda Magruder who married John Beall,
Son of Alexander Beall

Their Sons and Grandsons:
   Member Committee of Observation, Frederick Co., Md., June 24, 1775.
   Ref.: M.A.
   Delegate to Annapolis from Frederick Co., Md., July 26, 1775. Ref.: M.A.
   Member of Association of Freemen, Frederick Co., December 25, 1775. Ref.: 
   M.H.M.
   Chairman of Committee of Observation for Upper District, Frederick County,
   June 3, 1776. Ref.: M.A.
   Council of Safety appointed Samuel Beall Judge of the Orphan's Court of
   Washington Co., Md. (it having been erected out of Upper District of
   Frederick County), June 4, 1777. Ref.: M.A.

   His Sons:
      Jan. 24, 1775, authorized by Council of Safety to collect money to buy
      Arms for the Army. Ref.: S., f. 125.
      Dec. 27, 1779, member of Association of Freemen of Frederick Co., Md.,
      Took Patriots' Oath in Montgomery Co., Md., 1778, and was Surveyor
      in Montgomery County in 1777. Ref.: *, S., f. 665.
      Vol. 20, f. 133.
Judge of the Orphans' Court, for Montgomery Co., Md., Nov. 21, 1778. Ref.: M.A.

1775 was commissioned by the Frederick Council of Safety to collect to buy arms for the Army. Ref.: S., f. 129.

His Son—
   Enlisted July 4, 1781, 2nd Lieut. in Maryland Regiment of the Continental Line. Ref.: H.
   Granted Bounty Land west of Fort Cumberland on account for Services 1781-1783, as Lieutenant. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 18, f. 519.
   Pensioned May 18, 1818, when 55 years of age. No. S-37740, B.L.Wt. 690-200.

2. Thomas Brooke Beall (1764-1801), married Margaret Heugh, 1781. Ref.: B., f. 181.
   July 10, 1780, 3rd Corp. 6th Company Montgomery County Militia, when nearly 16 years old. Ref.: #.

   Jan. 24, 1775, member of Committee of Safety, Frederick County, Md. Ref.: *
   1775, authorized to collect funds in Upper Potomac Hundred, to buy arms for the Soldiers. Ref.: S., f. 128.
   1777, Clerk of County Court, Montgomery Co., Md. Ref.: S., f. 657.

   Took Patriot's Oath in Montgomery County, Md., 1778. Ref.: *
   July 25, 1776, Thomas Beall, Captain in Rawling's Company, Continental Line. Ref.: O.A.G.


6. Isaac Beall (1750-d. in Berkeley Co., Va., 1797), married Marjorie or Margaret White. Ref.: B.
Captain 4th Va. Infantry. Feb. 10, 1776; Major, Feb. 21, 1777; Resigned 1778; Died June 19, 1797. Was with his Regiment at Valley Forge, Pa., the Winter of 1777-1778. Ref.: Heightman, f. 93.

   Took Patriot’s Oath in Montgomery Co., Md. 1778. Ref.: *.
   Enlisted in Berkeley Co., Va., and was a Captain. See: Historic Shepherds-town, Dandridge, P. 302.

   Member of Association of Freeman, Frederick Co., December 27, 1775. Ref.: M.H.M.
   March 27, 1776, appointed by Committee of Safety, Lower Kitcockton Hundred, as collector of fines from men who failed to enroll. Ref.: M.H.M., Vol. II, f. 260, 163.
   June 11, 1776, commissioned 1st Lieut. in 34th Batt. of Frederick County Militia. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 11, f. 471.

   Member of Association of Freeman of Maryland, July 26, 1775, and with 226 others signed the famous Bill of Rights. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 11, f. 67.
   Nov. 29, 1775, member of a committee to inspect arms. Ref.: M.H.M.
   His Son—

   July 31, 1780, Council of Safety to John Beall: “Have no money for you to buy Army goods. Use tobacco, as we have a lot on hand.” Ref.: M.A., Vol. 18, f. 243.
   October 10, 1780, Collector of Taxes, Prince George’s County, Md., authorized to pay to John Beall, contractor for horses, 18,000 lbs. of tobacco. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 18, f. 322.
   October 10, 1780, Treasurer of Western Shore, paid to John Beall Fifty Pounds, ten Shillings, of the new emission. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 18, f. 322.
His Sons:

   - Overseer of Highways in Patuxent District, 1778, 1779.

   - He was given land for services in Revolution west of Fort Cumberland, Lots 2489, 2490, 2583, and 2584. Ref.: Scharff’s History, Vol. 1, f. 146.

   - Feb. 10, 1780, Western Shore Treasurer authorized to pay to Clement Beall $4,000 to be delivered to Capt. Wm. Dent Beall, 6th Reg. for recruiting. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 43, f. 83. Also authorized to pay to Clement Beall $1100 to be delivered to Capt. Courts Jones, 7th Regiment, for recruiting. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 43, f. 116.

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**PART I, SECTION 3**

“B-IX”—Elizabeth Magruder (1689-1764) m. 1st, Ninian Beall, Jr. (1672-1710), son of Col. Ninian Beall. She m. 2nd, William Beall, son of Thomas Beall, Immigrant

They had by 1st marriage—

1. Samuel Beall (1706-1780), m. 1730, Jane Edmonston. He had no Service. Ref.: B., f. 79.
   - Mary Beall, their daughter, married Zachariah White and their son,
     1. Samuel Beall White (1762-1829)
        - Was a member of Capt. Burgess' Flying Camp, Lower District of Frederick County, Aug. 7, 1776.
        - Took Oath of Fidelity and Support in Montgomery County, 1778, Edward Burgess' list.
2. Richard Beall (1735- ).

Was 2nd Lieut. in the 4th Maryland Regiment, 1781. Retired Jan. 1, 1783. Ref.: Heitman, page 94.

Member of Capt. Burgess' Flying Camp, Lower District of Frederick Co. (now Montgomery), Aug. 7, 1776. Ref.: M.A.

2. Mary Beall, a daughter, married Capt. James Edmonston, and their son,
1. James Edmonston (ab. 1745- ),
Was on the Grand Jury, County Court, Upper Marlboro, Md., Nov. 24, 1778, and Jan. 9, 1779, and Nov. 23, 1779. He was appointed Overseer of the Highways March 27, 1781, for the ensuing year at the Court in Upper Marlboro. Ref.: *, f. 29, 30, 33.


"B-IX"—Elizabeth had by 2nd marriage—

3. Alexander Beall, who had no Service, but his son (B., f. 108-9)—
1. William Alexander Beall (1737- ),
Was Judge of the Orphans' Court, Frederick County, Nov. 21, 1778. Ref.: M.A., Vol. 21, f. 248; B., f. 109.

2. Edward Beall (1743/5-1797).
Took Oath of Fidelity and Support, in Montgomery County, 1778, Edward Burgess' Return.
Member of 2nd Company, 29th Batt. Montgomery County Militia, June 21, 1777, Col. Murdock, commanding. Ref.: #; *, f. 5; B., f. 110.

4. Samuel Beall (1731- ),
HOMES OF YESTERYEAR

"THE MAGRUDER PLACE"

This comfortable home was built in 1840, is in Grovetown, Columbia County, Georgia, and called "The Magruder Place". It was the home of George Milton Magruder and his wife, Matilda E. Lamar, who probably built it. They were the grandparents of the present owner, George Milton Magruder who now lives there.

George Milton Magruder I was the son of George Magruder, who was born in Montgomery County, Maryland, son of Ninian Offutt Magruder and Mary Harris, who took his family to Columbia County, Georgia.

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"THE FOREST"

"The Forest," in Prince Georges County, Md., was patented as "Donald's Grove" by Col. Henry Darnall. It came into the Magruder family by inheritance, through the marriage of Isaac Magruder to Sophia Baldwin (Year Book, 1919, p. 80).

The above house is not the original one, but it is said that it was built by Thomas Baldwin Magruder, son of Isaac, before he moved to Mississippi to make his home. The house came into the possession of Nicholas Staley Magruder, brother of Thomas Baldwin, and in 1870, Caleb Clarke Magruder I, another brother, bought out all interested heirs and made it his home. The property remained in his family until about ten years ago when it was sold to the present owner, Mr. Shatenstein. The only change made in the exterior has been the replacement of the wooden columns and wooden railing with the brick and white columns, at the front porch.
CLAUDE W. OWEN HONORED

President Eisenhower has appointed Claude W. Owen, former president of the Washington Board of Trade, as a member of the National Capital Planning Commission for a six-year term. Mr. Owen is a member of the Council of the American Clan Gregor Society.

Mr. Owen, who is president of the E. G. Schafer & Co. plumbing supply firm, will serve along with John A. Remon as the two District-resident members and will bring to the planning body wide experience in planning and civic matters. He was a member of the original Committee of One Hundred on the Federal City which in the 1920s promoted passage of legislation setting up the planning commission. In 1944, he headed a Citizens' Advisory Board on the Plan of the National Capital and Environs.

President of the Board of Trade in 1933-4, he also is a former president of the Kiwanis Club of Washington, the one-time Security Finance Corporation and the Middle Atlantic Wholesalers' Association, and is now president of the American Institute of Wholesale Plumbing and Heating Supply Associations.

A native of Gaithersburg, Md., Mr. Owen is a graduate of St. John's College, Annapolis, and he obtained a law degree from the George Washington University's Law School in 1910 and practiced law in Washington for several years. In 1917 he went into business with E. G. Schafer, became the firm's first president and now owns it. He lives at 4801 Colorado Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR

MRS. O. O. VAN DEN BERG

1954

Your Registrar deeply regrets the omission of the following eight names from her report of 1953 and published in the Year Book for 1954:

1142 Nathaniel Fugua Magruder, 504 West Hillview Avenue, Sarasota, Florida. Mr. Magruder is the son of our members, Nathaniel Magruder and his wife Helen McKenzie, he son of Herman Bangs Magruder who married Harriet Fugua. The line is through James Trueman Magruder who married his cousin Elizabeth Ann Magruder, he from the three Alexanders in line.

1143 Miss Elizabeth Courtney Stauffer, Box 21, Walkersville, Frederick County, Md., daughter of Simon Theodore Stauffer and his wife Clara Courtney Offutt. His mother was Matilda Noble Magruder, daughter of James Magruder and his wife Eleanor Harwood, he son of Samuel Brewer Magruder of "Samuel's Delight", whose first wife was Rebecca Magruder, a cousin.

1144 Walter Muncaster Higgins, Jr., 10725 Tillamook Street, Portland 20, Ore. Mr. Higgins' grandparents were Laura Cook Muncaster who married John James Higgins, she daughter of Harriet Elizabeth Magruder who married Otho Zacharia Muncaster, she daughter of Zadoc Magruder, 3rd, of Dr. Zadok.

1145 A. Mrs. Walter Muncaster, Jr., Dorothy Jane Cruickshank.
1146 Jr. Walter Muncaster Higgins third.
1147 Jr. Susan Merydith Higgins (Miss).
1148 Jr. Alison Bradley Higgins (Miss). These are the children of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Muncaster Higgins, Jr.
1149 Mrs. James E. Dillon (Ruth Wilson), 3234 Nile Street, San Diego, Calif. Mrs. Dillon's line stems from Patrick MacGregor, one time Chief of Clan MacGregor whose wife was Lady Marion MacDonald; through their son Major James MacGregor, who changed his name upon coming to Virginia to Thomas Mack Gehee. His son Jacob married Eleanor De Jarnette, both born in Virginia.
1150 Charles Francis Miller, 5637 Western Avenue, Washington, D. C. (Zone 15). Mr. Miller is the son of Anna Magruder Offutt who married J. Hite Miller. His grandmother was Ann Maria Fisher who married Hilleary Lyles Offutt, also on the line of Major Samuel Wade Magruder.
1151 Miller Reese Hutchinson, Jr., 1275 Clover Street, Rochester 10, N. Y. Mr. Hutchinson's fifth ancestor was Ninian Offutt Magruder whose wife was Mary Harris. Their son, Zadoc, married Tracy Reardon. Other names on the line was Pomery and Perry.
1152 Robert Patrick Adams, 1925 Wilbur Avenue, Baltimore 5, Md. Robert is the son of Henry R. Adams and his wife Marie E. Miller, and nephew of our member J. Franklin Adams. The line is Haswell Magruder and his wife Charity Beall.

1211 Jr. John William Alvin Davis, Jr., Stafford, Va. John is the grandson of our member, Susan Euphemia MacGregor Harley, she daughter of John Alistar MacGregor.
1212 Mrs. Ronald Vaughan Delahoyde (Frances Gregg), 326 W. 7th Street, St. Hastings, Nebraska. Mrs. Delahoyde's fifth ancestor is Aaron Grigg, born in Scotland, died in Wilmington, Del., where his son William was born. Other names in her line are Laison, Arnold and Smith.
1213 Mrs. Charles Franklin Cox (Ruth Marion MacGregor). Mrs. Cox is the daughter of George MacGregor and his wife Ida Peterson; he born in Albany, N.Y.; she born in Sweden; he son of Ebenezer MacGregor and his wife Ann Atkinson; he son of John MacGregor, born in Scotland, died in Philadelphia, married Catherine Clark.
1214 L.M. Alexander Leonard Covington Magruder, 2nd, P. O. Box 538, College Station, Texas. Leonard is named for his grandfather, whose number is 439. He is the son of our late member, Alexander Dalton Magruder and his wife Jean Rockwood Watson. His fifth ancestors were James Truman Magruder who married his second cousin Elizabeth Ann Magruder, giving lines from Alexander and from Samuel, sons of the Immigrant, Alexander Magruder, 1652.
1215 Jr. Mistress Anne Fount McGehee, 114 14th Street, Ft. Smith, Arkansas. Anne is the small daughter of Willoughby Fount McGehee and his wife Lassie Jones Youmans. Her direct line is from her Immigrant ancestor, Thomas Mack Gehee of Virginia, alias James MacGregor of Scotland; he son of Patrick, one time chief of the Clan Gregor.

RENEWALS OF MEMBERSHIP
Major Wilson Kent Magruder, 4323 Warren Street, Washington, D. C. Major Magruder is on the line of Haswell Magruder, whose wife was Charity Beall; he son of Samuel, called “Captain” (third in line) who married Jane Haswell; through Haswell's son Fielder who married his cousin Matilda Magruder; and their grandson Cassius Clay who married Agnes Harrison. These are the parents of Major Magruder.

Mrs. Joseph Harris (Estelle Viola Miller), 1803 Linden Avenue, Baltimore, Md. Mrs. Harris is the daughter of our late member, Ellen MacGregor, who married Dr. Leonidas Miller, she the granddaughter of Henry Mortimer MacGregor and his wife Elizabeth Berry, he son of John Smith Magruder and his wife Eleanor Hall (widow Clarke), he grandson of John of Dunblane and his wife Susannah Smith, he son of Samuel Magruder and his wife Sarah Beall.

The following have become members since the Gathering in October, 1954. Line will appear in the next issue of the Year Book.

1216 Mrs. Delbert Clinton Peet (Jessie H. Parsons).
1217 James Andrews Drane, Jr.
1218 Elijah Steele Drake.
1219 Mrs. Philip David Shupe (Ivie Parthenia Jefferson).

NEW MEMBERS IN 1954

1190 A. Mrs. Thomas Garland Magruder, Jr., Arlington, Va. Mrs. Magruder is the wife of our Editor.

1191 William Ernest Offutt, Sr., 3454 N. Edison Street, Arlington, Va. Mr. Offutt's parents were William Jerome Offutt and his wife Annie Rebecca Jones; he son of Colmore Burgess Offutt whose wife was Ann Elizabeth Jarboe. Colmore was the son of James Offutt and his wife Rebecca Offutt, who was the daughter of James Offutt and his wife Rebecca Magruder, daughter of Ninian Magruder and Elizabeth Brewer.

1192 William Ernest Offutt, Jr., 3410 N. Edison Street, Arlington, Va. Mr. Offutt is the son of William Ernest Offutt, Sr.

1193 Mrs. William T. McCormick (Lucy V. Offutt), 3418 N. Edison Street, Arlington, Va. Mrs. McCormick is the daughter of William Ernest Offutt, Sr.

1194 John Burruss Martin, Sr., 402 Lamont Street, San Antonio, Texas. Mr. Martin's ancestry is through the three Alexander Magruders in line from the Immigrant and his last marriage to Elizabeth Hawkins. His three times great-grandparents were James Trueman Magruder who married his cousin Elizabeth Ann Magruder.

1195 Jr. John Burruss Martin, Jr., is the son of John Burruss Martin, Sr.

1196 Eugene Ross Magruder, 1500 Arlington Blvd., Arlington, Va. Col. Magruder carries the name back to Alexander McGruder whose wife was Lady Margaret Campbell, widow of Sir Andrew Drummond. These were the parents of the immigrant Alexander who came to Maryland in 1652. Through his grandson Ninian whose wife was Elizabeth Brewer; through their grandson Archibald who married Cassandra Offutt; and their great-grandson Huston and his wife Grace Darling Ross who are the parents of Col. Magruder.
1197 Mrs. Paul Frederick Foster (Mary Isabelle de la Vincendiere Lowe), P. O. Box 125, Mitchellville, Md. Mrs. Foster is a granddaughter of Enoch Louis Lowe, Governor of Maryland from 1851 through 1854. He was a descendant of the Lowes of Derbyshire, England, and the great-grandson of Ann Magruder who married Capt. Michael Lowe; she granddaughter of James Magruder and his wife Barbara Coombs. Mrs. Foster is the daughter of Paul Emilius Lowe, son of the Governor, and Mary Anne Anderson, his wife.

1198 George McLaурine Mackey, 4419 Volta Place, N.W., Washington 7, D. C. Mr. Mackey is a direct descendant of Rob Roy MacGregor and Helen Mary MacGregor his wife, through their great-grandson James, born in Scotland and changed his name to Mackay; died 1793 in Jefferson County, Georgia. He was a soldier in the American Revolution. His grandson was Albert Gallatin Mackey who died 1881. Other names in the line are Lloyd, Hubble and Mills.

1199 Joseph Addison, Jr., 3319 P Street, N.W., Washington 7, D. C. Mr. Addison’s grandparents were Dennis Magruder, Jr. and his wife Eleanor Beans Mullikin; through their daughter Cornelia Weems Magruder who married George French Bowie.

1200 Mrs. Ralph Daniel Fleming (Helen Wolfe), 24 Stevens Street, West Hartford 10, Conn. Mrs. Fleming is the niece of our beloved Miss Helen Wolfe and is the daughter of John Magruder Wolfe and Genevieve M. Haymond, his wife. She is on the Major Samuel Wade Magruder line through his great-granddaughter Maria Cecil Magruder who married Frank Wolfe.

1201 Mrs. Earl Joseph Higgins (Mary Lowry Smith), “The Pines”, Rt. I, Holt Summit, Missouri. Mrs. Higgins stems from Major James MacGregor, who upon coming to Virginia changed his name to Thomas Mac Gehee. He married in 1676 his first wife Ann Bastrop, daughter of Thomas Bastrop of Scotland. Their daughter Sarah married Thomas Lipscomb of Virginia in 1730, and their daughter Susannah married John Ragland of Virginia. Other names on this line are Smith, Barnes, Anspaugh and Owsley.

1202 John Kennedy Magruder, 3727 N. 10th Street, Arlington, Va. Mr. Magruder’s line from Alexander Magruder, the immigrant, and traditionally his wife Margaret Braithwaite, is through their grandson Capt. Alexander who married Ann Wade and their son Lt. Hezekiah Magruder; and his son George Beall Magruder who married Charity Willson. Mr. Magruder’s parents were Edgar Williams Magruder and his wife Elizabeth Barron.

1203 Miss Marion Virginia Magruder, 3727 N. 10th Street, Arlington, Va. Miss Marion is a sister of John Kennedy Magruder, #1203.

1204 Mrs. Susan Euphemia MacGregor Harley (E.E.), Stafford P. O., Va. Mrs. Harley is the daughter of our late clansman, John Alister Mac-
Gregor and his wife Bessie Knight. His father was John Roderick MacGregor who carried his cousin Mary Eliza MacGregor; he the son of Alaric Mortimer MacGregor and his wife Martha Potts Key; he on the line of John Magruder of "Dunblane", Maryland.

1206 Mrs. John Frederick Dorman, Sr. (Sue Carpenter Miller), The Ludwell Apts., 602 E. Williamsburg, Va. Mrs. Dorman's parents were Lucinda Page Elliott of Oldham County, Ky., and Leonard Sampson Miller of Oldham County, Ky. She the daughter of John Darwin Elliott and his wife, Susan Duncan Carpenter; he son of Dr. William Elliott who married Lucinda Beall Thomas. Mrs. Dorman's four times great-grandfather was Col. Samuel Beall, the son of Verlinda Magruder who married John Beall of Alexander; she daughter of Samuel Magruder, 1st, and his wife Sarah Beall.

1207 Mrs. Lloyd Frank (Nina D.), 224 W. 29th Street, Kearney, Nebraska. Mrs. Frank is the daughter of Mrs. Cora Garner Keil-Fitch, daughter of John Angel Garner and his wife Henrietta Francis Williams Humber of Virginia. Her Revolutionary ancestor is John Garner of Virginia and his sixth ancestor is Katherine Brooks Cateray MacGehee, she daughter of Daniel MacGehee and Jane Brooke Hodnett.

1208 Mrs. Fred G. Wehmer (Thelma Weinhold), R. F. D. 2, Allendale, N. J. Mrs. Wehmer is the niece of our member, Mrs. Cora Garner Keil-Fitch and is a first cousin of Mrs. Lloyd Frank; both descended from Maj. James MacGregor, Thomas Mack Gehee and his wife Mary Munford; he son of Patrick MacGregor, chief of Clan Gregor, whose wife was Lady Marion McDonald.

1209 A. Mrs. George Edward Davis (Kate Test), widow of Reverend George Edward Davis, D.D., "Brookside", 419 Green Street, Orangeburg, S. C. Rev. Davis was the son of Josephine Hellen Magruder and Thomas Benton Davis; she daughter of Jesse Hellen Magruder and 1st wife Rebecca Penn; he son of Edward Magruder and Ann Hellen; he son of Haswell Magruder and Charity Beall; he son of Samuel Magruder and Jane Haswell; he son of Samuel Magruder and Eleanor Wade.

1210 Mrs. Roy Gerald Blank (Eleanor Rebecca Offutt). Mrs. Blank is the daughter of Richard Jerome Offutt and his wife, Margaret Frances Offutt, his cousin; he son of William Jerome Offutt who married Annie Rebecca Jones, he son of Colmore Burgess Offutt and his wife Elizabeth Jarboe; he son of Colmore Offutt who married his second cousin Rebecca, daughter of James Offutt and his wife Rebecca Magruder; she daughter of Ninian Magruder, 1st, and his wife Elizabeth Brewer.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN
REGINA MAGRUDER HILL

BIRTHS

Jan. 26, 1953—Sharon Jane to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Clark Lawrence. Grand-daughter of Mrs. Mary Emma Magruder Cook, Prairie Grove, Ark.

Dec. 22, 1953—Mary Somers to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. W. W. Knight. Mrs. Knight is the former Beverley Randolph of Virginia.
Feb. 15, 1954—Sharon Lynn to Mr. and Mrs. David Berry Penkert.
Mar. 21, 1954—Howard Dean, Jr., to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Dean Fugitt. Grandson of Mrs. Marguerite Sheriff (Fugitt) Boyer.
April 1, 1954—John Gratton, Jr., to John Gratton Metz and Jane Lee Ewell and a great-grandson of Dr. Jesse Ewell.
April 12, 1954—Susan Rebecca to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rowland Stabler. Susan is great-granddaughter of John Edwin Muncaster of “The Ridge”.
May 22, 1954—Janet Neale to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Keith Harshfield. Janet is granddaughter to Mr. and Mrs. John Eldridge Loveless.
June 30, 1954—Karen Ann to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Scott Penkert. Karen Ann and Sharon Lynn Penkert are first cousins, and granddaughters of Mr. and Mrs. John Lawrence Penkert.
July 7, 1954—Margery Anne to Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Swanson. Margery is granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Claiborne R. Mobley.
July 27, 1954—Robin Magruder to Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Russell. Robin is the first grandchild of Mrs. Helen Magruder Bach. She and her daughter, Eleanor Bach Russell, are members of the Clan.
Aug. 29, 1954—Richard Byrd Hart to Dr. and Mrs. Nathaniel MacGregor Ewell, Jr., and a great-grandson of Dr. Jesse Ewell and Mary Jane Ish.

DEATHS
Aug. 13, 1953—Miss Henrietta Elizabeth Briscoe. Life Member No. 795.
Feb. 22, 1954—Miss F. Eleanor Smith, Clan Member 665.
April 19, 1954—Walter Muncaster Higgins, Clan Member 479.
May 10, 1954—Mr. Mort Quirey Maraman. Clan Member 1090.
Sept. 22, 1954—John Bowie Ferneyhough, Charter Member No. 27.
May 12, 1954—Mrs. Thomas Graves Birkhead. Mrs. Birkhead was an Associate Member No. 170.
1954—Edward Keach Magruder, Clan Member No. 488.

WEDDINGS
Ann Louise Bruninga to Ellison Capers Palmer Magruder
Miss Anne Louise Bruninga became the bride of Ellison Capers Palmer Magruder April 20, 1954. The wedding took place in St. Stephen's Church at Coconut Grove, with a Nuptial Mass celebrated by the Rev. William O. Hamer, Rector, the bride’s father, Rev. William J. Bruninga, assisting. Mr. Magruder is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hemingway Magruder, Sr., of Coconut Grove, Miami, Florida.
Mr. Magruder, who is now serving in the United States Navy, is the great-grandson of the Seventh Bishop of South Carolina, the late Rt. Rev. Ellison Capers. He is a member of the Clan as well as his parents and several other members of the family.

Geraldine Dawn Holsten to William Primitivo Rodriguez
At a lovely ceremony in Riverside Church, New York City, on June 4, 1954, at 4:30 p.m., Miss Geraldine Dawn Holsten became the bride of William Primitivo Rodriguez.
Mr. Rodriguez graduated from the Naval Academy on June 4, and now has the rank of Ensign. Among the graduation presents which he received was the sword, scabbard and belt from his great-uncle, Rear Admiral I. H. Mayfield, U.S.N., Retired, of La Jolla, Calif.

The minister who performed the ceremony was the Rev. Norris L. Tibbetts. The bride had graduated the previous Monday at Mary Washington College, Fredericksburg, Va. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Holsten, 2600 University Avenue, New York City.

Four of Ensign Rodriguez’s classmates served as best man and groomsmen. They were all in Navy whites with swords. A reception was held at the church after the ceremony and a cocktail hour at the Gotham Hotel followed by a dinner-dance.

**Caroline Marie Murray to George Lloyd Magruder, II**

Miss Caroline Marie Murray and George Lloyd Magruder, II, were married on June 12, 1953. Miss Murray is the daughter of Mrs. James Roy Murray and the late Mr. Murray of San Antonio, Tex. Mr. Magruder is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Burns Magruder of Rumson, N. J. He and his son are both Clansmen.

**Louise Dukes Magruder to Thomas Austin Clary**

Miss Louise Dukes Magruder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Baldwin Magruder, of Baltimore, became the bride of Thomas Austin Clary, son of Dr. and Mrs. Austin J. Clary of Auburn, N. Y., on Aug. 28, 1954. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Frances X. McGuire at SS. Philip and James Church. Miss Magruder is the niece of our Charter member, Mrs. Mary Sprigg Belt Magruder Wade, deceased.

**Gloria Jane Ozment to Lauch McLaurin Magruder**

The First Methodist Church in Dyersburg, Tenn., was the setting for the wedding June 25, 1954, of Miss Gloria Jane Ozment and Lauch McLaurin Magruder, Jr. The Rev. Andrew LeRoy Dickerson officiated.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hubert Ozment of Dyersburg. Mr. Magruder is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lauch McLaurin Magruder.

Mrs. Richard Mace Avison of Dyersburg was her sister’s matron of honor. Mr. Magruder served his son as best man.

A reception was given at the Dyersburg Country Club. After a Northern wedding trip, the couple will live in Oxford, Miss., where the bridegroom is a law student at the University of Mississippi.

**Jessie Jerdone Ewell to William Eligio Mendez, Jr.**

Miss Jessie Jerdone Ewell, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Nathaniel McGregor Ewell, of Charlottesville, Va., was married to William Eligio Mendez, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Mendez of New Orleans, La., and Havana, Cuba, on Dec. 26, 1954. The ceremony was performed in Gibson chapel of St. Paul’s Memorial Church, with the rector, the Rev. Dr. Theodore Evans, officiating. Miss Ewell is the granddaughter of Dr. Jesse Ewell, one of the founders of the American Clan Gregor Society.
NOTES OF STATE UNITS

Texas held its organizational meeting May 30, 1953, in La Villita, San Antonio, and was the first State to have a unit meeting.

Mississippi was the next State and held a meeting at Port Gibson June 21, 1953.


The Scottish Standard was displayed; pine tree boughs, MacGregor shields, tartans, all helped to welcome the guests and make them feel at home. Mrs. R. S. Pope from Dunwoody, Ga., was the guest of honor. She exhibited three large charts. The first chart showed the 6 lines of descent of Alexander Magruder from 6 “Magna Charta Sureties”. The second chart depicted Alexander’s various line of Royal Descent from King Alpin and others. A chart 12 feet long portrayed the descent of Alexander Magruder through the Kings of Ireland and Scotland and Scottish Chiefs. Guests were registered and data obtained as to their particular MacGregor blood line, and if possible, the name of their initial ancestor to enter the State.

Some of the points stressed at the meeting were: research regarding early State ancestors, location of early homes and visits to them, checking directories to locate possible new members, then follow up by personal visits, telephone calls or written invitations to become members. Finally arrange for informal meetings in the larger towns.

It was hoped to have another meeting in the spring, so that those who were unable to attend the Washington Gathering might be able to learn of the happenings there.

Those who attended were: Deputy Chieftain and Mrs. Dudley Boston Magruder, Jr., of Rome; Miss Anne Bell Verdery, of Augusta; Miss Louise Magruder Verdery, of Augusta; Mrs. Robert Lee Walker, of Cuttbert; Miss Anne Lamar Magruder, of Atlanta; Mrs. R. S. Pope, of Dunwoody; Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Drane, of Atlanta; Mrs. Ruth Vaughn, of Atlanta; Lieut. Col. and Mrs. W. M. Crawford, of Atlanta; Miss Emly Drake Crawford, of Atlanta; Mrs. H. B. Earthman, of Decatur; Mrs. J. A. Hall, of Decatur; Mr. Roymand Marshall Drane, of Atlanta; Mrs. Carl H. Ellington, of Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hugh McGarity, of Atlanta.

Arkansas: Deputy—Mrs. Etta Leone Stephens Stokes. No meetings held as yet. The Deputy Chieftain sent out 25 personal invitations to eligible descendants to join and secured four members. Personal touch proved to be the most successful factor. Mrs. Stokes has done a great deal to interest eligible members, particularly those of the James McGruder (also known as Thomas MackGehee) line, and has compiled a list of 24 of them. She has compiled a book, “Royal Lineage of James MacGregor, the Immigrant.” In many ways she has been most helpful to the Chieftain, and a very active worker for our Society.

Virginia: Mrs. Helen Ewell Hord, of Ruckersville, Va. No organizational meeting as yet. The Deputy Chieftain is planning a picnic at Ruckersville in the spring. Many members can easily make the drive there and get back home the same day. The idea is to have each family bring a picnic basket, which elimi-
nates the uncertainty in preparations, when the number to attend is always in doubt. The Chieftain hopes this party will be a huge success and longs to see the old Dominion State organized. Mrs. Hard wrote a personal note to each Clansman in her native State and worked hard to secure a large representation at the October Gathering. Some work has been accomplished on the history of the earlier Clan settlers in the State. Eleanor Magruder of Maryland moved to Virginia in 1760. Here is a basic fact to start from and carry on.

Texas: Deputy Chieftain Hamilton Magruder, of La Villita, San Antonio. The new Deputy Chieftain reports much activity this year (1954). First, a large group of Magruder kin were taken by Hamilton and his wife Lydia to see "Rob Roy" picture. Later, three other groups of friends attended. While no State meeting, personal touch was made with many members by personal visits of Hamilton and Lydia. Some of these were: to the Magruder Martins at Nacogdoches, Texas; Magruder Drake at Chapel Hill, Miss., who owns and lives on the original homestead of James Trueman Magruder, Hamilton's great-grandfather; to Baton Rouge, La., where his grandfather (W.H.N. Magruder) lived his entire life, and was known as the Grand Old Man of Louisiana. Hamilton found his grandfather's picture hung in the Dept. of Education, on the 16th floor of the new State Capitol, as he was the third Superintendent of Schools for the State of Louisiana. The old home (Idlewild) at Port Gibson, owned by Mrs. Fannie Magruder Eaton, was visited. Thence on to Indianola, Miss., where they visited the Neil Magruders. Besides these delightful visits they had time to take in the Bankhead Magruder breastworks, thrown up between San Marcos and Austin, Texas, for defense. General John Bankhead Magruder's grave and his monument at Galveston, Tex., were also visited.

This was a real pilgrimage and covered many Magruder historical areas in the State rather thoroughly. In addition two new members were secured.

These visits indicate what can be done in many of our States after some basic research has developed the historical background. The Chief is most anxious to have our Clan Historian assist the State units in every way to get started on their State lines.

Kentucky: Deputy Chieftain G. R. Henderson. In answer to a questionnaire sent by the Chieftain the following answers were sent in by Deputy Henderson.

Q. Who was the first Magruder settler in the State?
   A. Archibald and Cassandra Magruder in 1790 in Kentucky.

Q. Who was the first Magruder in the State Family line
   A. Archibald and Cassandra Magruder—1790.

Q. First Magruder settlers’ home place name?
   A. Home removed—Cemetery and stones intact.

Q. Location of this home place?
   A. Land mostly included within the Bernheim Forest Reservation. Located in Bullitt County, near Bardstown Junction. (My plantation practically adjoins this land.)

Q. Location of any Magruder Shrine?
   A. Cemetery in Bullitt County—donated by Levi Magruder, son of Archibald and Cassandra. Catholic Church of St. John was used there for years. Dismantled now. Church built by Rev. Charles Nerinck of Belgium.
Q. Give names of any Magruders of note.
A. Dr. Woodford Trautman, heart specialist of Louisville. Miss Lucille Magruder, professor of Home Economics at the University of Kentucky. Mr. William Marion K. Magruder, retired furniture merchant of Lexington, Ky.

The Chieftain would like to have such a report from each State. Much of the above information was obtained from W. C. Barrickman's Twelve Generations of Magruders in America.

The Clan Year Book of 1947 contains the full account of the marking of the gravestones of Archibald Magruder by the Magruder Family Gathering, headed by Guy Russell Henderson, who had the "Son of the American Revolution" plaque fastened to the stone. He was assisted by O. K. Magruder, son of James Edwart Magruder.

RANDOM NOTES

Miss June Lippincott Stockham entered the Salisbury State Teachers' College on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, in September 1954.

John William Freeman, a former junior member now transferred to Adult Membership, is a Private at the Naval Aviation Technical Training Center at Jacksonville, Fla.

Daniel Dillon, III, one of our Junior Members, is a student in the High School in Berkeley, Calif.

Abbott Frances Hayden, Jr., is with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cecil Magruder, in San Diego, Calif., where he is a student at the Helix High School. He was voted the "No. 1 Speaker" and spoke before the Lions Club as his school's representative.

Miss Jane Magruder is taking an active part in High School work at Indianola, Miss. She is editor of the school paper, "Smoke Signals", a member of the Hall of Fame, Student of the Month for December, 1954, and winner of the Essay contest on "I Speak for Democracy." Jane and her sister Alice were both in the home economics Style Show, and Anna, another sister, was on the Christmas program.

The Clan has its first Life Member among the junior set. Alexander Leonard Covington Magruder, II, age 21, has been presented with a Life Membership by his cousin, Wm. B. Hamilton Magruder, of San Antonio, Tex.

Commander Daniel Dillon, Jr., father of our junior member, Daniel III, is serving as Staff Commander of the Service Division with the Fleet near Japan. Commander Dillon is a nephew of Mrs. O. O. van den Berg, Clan Registrar.

John Ewell passed the Virginia State Bar examination. He is the son of Nathaniel Ewell, Sr., and a nephew of Mrs. Helen Woods Ewell Hord.
FRIDAY, THE 15TH OF OCTOBER

Pilgrimage to Montgomery County, Maryland

10:15 a.m. — Registration, St. John's Episcopal Church, Olney, Maryland.

Olney is some 15 miles north of Washington, D. C., at the intersection of Maryland Routes 97 and 108; St. John's is on Route 108, a short distance west of the intersection.

11:00 a.m. — Annual Church Service at St. John's Episcopal Church. Talk by the Pastor, Rev. James Valliant.

Noon — Lunch at St. John's Parish Hall.

1:30 p.m. — Arrival at "The Ridge"; an old, ancestral home of the Magruders, now the home of our beloved first Treasurer, John Edwin Muncaster.


3:30 p.m. — Tour of the home of the Montgomery County Historical Society, of Maryland, Route 28 about a mile east of Rockville.

Greetings by the Curator of the Historical Society, Mrs. A. Randolph Lopstrand.

SATURDAY, THE 16TH OF OCTOBER

Sheraton Park Hotel, Connecticut Avenue and Woodley Road, Washington, D. C.

9:30 a.m. — Council Meeting in the Franklin Room.

10:00 a.m. — Registration and exhibition in the Adams-Hamilton Room.

2:00 p.m. — Annual Business Meeting in the Adams-Hamilton Room.

Call to order by the Chieftain, General Marshall Magruder.

Invocation by the Chaplain.

Reports of Society Officers.

Reports of Committees.

Unfinished Business.

New Business.

Nomination and election of officers.

Annual Address of the Chieftain, General Marshall Magruder.

Announcements.

Adjournment.

6:00 p.m. — Registration in the east end of the Lobby, where dinner tickets may be picked up and dues may be paid.
SATURDAY EVENING

Sheraton Park Hotel, Connecticut Avenue and Woodley Road, Washington, D. C.

7:00 p.m. — Annual Dinner in the Burgundy Room.
   Piping in of the Chieftain and Guests.
   Grace.
   Scottish Songs.
   Chieftain's Salute to "Absentee Guests."
   Scottish Songs.
   Address, Colonel Willard Webb.
   Scottish Songs
   Social Hour with Music and Scottish Dances by

ENTERTAINERS

Andrew Patterson          James Garrioch
Thomas A. Pence           Wm. L. Kennedy Galloway
Miss Pauline Leigh Mackey  Frederick W. Turnbull
Miss Nora Lee Orudorff

* * * * *

COMMITTEE to arrange for the 1954 GATHERING

Forrest S. Holmes, Chairman

C. Virginia Diedel          Mrs. James Murdock
Regina Magruder Hill        Mrs. John McDonald
Thomas Garland Magruder     Mrs. Basil Worthington Waters, Jr.
Mrs. John Rochford Dwyer    Miss Frances Lummis
Mrs. John Eldridge Loveless  Emma Waters Muncaster
Mrs. Merle Freeman          Susie May van den Berg
Mrs. Dixie Noble            Ruth Ashley Walde

Miss Dorothy Linson
The bronze tablet shown above was designed and placed in St. Paul’s Church, Prince George’s County, Md., in 1930 by the Rev. James Mitchell Magruder, D. D., (1865-1955) former Chieftain of American Clan Gregor Society.
THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE ANNUAL GATHERING
October 15th and 16th, 1954

MINUTES OF THE COUNCIL MEETING
October 16, 1954

ANNA LOUISE REYNOLDS, Scribe
COLMA L. ALLGEYER, Deputy Scribe

The meeting of the Council of the American Clan Gregor Society was held at the Sheraton Park Hotel in Washington, D. C., on October 16, 1954. Members of the Council present were: Douglas Neil Magruder, Marshall Magruder, Regina Magruder Hill, Colma L. Allgeyer, Mrs. Mabel T. Rhoades, Thomas Garland Magruder, Jr., Herbert T. Magruder, Miss Anna Louise Reynolds, C. Virginia Diedel.

The meeting was called to order by the Chieftain, Brig. Gen. Marshall Magruder, U.S.A., Retired, at 11:00 o'clock A.M. Miss Regina M. Hill, in the absence of the Chaplain, opened the meeting with prayer. The reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was omitted, as the "highlights" were published in the last Year Book.

The Chieftain discussed the results of his newly instituted plan of contacting by letter the State Deputy Chieftains and asking each for a report of his activities in regard to the Clan. Also, each one was requested to give certain data; such as the number of those persons of Magruder Blood in his vicinity, names of old Magruder Home Sites, etc. He reported a very successful, well attended luncheon given at his home in Atlanta on September 25th to which "Georgia Magruders" were invited. He concluded by saying, "The future membership of this Society depends on the State Deputy Chieftains."

The next subject discussed was the year-old Endowment Committee. The Chieftain appointed two new members, Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades and Mr. Clarence William McCormick, newly elected treasurer. The following is the membership of the Endowment Committee: The Rev. Daniel Randall Magruder, Chairman; Miss C. Virginia Diedel (Mrs. Jacob Milwit), Mr. Henry Magruder Taylor, Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades, and Mr. Clarence William McCormick.

After full discussion, the following motions were recommended to be presented to the Business Session in the afternoon:

1. The following resolution was moved by Douglas Neil Magruder and seconded by Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades: "Be it resolved that the dues of all Junior Members who are children or grandchildren, of members of this Society, be waived as of October 16, 1954; the beginning of the present fiscal year." This was voted on and approved.

2. Moved by Miss Regina M. Hill and seconded by Mr. Herbert T. Magruder: "Be it resolved that the Life Membership Fund be combined with the Endowment Fund, as of October 16, 1954; and the name be known as the Endowment Fund on the Treasurer's books." This was voted on and approved.

3. Moved by Douglas Neil Magruder and seconded by Miss Hill and Mrs. Rhoades: "Be it resolved that all funds, other than the Endowment and Life
Membership Fund, be consolidated and deposited to the General Fund of the Society." This was voted on and carried.

4. Presented for discussion by the Chieftain, Gen. Marshall Magruder, and moved by Douglas Neil Magruder and seconded by Herbert T. Magruder and Miss Emma Muncaster: "Be it resolved that a committee be appointed and fifty dollars ($50.00) per year be set aside from the Treasury towards plans for the celebration of the 50th Anniversary of this Society in the year 1959." Voted on and approved.

5. It was moved by Thomas G. Magruder and seconded that the "Five-Year Survey Financial Report" presented by Douglas Neil Magruder, be accepted as the audit for the past year. This was voted on and approved.

6. Miss Regina M. Hill presented the following Amendment to the Rules: "I move that the Council recommend at the 1954 Gathering's Business Session of the Clan the following: "To change Rule XVII by making Section 2, Section 3, and add as Section 2 the following: That the Assistant to the Chieftain be authorized to sign checks with the Chieftain and/or the Treasurer, in the inability of either one of them to do so." This Amendment was signed by the following persons: Douglas Neil Magruder, Marshall Magruder, Louise Verderly, Elizabeth H. Dwyer, Marjorie H. Loveless, Emma W. Muncaster, Mrs. Basil W. Waters, Jr., Regina Magruder Hill, Mable T. Rhoades, Colma L. Allgeyer, Thomas G. Magruder, Jr., Herbert T. Magruder, C. Virginia Diedel, and Anna Louise Reynolds. The Amendment was voted on and approved.

7. It was recommended that a committee of three be appointed to make a "Study" of markers; to establish a complete record of markers that have been erected and to plan for the erection of future ones. This was voted on and approved.

8. Douglas Neil Magruder made a motion that Mrs. Susie May Geddes van den Berg, in recognition of her life-long devotion and efforts in behalf of this Society, be made an "Honorary Life Member" of the American Clan Gregor Society. This was seconded by all present and unanimously voted on. All present stood in approval.

The question of the number of Year Books to be ordered in the future and the price of back issues to be sold, be referred hereafter to the Chieftain and the Editor.

The report of the Nominating Committee was given by the Chairman, Thomas Garland Magruder, Jr., as follows, and recommended to the Business Session:

Chieftain..............................................Brig. Gen. Marshall Magruder
Ranking Deputy Chieftain......................Rev. Daniel Randall Magruder
Assistant to the Chieftain.......................Mr. Forrest S. Holmes
Scribe....................................................Miss Anna Louise Reynolds
Deputy Scribe.......................................Mrs. Colma L. Allgeyer (Mrs. James E.)
Registrar..............................................Mrs. Susie May Geddes van den Berg
Historian..............................................Miss Regina Magruder Hill
Treasurer..............................................Mr. Clarence William McCormick
Surgeon................................................Dr. Roger Gregory Magruder
Editor..................................................Mr. Thomas Garland Magruder, Jr.
Chancellor..............................................C. Virginia Diedel (Mrs. Jacob Milwit)
Chaplain..............................................Rev. Reuel Lampier Howe

The Council adjourned at one o'clock P.M., and the members assembled in the dining room of the Sheraton Park Hotel for luncheon.
The Forty-Fifth Annual Gathering of the American Clan Gregor Society, Inc., was called to order on October 16th at 3 o'clock P.M. by the Chieftain, Brig. Gen. Marshall Magruder, U.S.A., Retired.

The minutes of the Gathering in 1953 were omitted as a full report appeared in the current Year Book.

The Registrar, Mrs. O. O. van den Berg, was absent on account of illness; Miss Hill reported for her, the twenty-eight new members.

The Historian, Miss Regina Magruder Hill, reported eleven births, four marriages and seven deaths. A few additional numbers will appear in the Year Book which were received after the meeting.

The Treasurer, pro tem., Mr. Douglas Neil Magruder, read his Five-Year Financial Audit.

The Chancellor, Miss C. Virginia Diedel, stated that the business affairs of the Clan are in perfect order. She added that we are indebted to our Chieftain for the work he has done in connection with arousing interest through the State Deputy Chieftains. She requested donations to the "Endowment and Life Membership Fund."

Miss Hill, reporting for the Membership and Research Committee, stated that they have been working through the State Deputy Chieftains in order to secure new members. She also spoke of the research work that is being done on the genealogical charts, which is progressing very satisfactorily.

The Chieftain, Brig. Gen. Marshall Magruder, gave statistics on the cost of the Year Books over a period of five years and stated that for the coming year we would need 525 books. He spoke briefly on the work he has been doing with the State Deputy Chieftains. He took up and discussed, point by point, the reports of the various officers of the Society so that recommendations could be made for future work.

The seven Recommendations and one Amendment to the Rules of the Council were read to this session and each voted on and approved.

The report of the Nominating Committee was given by the Chairman, Mr. Thomas G. Magruder, Jr. As there were no nominations from the floor, Miss Hill moved that nominations be closed. Mr. Douglas Neil Magruder moved that the Secretary cast one unanimous vote for the slate as presented. The names of the officers as slated appear in the Minutes of the Council.

After the adjournment of this session, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert T. Magruder treated us with the showing of stereopticon slides of the colored snapshots that they had taken this past spring while they were visiting in Scotland and were guests of our Hereditary Chief, Sir Malcolm and Lady MacGregor. These pictures were most interesting and we wish to thank Mr. and Mrs. Magruder for this entertainment feature.
ton and vicinity the day before, preventing many from going on the Pilgrimage and making travel almost impossible from fallen trees and limbs on the morning of October 16th, a large number of guests recovered sufficiently to attend the dinner. At the beginning of the dinner there was the "Piping-In" of the traditional "Haggis", that ancient Scottish dish of viands, which to my mind was one of the factors that contributed to the hardiness of our ancestors.

The Chieftain introduced the visitors on the platform. Mr. Webb, who is in charge of the Reading Room of the Library of Congress, was our guest speaker. He reminisced in an interesting and humorous way about his recent trip to Scotland, where he was sent by the United States Government as a delegate to an International Meeting for the preservation of documents.

At the close of the dinner we were entertained by Scottish dancing. Then all present joined hands and sang Auld Lang Syne, led by Miss Emma Muncaster. Thus came to an end the good old times of the 45th Gathering of the American Clan Gregor Society.

St. John's Church, Olney, Maryland

The Clan held its Church Service in St. John's Church and afterwards a luncheon was served in the Parish Hall.

Because of the great distance between Christ Church at Rockville and St. Bartholomew's Church, then located at Hawlings River, many members of these two churches were deprived of attendance, with any regularity, at Services. In consequence it was felt that it would add greatly to the spiritual welfare of these members if a Chapel were erected at Mechanicsville, near Olney.

A Deed was given by Ignatius Waters to Richard Holmes and others for part of "Charles and Benjamin" in the town of Mechanicsville for the purpose of erecting a Protestant Episcopal Church and opening a graveyard.

The organization of the Chapel was established as a separate congregation having its own Vestry, and work begun on the building in 1842. When the Church was completed and paid for, it was consecrated in 1845. The Church was originally of frame and was situated in the Cemetery. In 1910 it was moved to a central position on the Church grounds. A recessed Chancel, Vestry room and tower were added. The Church is now a modified Gothic, stuccoed, with a Dutch tower.

The Rectory in Brookeville was destroyed by fire in 1912. With it were destroyed all of the records of St. John's Church. A new Rectory was erected on the lot adjoining the Church at Olney.

During the first years after its organization, St. Bartholomew's Parish was administered by the Rector of Prince George's Parish. When the work grew to such proportions that this arrangement was no longer practical, St. Bartholomew's Parish called a Rector of its own. Since 1845 there have been 15 Rectors and the Church has the very unique distinction of having a photograph of each of these 15 Rectors, and these pictures are framed in one large frame which hangs just inside the vestibule as you enter the Church.
Memorials

Miss Henrietta Elizabeth Briscoe
1882-1953

Henrietta Elizabeth Briscoe was born in Baltimore, Md., Mar. 6, 1882, the daughter of Alexander Magruder Briscoe and Alvira Toland, and died in St. Joseph's Hospital, Baltimore, Aug. 13, 1953. Her sister followed her in death on November 8, 1953, and both are buried in the St. Joseph's Monastery Cemetery, Irvington, Baltimore, Md.

On her father's side she was descended from Alexander Magruder of Prince George's County, Md., who married Susannah Lamar, and whose daughter, Eleanor, married Dr. John Briscoe V. of "Piedmont", Berkeley (later Jefferson) County, Virginia, which later became West Virginia. Also on her father's side, she was descended from Dr. John Briscoe who came to Maryland in the Ark and Dove and settled in St. Mary's County.

Her mind showed a mathematical trend early in life and in 1921 she received a Degree of Bachelor of Commercial Science. She followed a business career and in 1937 was an auditor in the Internal Revenue.

Miss Briscoe was a devout Catholic, being a convert to the Faith. She was a member of the Quota Club of Baltimore, the Washington Curtis Chapter, D.A.R., the Woman's Club of Baltimore, the Department of Maryland Woman's Relief Corps, and a life member of the American Clan Gregor Society.

She is survived by a nephew, Mr. Whitridge L. Briscoe of Washington, D. C.

Miss Florence Eleanor Smith
1874-1954

Miss Florence Eleanor Smith was the daughter of Samuel Yeager Smith and Florence La Grange Wynne and great-granddaughter of Ninian Oftutt Magruder and Mary Harris. She was born in Huntsville, Tex., Feb. 25, 1874, and died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 22, 1954. Burial was in Fairmount Cemetery, in Denver, Colo. Miss Smith has been a member of the Clan for many years. She is survived by a sister, Mrs. Eugene Barrett, also a Clan member; a nephew, Thornton Wynne Barrett of Bridgeport, Conn., and a niece and nephew of Los Angeles, Calif., Mrs. Gerddine Smith Healy and Orville L. Smith.

Walter Muncaster Higgins

Walter Muncaster Higgins, a member of the Clan, as is also his son and his widow, died at DeLand, Fla., where he had lived for about a year, on April 19, 1954.

Mr. Higgins, who was associated with General Motors before his retirement, lived at Perry Point, Md., before moving to Florida. He died at the home of his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Theo Higgins.

He was the son of the late John J. Higgins and Laura Muncaster Higgins. He attended Rockville Academy and was graduated from Western Maryland College, Westminster, Md.

During World War I, he was an ordnance captain. He served in World War II
for four years as a civilian naval inspector on construction, stationed at Bainbridge, Md.

Mr. Higgins was a member of the American Clan Gregor Society. He was the father of Walter M. Higgins, Jr., of Portland, Ore., the late Meredith A. Higgins, who died a year ago at Perry Point, and Edward Wallace Higgins, missing in action in China in World War II. His late wife was Frances C. Meredith.

Mr. Higgins had three sisters, Mrs. Laura M. Talbott, Mrs. Elizabeth Murdock and Mrs. Dorothy H. McDonald, and three brothers, John J., Robert B. and Jesse A. Higgins. He had three granddaughters and a grandson.

Funeral services were held at 2:30 p.m., Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Talbott, 122 South Van Buren Street, Rockville. The Rev. Peter James Murdock, Mr. Higgins' brother-in-law, officiated. Burial was in Rockeville Union Cemetery.

MORT QUIREY MARAMAN
1883-1954

Mort Quirey Maraman was born in Sullivan, Ky., Sept. 6, 1883, the son of William Francis Maraman and Mary Missouri Gillen. He died in Memphis, Tenn., May 10, 1954. Mr. Maraman was great-great-grandson of Archibald Magruder and Cassandra Offutt.

He was past grand patron of the Order of Eastern Star in Arkansas and a retired Missouri Pacific engineer, and had made his home in Memphis for the past seven years after a lifetime in Paragould. He was a 32nd degree Mason, a member of the Little Rock Lodge and a member of the American Clan Gregor Society.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Bessie Platt Maraman; a daughter, Mrs. Harold Glossenger, Allen Park, Mich.; three sons, Mort, Jr., Romulus, Mich.; Robert, Memphis, and Sgt. David Maraman, stationed at Camp Chaffee; two brothers, W. L., Nashville, and W. D. Maraman, Hacoda, Ala.; a sister, Mrs. Julia King, Galveston, Tex., and four grandchildren.

Funeral services were conducted in the Citizens Funeral Home Chapel, West Memphis, by the Rev. A. R. Martin. Burial was in Crittenden Memorial Park.

MISS JANE LOUISE EWELL
1873-1954

A Tribute by Helen Ewell Hord

Miss Jane Louise Ewell, eleventh child of John Smith Magruder Ewell and Alice Jane Tyler, 2nd wife, died June 25, 1954. She was born Oct. 21, 1873, at Edge Hill, Haymarket, Prince William County, Virginia.

Jane was graduated from State Normal School, now Longwood College, Farmville, Va., and taught school in both Virginia and Montana until World War II when she went to Washington and worked as a government employee until her retirement.

She was a lifelong member of Grace Chapel Episcopal Church, St. Paul's Parish, Haymarket, and active in neighborhood affairs.
Though not a member of the Clan she was interested in its activities, and was a sister of Alice Maud Ewell, and half sister of Dr. Jesse Ewell.

**MISS LUCY ALLEN MCCORMICK**

1869-1954

Miss Lucy Allen McCormick, who passed away on December 19, 1954, was the daughter of Alexander McCormick and his wife, Elizabeth Truman Beall Young. She was the sister of our beloved deceased members, Mrs. Philip Hill Sheriff and Mrs. Mary Sophronia McCormick Brooks. Until shortly before her death she and another sister, Miss Ida McCormick, continued to live in their Colorado Avenue home.

An accident some years ago left her a cripple but she was determined she would walk again. She bore this affliction with patience and fortitude and was always ready and willing to do what she could to help in the home. Miss Lucy will be missed by her family and many friends.

Miss Lucy was the aunt of our Clan members, Mr. Clarence William McCormick, present Treasurer; Mr. William McCormick Brooks, Mrs. Charlotte McCormick Pitts, and great-aunt of Mrs. Esther Pitts Prevish; and also aunt of Mrs. Mary Young Brooks Duval, Mrs. Mary Brightwell Stack, and Miss Emma Berry Hoyle.

Funeral services were held at the Church of the Transfiguration with interment in Rock Creek Cemetery.

**MRS. AMELIA ADAMS RHODES**

1879-1955

Mrs. Amelia Adams Rhodes of Baltimore, Md., died on Jan. 19, 1955, at her home. The daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John S. Adams, of Charlotte Hall, Mrs. Rhodes was born and grew up in St. Mary's County, Maryland, leaving when she was married.

She is survived by two brothers and three sisters: Mr. J. Franklin Adams, of Mechanicsville; H. R. Adams, of Baltimore, Mrs. N. P. Barber, of Charlotte Hall; Mrs. J. S. Magill and Mrs. Janie Leverty, of Baltimore.

Mrs. Rhodes was very much interested in the Clan and all that it stands for, and she came to the Gatherings year after year, with her sisters and nieces from Baltimore.

Requiem Mass was celebrated at the Immaculate Conception Church in Mechanicsville, Md., with interment in St. Joseph's Cemetery.

**EDWARD KEACH MAGRUDER**

1881-1954

Edward Keach Magruder, son of Edward Boteler Magruder and Annie May Keach, was born in Baltimore, Md., Oct. 20, 1881. He died at his home in Cumberland, Allegany County, Md., in 1954. On Mar. 29, 1905, he married Miss
MR. HENRIETTA KINGSLEY CUMMINGS BLACK
1871-1954

Edith Johnson of Philadelphia, who survives him. He also leaves two daughters. Mrs. Henrietta Kingsley Cummings Black died at her home in New Orleans, La., Dec. 3, 1954. She was the daughter of Albert Newhall Cummings and Laura Turpin Hutton. She was an early member of the Clan. A Memorial will appear in the 1956 Year Book.

MRS. RICHARD H. MAYNARD
1863-1954

Mrs. Henrietta Maria Clarissa Maynard died at her home in Gambrill, Md., on Dec. 17, 1954. She also was one of the early members of the Clan. A Memorial will appear in the 1956 Year Book.

WILLIAM ERNEST OFFUTT, SR.
188-1955

William Ernest Offutt, Sr., 67, one of Arlington's leading builders and member of the Council of American Clan Gregor Society, died March 10, 1955, at Doctors Hospital, Wash., D. C. after a short illness. He lived at 3454 North Edison Street, Arlington, Virginia.

Mr. Offutt was a descendant of James Offutt, Sr. (1725-1802) and Rebecca Magruder (1725-1810) who was the daughter of Ninian Magruder I and Elizabeth Brewer. Ninian Magruder I was the grandson of Alexander Magruder, Immigrant.

Born in Barnesville, in Upper Montgomery County, Md., Mr. Offutt later lived in Charles County, Md. He moved to Virginia in 1947 and built homes in Arlington and Falls Church.

Mr. Offutt was a graduate of the Washington and Lee University School of Engineering. He was a member of the Alpha Chi Rho Fraternity at W&L. He was surveyor for Charles County and also acted as county aid supervisor. He was a member of the Washington Golf and Country Club.

In addition to his widow, Mary Brady Offutt, he is survived by four daughters, Mrs. Frank P. Hamilton, Mrs. William T. McCormick, Mrs. Paul H. Drury, Mrs. James G. Conroy; two sons, Thomas J. and William E. Offutt, Jr., and 15 grandchildren. He is also survived by four sisters and three brothers.

A requiem mass was offered at St. Agnes Catholic Church, 2000 block of North Randolph Street, Arlington. Burial was in the Monocacy Cemetery at Beallsville, Md.
William Ernest Offutt, Sr.
(1888-1955)
The second son of William Howard Magruder, M.A., LL.D., by his first wife Ann Elizabeth Mitchell, descendant of Capt. George Mitchell of the Continental Army in North Carolina, was born at Richland, Holmes County, Mississippi, August 4th., 1865. He was named for his mother's only brother and received his early education from his father, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1886 from Mississippi Agricultural & Mechanical College. While attending the University of Mississippi he was initiated as a member of Sigma Chi fraternity. In the fall of 1887 he made application for Holy Orders in The Protestant Episcopal Church studying under Rt. Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, Bishop of Miss. and Rev. Dr. Short, Rector of St. Andrew's Church, Jackson, Miss., and at The Virginia Theological Seminary and in the Theological Department of The University of the South at Sewanee, Tennessee. In December 1892 he was ordained Priest in St. Columb's Chapel, Battle Hill, Jackson, Mississippi.

On January 17th. 1894 he married Miss Margaret McKie Mosby of Canton, Miss. and they celebrated their sixty-first wedding anniversary this year.

He served churches in Mississippi at Sardis, Winona, Vaden, Como, Hernando and Aberdeen; in South Carolina at Darlington, Marion and Spartanburg; in Kentucky at Covington. After moving to Maryland in 1914 Dr. Magruder, in most part, took temporary charge of churches in various parts of the country. Among these St. Margaret's, Westminster Parish, Anne Arundel County, Maryland; Pro-Cathedral of The Incarnation, Baltimore; Christ Church, Baltimore; Church of the Ascension, Baltimore; Christ Church Cathedral, Lexington, Kentucky; St. Andrew's Church, Richmond, Virginia; St. Michael's Church, Charleston, South Carolina. During the First World War he was a Civilian Chaplain at Camp Meade, Maryland, and for three months was Chaplain-in-charge of the United States Base Hospital at Camp Meade. On June 21st. 1916 he received "Honoris Causa" the degree of Doctor of Divinity at the hands of the venerable president, Dr. Thomas Fell, of St. John's College in Annapolis.

Among the patriotic societies to which he belonged are: The American Clan Gregor Society, of which he was Chieftain for one term 1927-1930; The Society of The Ark and The Dove of Maryland, of which he was Governor for twenty-one years; The Maryland Society of Colonial Wars, of which he was Chaplain for many years; and The Order of the Society of The Cincinnati.

Dr. Magruder designed and saw to the casting of the bronze tablet placed in St. Paul's Church, Prince George's County, Maryland, in 1930 by The American Clan Gregor Society. Hans Schuler, Sculptor, considered it the handsomest tablet erected by the Society, though the one in the State House at Annapolis may be larger. The two articles he gave to the Clan on our first Magruder ancestor seem distinctive contributions to the archives of the Society because they made available to all members the benefit of his years of study of the history of Maryland and England in relation to the manuscript records of Maryland. So that by collecting
and interpreting these items the Clan knows how this ancestor lived and moved and had his being from the time he arrived in Maryland in 1652 till he died in Maryland in 1676. Dr. Magruder also used Maryland and Virginia manuscript records to show the improbability that Alexander Magruder, the 1st., had a wife Margaret Braithwaite.

He considered the finding of the original will of Alexander Magruder made in February 1676 and probated in March 1676/7 among the unindexed papers brought to the Maryland Hall of Records from Prince George's County the direct result of his efforts to have Governor Ritchie appoint the Maryland Tercentenary Commission so that the state could have an adequate celebration of the 300th. anniversary of its founding.

His funeral was held at St. Anne's Church, Annapolis, by Rt. Rev. Noble C. Powell, Bishop of Maryland, assisted by the Rev. Dr. C. Edward Berger, rector of St. Anne's. The pallbearers were all priests of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Miss Regina Magruder Hill, Historian of The American Clan Gregor Society attended the funeral. He would have been pleased that she came for he always considered each clan member part of his family.

MRS. THOMAS GRAVES BIRCKHEAD
1863-1954
A Tribute by
HELEN EWELL HORD

Annie Lee Clowes, daughter of Amos Kendall Clowes and Helen Palmer Clowes, was born Feb. 27, 1863, in Lexington, Va. Her parents moved to Gordonsville, Va., when she was a little girl. She graduated from the Gordonsville Female Institute at the age of 17.

She married a descendant of Alexander Magruder, the Immigrant, Thomas Graves Birckhead, son of Dr. Edward Francis Birckhead and Cornelia Rachel Magruder Graves, on May 30, 1883, and lived at "Violet Hill", Albemarle County, Virginia. Two sons were born to them: Edward Francis, II, April 27, 1885, and Kendall Palmer, June 25, 1889. At the death of her husband she went to live with her son Kendall at Abingdon, Va., where she died on May 12, 1954. She was brought back to Albemarle County and buried beside her husband in the Birckhead Cemetery at "Morven", near Earlysville.

She was a member of the Buck Mountain Episcopal Church for 70 years. She taught school in Albemarle County for twenty-eight years, and was Educational Textbook Representative in Virginia for three publishing houses at different times (B. F. Johnson Pub. Co., D. C. Heath Co., and the McMillan Co.).

Mrs. Birckhead was one of the first associate members of the American Clan Gregor Society. She made several contributions to the Year Book, among them "MacGregors Daughter", and "Fragments From an Old Virginia Home." She was deeply interested in literature, especially in poetry, writing some herself. Near the end of her life she wrote,
MRS. THOMAS GRAVES BIRCKHEAD
1863 - 1954
OUTWARD BOUND

I know not whence I sailed
Or where the ship will land;
I only know the Pilot
Who is in Command.

Somewhere I shall awaken,
Out of a troubled sleep
Safe in the sheltered haven
Of my Father's keep.

JOHN BOWIE FERN EYHOUGH
1868-1954

By a Friend, Florence Dodge Wood

John Bowie Ferneyhough, affectionately called “Bowie”, was born at “Sligo”, the ancestral home at Fredericksburg, Va., July 28, 1868, a son of George Thrift Ferneyhough and Lavinia Harrison Wood Ferneyhough. He was educated in private schools in Fredericksburg and attended the University of Virginia.

He was a charter member of the Virginia Ornithological Society and was considered an authority on birds. He taught a class in Ornithology at the University of Virginia one summer. With friends, he often went on camping trips through the Blue Ridge Mountains to observe the birdlife.

On June 5, 1901, he was married to Martha Elizabeth Waller of Spotsylvania County at her home, “Edgewood”. Following their marriage they went to Richmond to make their home. In 1925 he built his home, “The Haven”, in Forest Hill, where he lived until his death.

Mr. Ferneyhough was connected with the B. F. Johnson Publishing Company as Production Manager. He remained with the company for many years and traveled throughout the eastern and southern parts of the United States.

He loved books, especially those pertaining to the Southern leaders and to Virginians and old historic homes and gardens. His library was extensive and contained many rare first editions and books autographed by his friends, the authors. Books he prized highly were copies of “R. E. Lee” autographed by the late Doctor Douglas Southall Freeman and “Richmond, Virginia, in Old Prints” autographed by the author, the late Alexander W. Weddell, Ambassador to Spain and to Argentina.

When the Johnson Publishing Company closed its Richmond office, Mr. Ferneyhough became associated with the Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals where he remained until he retired.

Mr. Ferneyhough had been a member of Jappa Lodge #40, A. F. and A. M., since June 1910. For over fifty years, he had been a member of the Second Baptist Church where he served as Deacon and as Treasurer.

He was a charter member of the American Clan Gregor Society and served his Clan as follows:

Member of the Council, 1909-1915; Deputy Scribe, 1916-1919; Scribe, 1920-1927, and Editor, 1927-1946.

Mr. Ferneyhough was a gentleman of the Old South, proud of his noble
ancestry, kind, generous and thoughtful of others. He had a great love for his flowers, trees and shrubs, many of these having been brought from old historic places. His collection of roses was known throughout the city.

Tributes to his noble character have been received from friends far and wide and his death has left a vacancy in the hearts of his friends that can never be filled. He rests beside his "Bess" in Hollywood Cemetery, having passed into the great beyond on Sept. 24, 1954.

Surviving him are four sisters: Eliza Thrift Miller, Merrie Virginia Street, Lavinia Magruder Voorhees, Louise Mason Voorhees, and three brothers: Alfred Bell Ferneyhough, Benjamin Wood Ferneyhough, Dr. Robert Edward Ferneyhough.

Deaths among the relatives of Clan Members

Dr. Hugh I. Battey

Dr. Battey died at his home in Rome, Ga., on Dec. 14, 1954, and was buried in Myrtle Hill Cemetery. Dr. Battey was a brother of our member and former Councilman, George Magruder Battey, III.

Mrs. Charles MacGregor

Mrs. Charles MacGregor, widow of the brother of our deceased member, John Alaster MacGregor, and aunt to many of our members from Stafford, Va., died at her home in Stafford on Aug. 17, 1954.

“Beneath the roots of tangled weeds,
Afar in country graveyards, lie
The men whose unrecorded deeds
Have stamped this nation's destiny.”

“While centuries dawn and die away,
The world still keeps their records vast
And gathers ripened sheaves today
From seeds that fell in ages past.”

Mr. John Edwin Muncaster, Sr., of “The Ridge” passed away on the morning of June 27, 1955. He was a Charter Member, No. 198 and a Life Member of the Clan. He has been an enthusiastic worker for the Clan since its founding in 1909, and served as Treasurer for 23 years, and was a member of the Council at the time of his death. A memorial will be in the next issue of the Year Book.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>Adams</td>
<td>Mr. and Mrs. John Franklin, Mechanicsville, MD</td>
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<td>Allgeyer</td>
<td>Mr. and Mrs. James Ernest, Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>*Ballard</td>
<td>Mrs. Lyttleton N. B., Ilchester, Baltimore, MD</td>
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<td>Barber</td>
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<td>Baugh</td>
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<td>*Brady</td>
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<td>Bubb</td>
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<td>*Cainon</td>
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<td>*Cassell</td>
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<td>*Greenhouse</td>
<td>Mr. and Mrs. Marcus F.H., President of St. Andrew's Society, Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>*Hardesty</td>
<td>Mrs. Agnes Magruder, Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>Kelley</td>
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<td>Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Marshall, Atlanta, GA</td>
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<td>Magruder</td>
<td>Miss Ann Lamar, Atlanta, GA</td>
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Master Douglas Neil, Jr., Indianola, Mississippi
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Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Brooke, Greensboro, N. C.
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Miss Anna Belle, Atlanta, Georgia
Miss Louise Magruder, Atlanta, Georgia
Mrs. Ruth Ashley, Georgetown, Washington, D. C.
Miss Letitia Dunnington, Silver Spring, Maryland
Miss Margaret Salisbury, Silver Spring, Maryland
Col. and Mrs. Willard (guest speaker), Washington, D. C.
Mrs. Grace MacGregor, Washington, D. C.
Miss Elizabeth K., Washington, D. C.
Miss Marie M., Washington, D. C.